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PARIS, MONDAY, MARCH 2, 1987

Baker Begins Hiring France A White House Staff Tightens By David Hoffman

in recent days has consulted fre-

quently about it with Mr. Reagan's

Mr. Reagan's address is being described by aides as a first critical

One of Mr. Reagan's close

friends, former Senator Paul Laxalt of Nevada, predicted Sunday that

the president would abandon his

relaxed management style in favor

of a "hands-on management style"

because of the Tower commission

connection with serious policy mat-ters are over for Ronald Reagan,"

A poll released Saturday by

approved of Mr. Reagan's leader-ship, an all-time low for him. One-

third of those questioned said Mr.

Reagan should consider stepping down, while two-thirds said he.

Mr. Griscom, who also served as

executive director of the National

See BAKER, Page 5

Senate majority leader. Whether

President Reagan can withstand

"The real question now," said a

rest of the story going to lead? In my opinion, the Tower report is not the end of this business. It is just

Already, three months of the

Iran-contra affair have produced a

fundamental shift of power in

shift of power from the president to

Congress," said James R. Schle-

singer, former defense secretary

and director of the Central Intelli-

gence Agency. While the presi-dent is certainly not powerless, I do

not believe he is going to regain control over the national agenda."

Others interviewed before and

after release of the Tower report

agreed with that assessment. They

included present and former high-

ranking officials from both parties,

counselors of past presidents,

members of Congress, key political

They also agreed on other gener-

• That Mr. Reagan's presidency,

severely and perhaps irreparably

"He's blown it; it's passed," said

al points about the present volatile

situation involving the president

operatives and pollsters.

whether Mr. Reagan would be able and on some of the political impli-

ple ask whether he can survive po-

by Howard H. Baker Jr., the former Norman J. Ornstein, a political sci-

"We are witnessing a massive

lesson; he'll respond to it."

should not

A New Question Arises:

WASHINGTON — Early last the storm is uncertain.

Week before the scathing Tower commission report further under mined the Reagan presidency and mined the Reagan presidency and the storm is uncertain.

Thursday's Tower commission report, which documented rise managed, chaotic and possibly illegal White House operations could

before the dramatic announcement gal White House operations, could

of a White House shake-up aimed casily be followed in months to at saving it, the president invited come by other damaging official

he nation's governors to the execu-

of the governors immediately after-Clark M. Clifford, "is where is the

the beginning.

Washington.

Will Reagan Survive?

The days of hands-off policy in

came to light in November.

WASHINGTON - President goald Reagan's new chief of staff,

mickly to bring a fresh team into the White House, according to Republican sources.
The president, meanwhile, said

that he was "wasting no time presive work" following the cotreport of the Tower review board on the Iran-contra affair.

Two longtime associates of Mr. Baker, Thomas C. Griscom, who served as Mr. Baker's press secretary in the Senate, and A.B. Culvahouse, a partner with Mr. Baker in the law furm of Vinson & Elkins, are expected to join him at the White House, the Republican porces said Saturday.

They said Mr. Baker was expected toquickly replace the chief aides of Donald T. Regan, who resigned as chief of staff Friday, the day after the Tower report was made

In internal discussions Saturday, s tentative strategy emerged for President Reagan's planned midweek television speech responding to the report. The address is expected to be relatively short and have a personal tone, acknowledging his error in allowing the secret sale of arms to Iran, from which proceeds Newsweek magazine showed that were diverted to the Nicaraguan only 40 percent of those questioned

An official said that Mr. Reagan would not go so far as to admit flaws in his management style of delegating much authority to subordinates, but that he would concede the gravity of the mistakes

that he made in the Iran affair. This official said Mr. Reagan might acknowledge, as he has not

By Haynes Johnson

"It was a little unreal," said one

NEWS ANALYSIS

ward. "It was very hard to tell

what's really been going on. I left

feeling I wished he was more con-

cerned about what's been happen-

ing. I wished that he wasn't always

smiling and waving. When we saw him in the White House, he was just

very anecdotal. He seemed so un-

concerned. It was like he was living

in the past, like he's still governor

That sense of the past, or of

something historic passing, pervaded Washington over the weekend as

another president bartled to save

Washington and the nation have

been through this political trauma

tions. But seldom has a powerful

presidency been shaken so swiftly

as Ronald Reagan's. Hardly ever

has a presidency been brought to a

crisis state virtually overnight, as

to put the Iran-contra arms scandal

In effect, the Reagan govern-ment has fallen, and a new one will

be assembled in the White House

repeatedly in recent administra-

another battered presidency.

or something. It was ecrie.

uve mansion.

before, that the Iran policy became a trade of arms for hostages. Vice President George Bush made that acknowledgment Friday. Mr. Reagan will emphasize his future course, officials said, and

Life Sentence For Terrorist will note that he has already implemented some recommendations of the report. The address is being Stuns Courtroom written by a former presidential speechwriter, Landon Parvin, who

By Julian Nundy PARIS - More than 3,000 powife, Nancy Reagan, the officials nen were ordered to remain on alert Sunday in Paris after Georges Ibrahim Abdallah was sentenced to life imprisonment for complicity in step toward repairing his credibilthe murders of a U.S. military attaity. His public standing has plumted since the Iran-contra affair chè and an Israeli diplomat.

The verdict Saturday stunned many of the court officials and spectators in the Paris courtroom. The prosecutor, Pierre Baechlin, had requested a sentence of 10 years, citing fears of a renewed bomhing campaign in Paris and the safety of French hostages in Lebanon. At least five Frenchmen are known to be held captive in Leba-

The prosecutor's appeal was believed to have resulted from pres-Mr. Laxalt said on a television interview program. He added: "I think he's learned a very forceful sure by the government of Prime Minister Jacques Chirac, which was concerned that a heavy sentence would result in terrorist repri-

The government ordered army units to assist in tightening security at airports and border crossings. Interior Minister Charles Pasqua, whose office oversees the police, has postponed a trip to Africa. Following the sentencing, Jac-

ques Vergès, Mr. Abdallah's law-yer, said his client would not ap-"France will keep Georges Republican Senatorial Committee, peal. See FRANCE, Page 5

RELATED ARTICLES

Robert Gates is expect-

ed to withdraw as Ronald

Reagan's nominee as

CIA director. Page 4.

Howard H. Baker has

championed Democratic

and Republican presidents

■ The Republican race for

the presidency is scramhled

by Baker's move. Page 3.

The Tower report offers

clues as to how Oliver North

won a key foreign policy role. Page 4.

recruit a decent new team for the

White House and minimize failures

and even achieve some successes,

That Mr. Reagan's hold on po-

That it is oo longer even a

See PRESIDENT, Page 3

en, if not broken.



Secretary of State George P. Shultz and China's foreign minister, Wu Xueqian, drink a toast Sunday in Beijing.

Shultz to Ask Chinese **About Soviet Overtures**

By Daniel Southerland

Washington Post Service
BEIJING — Even as the U.S. secretary of state, George P. Shultz, arrived in Beijing on Sunday, the Soviet Union was reported to be preparing new diplomatic initiatives toward China.

East European sources said the latest concrete sign of a diplomatic overture by Mikhail S. Gorbachev was the recent renewal of an invitatioo to Prime Mioister Zhao Ziyang to visit Moscow. Mr. Zhao also acting leader of China's Communist Party.

Western diplomats said the Chioese had replied that too many problems remained unresoived in Chinese-Soviet relations for Mr. Zhao to visit Moscow at this time. The diplomats said Mr. Shultz had placed Chinese-Soviet rela-

tions high on his list of subjects to discuss with the Chinese when the talks begin Mooday. Mr. Shultz will leave China on Friday. Diplomats said it was highly un-

likely that Mr. Zhao would stop in Moscow, as the Soviet leadership would like, in the course of a trip to five East European countries between June 4 and 22. Mr. Zhao plans instead to stop in Thailand and Pakistan, the diplomats said.

These stopovers will give him a chance to allay concerns that the West might have about China's diplomatic direction as a result of the recent turmoil in China and Mr. Zhao's East European tour.

tough anti-Soviet stance on the is- payments on hank debt. sues that most concern them -

Indochina and Afghanistan. Still, Western diplomats said that the Chinese had been modestly positive" in describing the debtor nations. But he said that no outcome of the two-week Chinese-Soviet border talks that ended in

Moscow on Feb. 23. A Chinese source said. "A certain progress was made." The official Soviet line oo relaentist at the American Enterprise tions with China has been consis-Association research organization. "This is now a quantum leap from the problems he had before. He can

tently optimistic in recent months. The Soviets want to move short-term credits. things forward, and they want in do something to appease the Chinese," an East European source said. "The Chinese are now emphabut he will not be the president he sizing ideology more, and the Soviets feel this creates more common litical events has been badly shak-The source said that the Soviet

leadership appeared to be considering making concessions to the Chinese on the toughest of the issues

nese insist that the Soviet Unioo cut aid to Vietnam as a way of

Cuba, Vietnam, Ethiopia, Angola, South Yemen and some other client states," the East European said. This source said that the Soviet

aim in undertaking oew initiatives toward China was to "move China back into a position closer to the Soviet Union at the expense of its relations with the West, and particularly with the United States."

sources said that such a shift was oot likely to occur in any fundamental way because China still considered the Soviet Unioo to be a greater threat to its security than Western nations and because it The chalantery and

Union

See CHINA, Page 5

dividing the two sides — Vietnam's occupation of Cambodia. The Chi-

forcing an end to the occupation. "The Soviets say they're not able to bear the cost of supporting keep oo its territory.

U.S. Expects

By R. Jeffrey Smith

WASHINGTON — Mikhail S.

Gorbachev's proposal to reach a

separate agreement on medium-range nuclear missiles opens the door to meaningful negotiations

but leaves unresolved some dis-

agreements that could block quick

progress toward a treaty, according

to U.S. officials and arms control

Mr. Gorbachev indicated in his

statement in Moscow on Saturday

that the Soviet proposals for a

speedy deal on medium-range mis-siles would be derived from the

Western diplomats and Chinese

Several of the conservative officials who have recently gained in-fluence in China are believed to favor closer ties with the Soviet

Asian diplomat who has

tentative bargain he struck with President Ronald Reagan last fall at the Reykjavik summit meeting.
That called for dismantling Sovi-Previously, Soviet negotiators insisted that the U.S. missiles had to be deployed somewhere in the 48

Mikhail S. Gorbachev

et SS-20 missiles aimed at Western Europe, as well as U.S. Pershing-2 contiguous states, while the Reagan and ground-launched cruise misadministration wanted the right to siles deployed in Western Europe deploy them in Alaska, although it and aimed at the Soviet Union.

The hargain would have permitted each side to retain up in 100 says it has oo plans to do so. Mosmedium-range missile warheads, which the Soviet Union could de-Western Europe. U.S. officials said other areas of ploy in its Asian region and the

United States would be able to longstanding disagreement in the arms oegotiations were apparently Left unresolved in leeland, hownot addressed in Mr. Gorbachev's ever, were oumerous additional isincluding the timing of the missile reductions in Asia and

Western Europe, the location of and a plan for monitoring suspect- was on the defensive. remaining missiles and measures to verify treaty compliance. U.S. and ed sites of missile production or Soviet occotiators in Geneva have failed to settle these issues. Although Mr. Gorhachev's statement hinted at several potential So-

viet coocessions, one U.S. official the obstacles to an agreement were other country, which the Soviet Union is expected to resist. U.S. experts said the concessions Objections to this provision have also been registered in all five West the Soviet Union was prepared to appeared to involve Mr. Gorba-European countries in which U.S. sign an agreement identical to one chev's acceptance of potential U.S. missiles are deployed, on grounds he and Mr. Reagan tentatively deployment of medium-range misthat such inspections would reveal agreed oo in Reykjavik. siles anywhere within U.S. "national territory" and Soviet agreement

See TREATY, Page 5

Plan Deals With Europe

GENEVA — U.S. and Soviet regotiators will meet Mooday in pecial session to discuss Mikhail S. Gorbachev's announcement that the Soviet Union was willing to sign "without delay" an agreement to eliminate medium-range nuclear nissiles from Europe within five

The Soviet leader's statement Saturday was cautiously welcomed in Washington, where U.S. officials expressed hope that the two sides could move quickly to conclude an

West European leaders generally supported the Gorbachev proposal Mr. Gorbachev's offer, ending Soviet insistence that intermediate nuclear forces be considered part of a comprehensive package, was the first major arms cootrol development since the summit meeting

in Iceland in October. Foreign diplomats said the Sovisays it has on plans to do so. Moscow also previously said its Asian et offer might revive prospects for SS-20s might not be reduced until years after those within range of ing in the United States.

The Soviet offer came two days after an inquiry panel in Washington issued a report critical of President Ronald Reagan and his advisers in the Iran-cootra affair. It was not immediately clear what Mr. These included a plan for reduc-ing the oumber of Soviet missiles holding out the prospect of an arms Gorbachev's motive might be in with ranges shorter than the SS-20 accord at a time when Mr. Reagan

Mr. Gorbachev said his offer was being placed hefore the oegotiators The United States has proposed, at the Geneva arms talks, Spokesfor example, a stiff treaty provision men for both delegations said a enabling each side to conduct a special session would be held Monlimited number of on-site inspec-tions of suspect locations in the scheduled to end Wednesday.

Mr. Gorhachev, who made his offer in a statement issued through the official press agency Tass, said

"The Soviet Unioo suggests that too much about military capabili-ties. Thus, the draft U.S. treaty to be introduced in Geneva this week siles in Europe be singled out from

Brazil Minister Continues Mission on Debt

LONDON - Brazil's finance According to some observers, minister, Dilsoo Funaro, arrived in Mr. Zhao is likely to give the Thais London on Sunday to continue his and Pakistanis strong assurances mission of explaining why his that China is oot modifying its country has suspended interest

Mr. Funaro arrived from Washiogtoo, where he called for "streamlined financial machinery" to ensure long-term capital flows to new financial arrangement had been worked out in talks with U.S.

officials. On Feb. 20, Brazil suspended interest payments on \$68 hillion of its \$109 billion foreign debt. A few days later, it changed the repayment methods on \$15 billion of

We had to do what we did because the mechanism of finance is not running well," Mr. Funaro said in London, where he was to meet the chancellor of the exchequer, Nigel Lawson, and officials of the Bank of England on Monday before traveling on in France, West Germany, Switzerland and Italy.

Mr. Funaro's tour of foreign capitals can properly be described



said he "would be surprised if all of

that the number of SS-20 missiles

in the Asian region would be re-

duced "within the same period" as

SS-20s aimed at Western Europe.

to disappear."

Dilson Funaro

as a mission. It comes as a oumber of Third World debtors, including the Philippines, Argentina, Venezuela and Mexico, are resuming or concluding talks aimed at restructuring their massive foreign debts.

days, is that Brazil was forced to he said in an interview in Washingsuspend interest payments on most ton. of its foreign debt not because of He hlames those "faulty mecha- from the other side.

nisms" for the repeated oeed by other Third World debtors to "tem-mechanisms improve, if they beporarily" restructure their debts to come more flexible, and if nations foreign banks, and he resists this solution for Brazil. Instead, he is trying to negotiate

more fundamental changes in the pen." international monetary system with the United States and other industrial powers before sitting down with the country's commercial creditors.

After the talks in Washington, during which he met with the Federal Reserve Board chairman, Paul

A. Volcker, and the Treasury secretary, James A. Baker 3d, Mr. Funaro said that Brazil would not have suspended interest payments if it had received more and faster financing from official lending agencies, such as the World Bank. "It's a question of why the offi-

His message, which he will re-peat over and over in the next few a little hit more quickly and easily."

Pressed on how long the paydomestic policies but because of ment suspension would last, he faulty "international financing said: "It all depends on what kind of financing we are going to receive

He added: "Only if the financial like ours do not have to wait six mooths for their refioancing, would this sort of thing not hap-

He said Brazil had paid \$44 bilhon to the World Bank and other lending agencies and commercial hanks in the past four years, and had received only \$11 hillion in loans.

"Something is wrong with the system," he said. "Some mechanism has in be found to finance a

country like Brazil." He did not specify what steps he had in mind but indicated he would like to see "automatic" official lending when oeeded so that Brazil

See BRAZIL, Page 5

LATE NEWS

Ski Lift Fails, Kills 6 in France

LUZ-ARDIDEN, France (UPI) - A ski-lift accident at a resort in the Pyrenees killed six persons Sunday and injured more than 70, police said.

Police said the cable of the main chair lift at Luz-Ardiden came loose from its pulley, spilling skiers from the chairs to the ground. Some landed oo snow and others hit rocks. They said all 50 chairs of the

lift, which can carry up to 200 people, crashed to the ground. Some fell from as high as 60 feet (20 meters).

New Libyan Official Agence France-Presse

PARIS - Lihya's General People's Congress, or legislature, appointed a oew govern-ment Sunday headed by Umar el-Montasir as congress secretary, the Lihvan press agency



Yitzhak Shamir said Sunday that a dispute over a peace conference threatened Israel's gov-

INSIDE TODAY

GENERAL NEWS Reforms in the Soviet Union have spawned a corps of "newly discontented." BUSINESS/FINANCE

ernment. Page 2.

India's economy has achieved solid growth, but problems are

Wanted to Swap: My Rabbi for 6 of Yours Among Boys in Israel, the Trade in Photos of Holy Men Is Brisk, Competitive

By Francis X. Clines New York Times Service

JERUSALEM — The boys from the yeshiva come to Shmiel Shnitzer's store after a long day of delving into the sacred writings with the sort of keenness American boys devote to memorizing baseball batting averages.

They may be tired, but they are hardly done with the line points of the rabbis. For the boys have come to pay out 1.5 shekels, a dollar each, for the latest pictures of their holy men. These are the "rehbe cards," pictures of rab-

his that are collected and swapped in the Geula quarter, the Orthodox neighborhood where a boy's life is pointed toward holy scholarship but with room enough to make his own fun. A picture of Ray Schach, the holy man identified with the legendary Hazon Ish, might swing a deal for a handful of lesser-sought rabbis. These smile gently from their cards, much like the strong-glove, weak-bat shortstops

who are the package-deal tender of American boys addicted to card collecting. Baseball cards are worthless among the young men of the Geula quarter. But one collector tolerates a visitor's description of the fector roterates a visite observation that American habit, even to the observation that American habit, even to the observation that rebbe" sounds reassuringly like "ribbie," shops here, with enterprising photographers

No one gets, or wants, the joke at Shmiel Shnitzer's. And Yoel Friedman, who has been collecting the rebbes in boxes for seven of his 19 years, says that when you talk of collecting cards in Brocklyn, you should only talk of "Yarmish, the king, who has 10,000 rehbe cards in his home in Flatbush."

Yoel knows of him from his friend, Zevi Weinbaum from Brooklyn, a trans-Atlantic collector. "Zevi sells them io Borough Park." says Yoel. "He's a master collector and we swap, but he's no Yarmish."

The rebbe cards come without the slah of heady pink buhhle gum that binds card collecting and innocence inextricably in the memories

"These are very great rabbis, role models for the boys," said Sholom Gould, working behind the counter at Shmiel Shnitzer's, himself a collector of football cards in another time, another life, "Jewish education is based on following holy leaders, and so you have that, plus the fun of collecting something."

The water way be in a second way be

which is the way RB1 - run batted in - is such as Mr. Shnitzer darting far and near when pronounced by some of the haseball card collectors back in Brooklyn.

Status and they hear of a big shindig to be presided over by a major rabbi. Many of the rabbis smile for their rebbe card, some are snapped more candidly and others shun the photographers alto-

The Toldot Aharon is famous among the boys for rarely having been photographed, and Mr. Shnitzer says he has respectfully turned away from snapping the holy man in what would be the classic rebbe card. A big seller lately was the Lubavitcher Rebbe of Brooklyn, but too many copies were sold and the trading value has been deflated - with no slight intended, it is pointed out, to the great man

Abraham Gutfarb, 11, enters the shop. He is a short, saucer-eyed scholar who sports a crew cut and ear locks with boyish panache. The Lelover Rebbe recently died, he ootes gravely, and for him the Lelover Rebbe card is the only one he wants. He studied at the rebbe's court and the sage died before the boy could learn

Abraham says be feels he is at an age when he can afford to become more serious, put aside the toys of childhood and give up swapping.

"But this one I will keep," he says, holding



Abraham Gutfarb with treasured portrait of Rabbi Lelover.

By Patrick E. Tyler
Washington Past Service
BEIRUT — The Syrian occupation of this shattered city's western sector has achieved an important initial goal of breaking up some of the most violent militia battles in years, but Syria faces formidable challenges to its policing action, according to Western and Arab of-

The obstacles to Syrian efforts were demonstrated late Saturday when a brief firefight erupted between Palestinian guerrillas and Shiite militiamen surrounding one of the large Palestinian refugee camps south of the city.

The Syrian commanders were confronted with a prickly choice: either to attack their Shiite allies or to attack the Palestinians and risk angering Arabs who support the Palestinian cause. But the battle died out and the Syrians were spared the difficult decision.

If the obstacles facing the Syrians are great, analysts argue that their mutivations may also be

After a year of embarrassing disclosures about Syria's involvement in terrorism and affronts to its authority in Lebanon, President Hafez al-Assad of Syria hopes to use his policeman's role in Beirut to rehabilitate his image and buttress Syria as a regional power broker, diplomatic observers suggest.

A Western diplomat here said that Mr. Assad's forces were trying to find and liberate some of the foreign hostages being held by extremist groups in Lebanon.

The diplomat argued that such an accomplishment would allow Mr. Assad to claim vindication from judgments imposed by Western nations, including Britain and the United States, that Syrian officials have been behind terrorist

ficials have been publicly cautious about the Syrian effort in Beirut, they have said privately that they see pragmatic advantages to the arrival of an estimated 7,000 to 10,000 troops. Mr. Assad "will use much more

Although Arab and Western of-

ruthless methods than the Israelis or the Americans could ever get away with," said a Western diplo-

However, Syria was unable to end the civil war when it first intervened in Beirut in 1976 at the request of the Arab League. At that time it sought to protect the Christians from defeat by the Moslem and Palestinian forces.

Swedes to Seek

Ban on Trade

With Pretoria

STOCKHOLM - Sweden's

leaders plan to propose this week a

ban on trade with South Africa tn

contribute toward the prophecy of

Mr. Palme's successors marked

the first anniversary of his murder

nn Saturday with pledges to carry

on his fight against violence and

injustice all over the world. In par-

ticular, they promised action to in-

Party was to debate sanctions on

Monday. The government will out-

line the results on Tuesday to the

Foreign Affairs Council, the po-

licy-making body that is chaired by

King Carl XVI Gustav. The council

includes opposition representa-

On Sunday, Foreign Minister

Sten Andersson quoted Mr. Palme

as saying in his last speech that apartheid was an "affront to hu-

Minister Ingvar Carlsson, had until now resisted the political pressure

for sanctions, saying Sweden would adopt a unilateral decision only af-

ter all efforts to get the United

Sweden stands to suffer econom-

ically from an embargo on trade.

The Swedish special steels industry

is dependent on imports of South

manganese and ferromanganese.

Estimates of how many Swedes

would loose their jnbs because of

an embargo on trade vary from

The areas that stand to suffer

oons where the unemployment rate

is already well above the national

average of 2.1 percent, making this a politically-difficult measure for

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1,000 to 5,000.

the government.

would contribute to this.

crease South Africa's isolation.

"trash can of history."

Moslem Chiefs Agree to Syrian Peace Proposal

DAMASCUS - Lebanese Moslem leaders said that they agreed Sunday to a new Syrianarranged plan to end the 11vear civil war in Lebanna.

Political sources said the agreement resembled a December 1985 peace accord signed by Christian and Moslem militia representatives. The plan failed cause of opposition from President Amin Gemayel and other Christian leaders.

"We wish further discussions between Syrians and Lebanese to be in the light of this agreement, which will lead us out of our impasse," said Rashid Karami, the Lebanese prime minis-

Syria was host of the talks in an attempt to build on its successful intervention in West Beirut. At the meeting were top Syrian officials and Lebanese aders, including Walid Jumblat, the Druze leader, and Nahih Berri, head of the Shiite Amal militia.

It was not clear if Mr. Gemayel had approved the plan, but the sources said some constitutional concessions proposed by Mr. Gemayel had been taken inm account.

Analysts note that the Syrian intervention may give Mr. Assad long time," said a Western military more opportunity to quash the return to influence of the Palestine Liberatinn Organization, under fore them. People are going to

In addition to the dangers of direct involvement in the Shiite-Palestinian conflict, Syria is challenged by guerrilla fighters under the control of the Iranian-aligned, fundamentalist Hezbollah.

The Christian militias that control East Beirut and the Christian heartland oorth and east of the city

pose another potential threat. Tafiq Hindi, a Christian militia spokesman, reflected the antipathy toward Syria of hard-line Christians, saying, "They have always wanted to swallow Lebanon."

ter placed to avoid or absorb the kinds of losses that the United States suffered when 241 servicemen were killed in a truck bomb attack on Marine headquarters in

Western analysis await Syria's strategy for dealing with the most pressing threats to its interests here.

Chief among them, according to a number of Western and Lebanese officials, is Mr. Assad's desire to check the growing military pres-ence of forces loyal to Mr. Arafat.

Mr. Arafat, whose political and military structure within Lebanon was crushed by the 1982 Israeli force in the refugae camps south of Beirut. The most recent fighting among Lebanese groups has been linked partly to concern that the PLO may again try to use Lebanon as a base from which to attack

During months of warfare, Mr. Assad had been attacking the PLO military structure through the militia forces of the Shiite Amal movement. The Amal leadership is strongly opposed to a PLO presence, which it hlames for having triggered the 1982 Israeli invasion.

But Amal's war against the PLO suddenly stirred opposition earlier this month from Druze militia forces under Walid Jumblat. The Druze militiamen, fullowing major tank and artillery fights in West Beirut last month, were allowed to withdraw unmolested to their mountain strongholds.

Nominally, all of the competing roups - Druze, Amai and Hezcollah - are cooperating with the Syrian occupation.

"But if the Syrians stay here for a same problem that others had beasser Arafat. The PLO has re-snipe at them, people are going to cently been confronted by Syria's line car bombs up on them and they closest Lebanese ally, the Amal militia. in the car bombs up on them and they are going to be caught up in urban guerrilla warfare."

Rival Militiamen Clash Rival Amal militiamen fought

artillery and rocket battles in southern Lebanon on Sunday, killing at least seven persons in the first such outhreak among the Shi-ite gunmen, United Press Internationl reported from Beirut.

Police in Sidon, 24 miles (38 kilometers) south of Beirut, said fighting raged between followers of





A marcher in a Stockholm rally of 10,000 carries a photo of Olof Palme with the message "Palme is in our hearts."

Dispute Over Peace Talks Threatens Israeli Cabinet

A Syrian soldier tore off a poster of Imam Musa Sadr, a

its crackdown on militiamen in Beirut over the weekend.

missing Shiite Moslem spiritual leader, as Syria continued

JERUSALEM - Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Sunday night after a stormy cabinet session that Foreign Minister Shimon Per-Middle East peace conference was endangering the coalition govern-

He is undermining the foundations of the national unity government," Mr. Shamir said on state

Energy Minister Moshe Shahal said that, for the first time, the end the government was raised by the prime minister at the weekly cabinet meeting.

Mr. Shamir, leader of the rightist Likud bloc, opposes an internaa forum in talks last week with Reuters reported from Amman.

President Hosni Muharak of Diplomats said any substants

government agreed to follow a in West Germany on Thursday. common policy.

"There are government guidelioes oo policy," the minister quoted Mr. Shamir as saying. "Hther we act according to agreed guidelines or we part company. Mr. Shahal, a close associate to Mr. Peres in the Labor Party, said,

"Nothing was solved today." He added: "For the near future the government will continue." A cabinet communiqué said that there was "an exchange of opin-ions" on peace moves. Mr. Shahal

described the meeting as stormy. Mr. Peres views an international forum as a way to draw Jurdan into direct Israeli-Arab peace talks. Mr. Shamir says that an international

conference will try to isolate Israel and impose a peace solution on the In a trip to Cairo last week, Mr. Peres and his Egyptian counter-part, Esmat Abdel Meguid, issued a joint statement calling for "the convening in 1987 of an interna-

Mr. Peres said after the cabinet session that he would continue his peace efforts, despite differences in

tional conference leading to direct

the government. Since switching posts with Mr. Shamir in October under a power-sharing agreement, Mr. Peres has been under pressure from some Labor politicians to hreak up the coalition and seek elections rather

than let Mr. Shamir serve out his 25-month term.

Political analysts say it is unlikely that an international conference will convene soon and that Mr. es's support for an international Peres could face a backlash from voters if he appeared to be bringing down the government for party reasons rather than for substantive

> Unless an international conference comes close to being a reality, Likud and Labor could simply agree to disagree over the issue,

■ Jordan Remains Silent

Jordan maintained formal silence Sunday on the Egyptian-Israeli call for a peace conference, tional forum on the Israeli-Arab but initial press reaction was critidispute. Mr. Peres supported such cal of "pre-conditions" put forth,

Diplomats said any substantive ufficial comment on the subject Mr. Shamir was quoted by anwas unlikely while King Hussein other minister as saying that the was out of Jordan. He is on a pricoalition could break up unless the vate visit to Austria and is expected

Promised Land Has Milk, but Is Short on Honey

JERUSALEM - Israel described in the Bible as a "land flowing with milk and honey," is running ont of honey.

Review

The Jerusalem Post on Sunday quoted Rafael Agmon, secretary-general of the Bee Keepers' Association, as saying the Promised Land was having to import honey for the first time.
Mr. Agmon blamed the situa-

tion on parasites that arrived two years ago from the Far East, which, he said, had damaged hives and decimated Israel's bee population. In addition, a drought last

year caused fewer flowers to bloom, giving the bees less polica to work with. In the Bible, God, referring

to the children of Israel, tells Moses: "And I am come down to deliver them out of the hand of the Egyptians, and to bring them up out of that land unto a good land and a large, unto a land flowing with milk and honey.'

United Press International

LONDON - The Observer

America knows it," Mr. Khan

Manila Offers Rebels Cash, **Amnesty and Job Training**

By Keith B. Richburg Washington Post Service

MANILA - President Corazon C. Aquino has formally offered amnesty, cash and job training to insurgents who surrender with their weapons within six months. Mrs. Aquino said Saturday that

national rehabilitation and development centers were being set up in most of the nation's provinces to accept the rebels who returned. "We hope by these measures to remite families, bind up the bro-

ken-hearted, and heal the wounds of our nation," she said.

Mrs. Aquino's latest effort to extinguish the 18-year Communist rebellion comes at a time when the

Communists concede they are politically off balance in their confrontation with the government However, it seemed certain to revive criticism and restiveness in the military, especially because 400 soldiers who took part in a short-lived mutiny in January are facing courts-martial [A founder and former com-

nder in chief of the Communist manter in emer of the Comminst New People's Army dismissed Mrs. Aquino's proposals as a "bribe" and predicted Sunday that the re-bels would keep fighting. United Press International reported from

["I think the attitude of the National Democratic Front toward this kind of amnesty will be a cold shoulder or they will not pay atten-tion to it," said Bernabe Buscayno, who is also known as Commander

["These are hribes, buying of guns and rehabilitation," he said.] Mrs. Aguing announced the amoesty on Saturday in a brief state-ment at the presidential palace and taped her message for broadcast

later on television. The program is expected to cost about \$50 million.

A government spokesman de clined to say how many of the estimated 24,000 guerrillas are expected to come down from the hills. It was reported earlier that an official who had helped to formulate the amnesty plan predicted that as many as 6,000 guernillas might re-

Mrs. Aquino had been expected to announce the amnesty during her speech Wednesday on the anniversary of the downfall of former President Ferdinand E. Marcos. At the last minote, though, she scrapped about half of her prepared text and instead addressed her remarks to the military and the need for soldiers to uphold civilian

In part, her aides were concerned that aunouncement of the amnesty on the anniversary might sharpen complaints from the soldiers that Communist rebels were having tary men charged with humanrights abuses or involved in the January uprising faced severe pun-

Criticism of the amnesty for the Communists will likely increase if courts-martial proceed for the soldiers who took over a suburban television station Jan. 27-29 and who allegedly plotted to take over key military camps in an attempt to overthrow Mrs. Aguino's govern-

the takeover of the station was an

Defense Secretary Rafael M. Ileto has ruled out amnesty for the soldiers involved.

Mrs. Aquino's amnesty does, however, appear in answer the criticism of some military officials, particularly the armed forces chief of staff, General Fidel V. Ramos, that the government lacked a comprehensive program for dealing with the Communist insurgency.

partly contingent upon Pakistan's not possessing a nuclear bomh.

Egyptian Zealots

CAIRO - Moslem extremists

a mosque and rumors circulated

that Christians had harassed Mos-

day. As many as 69 extremists were

The newspapers Al-Ahram and Al-Akihar said a short circuit had

the blaze had set fire to the St.

At Beni Sweif, 80 miles (130 kilo-

meters) south of Cairo, extremists

burned a church and two Christian-

owned businesses after rumors circu-

arrested, the reports said.

His Nation Has the Bomb

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Thais Shut Cambodian Refugee Camp KHAO I DANG, Thailand (UPI) — Thailand began emptying its last UN camp for Cambodian refugers on Sunday, moving about 200

refugees to the Thai-Cambodian border. ... Officials said the refugees, the first of 26,000 to be removed from the Khao i Dang camp, were taken to border encampments controlled by a Cambodian resistance group. About 250,000 refugees there are waiting to return to Cambodia,

Many of the refugees wept and protested as armed That Army rangers shouted and put them onto four trucks. UN refusee officials assured the refugees, however, that they were not being sent to Cambodia but to camps in Thai territory.

Israel Promotes Officer in Spy Case

JERUSALEM (AFP) — One of two Israeli officers who controlled Jonathan Jay Pollard, the U.S. naval intelligence analyst who is on trial in the United States for spying for Israel, has been promoted, Israeli radio

The promotion of Colonel Aviam Sella to a senior position in the Israeli Air Force had been delayed because of U.S. pressure, the radio said. The United States had wanted the Israeli officer to give evidence at the Pollard trial. An Israeli Army spokesman said he could not give details of the new "confidential" role of Colonel Selia.

The spying affair strained U.S.-Israel relations. Mr. Pollard, 32, is said by the prosecution to have supplied Israel with about 1,000 secret documents. He is due to be sentenced Wednesday.

Basque Coalition Leader Is Sworn In

GUERNICA, Spain (Reuters) — José Antonio Ardanza was sworn in Sunday as head of the semiantonomous Basque government. He promised that he would work to bring stability to the region.

Until last fall, Mr. Ardanza's Basque Nationalist Party had governed alone. But a split in the party forced him to call an election and form a coalition with the Socialists, who control the central government in Madrid. Talks on forging the coalition were hampered by demands from the Nationalist Party and other groups for more autonomy.

Irish Sweepstakes Is Forced to Close As Dublin Starts Up Its Own Lottery

DUBLIN (UPI) - Luck has run out for a lottery that made dreams come true for thousands for more than 50 years - the Irish Hospital

The sweepstakes' organizers closed their operation over the weekend after the government refused to renew their liceuse. The government is starting its own lottery and says there is not enough room for two. It rejected a plea by the sweepstakes' organizers to operate the new lottery for the state.

The Irish Hospital Sweepstakes was once the world's bigges lottery. At the height of its popularity, "The Sweep" sold more tickets in the United States and Canada than it did in Ireland.

The sweepstakes was started in 1930 by a committee from six Dublin hospitals to raise money for hospital funds. Over the years, if raised 130 million Irish pounds (\$195 million) for hospital building

work and equipment. It has been in decline for several years, mainly because of competition from newer lotteries in North America and Europe.

U.S. Discloses '60s Atom Experiments

WASHINGTON (NYT) — The United States conducted secret nuclear experiments approved by the Eisenhower administration while the United States and the Soviet Union had a moratorium on testing, according to a newly published report.

The report, by the Los Alamos National Laboratory, said the experiments were intended to improve effect deniet for analysis of the experiments were intended to improve effect deniet for analysis of the experiments were intended to improve effect deniet for analysis.

ments were intended to improve safety devices for nuclear weapons in the U.S. stockpile. The experiments involved underground explosions of a combination of high explosives and a small amount of enriched prantum or plutonium. The report said the releases of nuclear energy were so small that President Dwight D. Eisenhower ruled that the experiments should not be considered inclear weapon tests as defined in the moratorium, which was declared in 1958 and lasted until 1961.

The report said that 35 experiments were carried out at Los Alambs and a smaller number were done in the Nevada Test Site. They began in January 1960 and ended when full-scale ouclear tests resumed in 1961.

their crimes pardoned with a mili- Both Sides Claim Victory in Gulf Battle

BAHRAIN (Renters) - A major battle was fought Sunday between Iraqi and Iranian forces near the strategic southern Iraqi city of Basra, three days after Tehran said it was ending its offensive in the area. Both des claimed victory.

An Iranian statement issued in Tehran said the battle began when Iradi troops advanced on Iranian positions late Saturday east of Basra, Iraq's second-largest city. The Iranian statement said 1,500 Iraqis were killed or wounded in the fighting.

Baghdad said the battle started when three divisions of Iranian Revolutionary Guards charged Iraqi positions. Iraq said thousands of Iranian troops were killed or wounded.

Those involved now claim that Moscow Sends Dissident to a Clinic

MOSCOW (NYT) — A former Soviet sirline navigator whose nine-year battle to leave the Soviet Union received widespread attention in the West was seized by plainclothesmen on Saturday and sent to a Moscow chinic, according to the man's daughter.

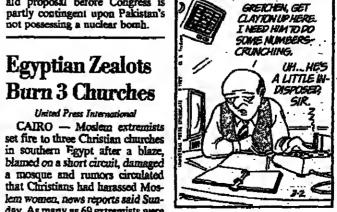
The former navigator, Serafim Yevsyukov, 54, had been released a month ago from a psychiatric clinic where he was confined for publicly protesting official denials of an exit visa for his family and for his son's

imprisonment in a labor camp. His daughter, Lyudmila, said she was demonstrating Saturday night in Pushkin Square in central Moscow with her father and mother, when they were surrounded by plainclothesmen. She said the plainclothesmen knocked them to the ground and then took them to a nearby police, station. Mr. Yevsyukov was then sent to the psychiatric hospital after questioning by doctors, his daughter said.

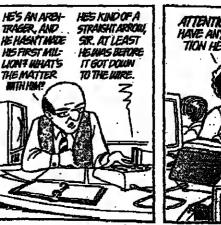
For the Record

A bush fire spread through the northern corner of Nairobi's National Park on Saturday, sending wildlife fleeing for safety as thick smoke spread over the southwestern suburbs of the Kenyan capital. (Renters) Christos Roussos, a convicted homosexual killer serving a life term in rison, was ordered back to prison from a hospital in Athens on Friday gering device for a nuclear weapon after a monthlong recovery after a 75-day hunger strike.

DOONESBURY











man dignity that is doomed to end up in the trash can of history." Mr. Andersson promised that Sweden Botha's Party Suffers Mr. Palme was shot to death while walking home with his wife in central Stockholm. His assassin has The liberal party members are Mr. Palme's successor, Prime

IOHANNESBURG — South running as independent candidates Africa's ruling Natinnal Party was in the whites-only general election. dealt a new blow on Saturday with The government is expected to face the announcement of more defec- its stiffest contest in four decades. tinns by leading party members. The party members announced their support of others planning to rica's ambassador to Britain to pro-

run as independents in parliam

tary elections on May 6. Two professors in the university town of Stellenbosch, Julius Jeppe and Willie Rautenbach, joined at least seven other leading academics Ester Largan, who announced her who have broken away recently candidacy in the Stellenbosch confrom President Pieter W. Botha's stituency.

The National Party has ruled most are Social Democratic bas- South Africa since 1948.

Except for Mr. Botha, every South African leader since 1910 has been educated at Stelleobosch. which was once considered the cradle of Afrikaner heritage.

> ■ IBM Completes Pullout UNIVERSITY

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DEGREE SACHELOR'S . MASTER'S . DOCTORATI

International Business Machines Corp. completed its pullout from South Africa on Sunday by handing over its sales octwork to a locally owned trust, a senior IBM executive said, United Press loternational reported from Johan-

The candidates include Denis

Worrall, who resigned as South Af-

test the pace of change by his gov-

ernment, and Wynand Malan, a

member of Parliament who left the

National Party for similar reasons.

They were joined on Saturday by

The white opposition Progres-

sive Federal Party and its alliance

partner, the New Republic Party,

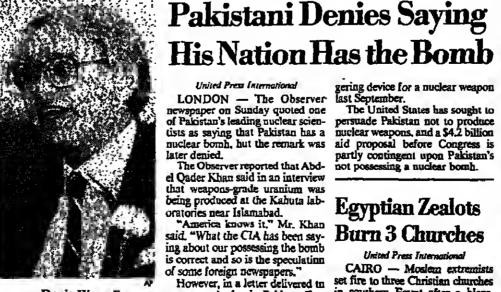
also are backing the independent

than 60 percent of student voters

would now back an independent

Early polls indicated that more

nesburg IBM, based in Armonk, New York, is among dozens of U.S. and European companies that have announced plans to withdraw from South Africa to protest the policy of racial segregation known as



Bangladesh Arrests **Bank Defaulters**

DHAKA, Bangladesh — The world into believing that Pakistan started a fire Friday at the al-Kotby obice said Sunday they had arrest distribution industrialists and issued "As I have so often publicly statment warrants against 50 others ed." he continued in the letter, "Painted as a sunt carrott the said into believing that Pakistan into started a fire Friday at the al-Kotby mosque in Sunag 300 miles (480 kilometers) south of Cairo, and extremists, believing Christians had started police said Sunday they had arrested four industrialists and issued arrest warrants against 50 others oi," he continued in the letter, "Pafor failure to repay overdue bank kistan's enrichment research is loans. No cames were given. solely aimed at the development of

arrested were put under six-month power reactors. The government of pretrial detention. They said they owed a total of nearly 50.7 million taka (about \$1.65 million), to Bangladesh Shilpa (Industrial) Bank President Hussain Mohammed

Ershad has said defaulters are crip-

pling the industrial sector.

said. "What the CIA has been say- Burn 3 Churches ing about our possessing the bomb is correct and so is the speculation of some foreign newspapers."
However, in a letter delivered to Denis Worrall news agencies by the Pakistan Embassy in Washington, Mr. Khan denied making the statement. Mr. Khan said the Observer was "publishing an article in which it is lem women, news reports said Sun-

attributing to me false and concoct-"Some of my remarks have been taken out of context to mislead the

Metropolitan police said the four fuel-grade uranium for our future an evangelical church. Pakistan has made it abundantly clear that it has oo desire to produce nuclear weapons."

Last year, there were reports in lated that Christians had sprayed Washington that Pakistan had suc- Mosken women with a liquid that ceeded in enriching uranium to printed the image of the cross on their 93.5 percent and had tested a trig-

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By E.J. Dionne Jr.

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — For the secand time in less than two weeks, the 1988 presidential race has been scrambled by the withdrawal of a potential candidate with significant standing in the opinion polis and substantial support among party

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Like the withdrawal of Governor Mario M. Cuomo of New York from the Democratic contest the week before last, Howard H. Baker Jr.'s decision Friday to drop any presidential campaigning now and become President Ronald Reagan's chief of staff is likely to clarify the field and lead to an intense competition for newly uncommitted sup-

Mr. Baker appeared to have considerable potential as a Republican candidate, but he has been third in most polls of public support.
The latest New York Times-CBS

News Poll, conducted Jan. 18-21. gave him 9 percent of 459 probable voters in Republican primaries, behind Vice President George Bush's 36 percent and Senator Bob Dole's percent. The telephone survey had a margin of sampling error of plus or minus five percentage

Like Howard H. Baker Jr., and unlike George Bush, Senator Bob Dole is free of direct ties to the Reagan administration and its Iran-contra affair.



Bob Dole

Kansan who is Republican leader in the Senate.

Like Mr. Baker, his predecessor as party leader, Mr. Dole enjoys the espect of his senatorial and politi-

porters, party leaders believe the immediate beneficiary of his withdrawal is likely to be Mr. Dole, the Baker, and unlike Mr. Bush, Mr. Dole is free of direct ties to the Reagan administration and its Iran-contra affair.

David Keene, a consultant to Although Mr. Bush is certain to cal colleagues. Like Mr. Baker, Mr. while Baker supporters as a group inherit some of Mr. Baker's supDole has developed a moderate imwere slightly more moderate than

Now, in one of those curious in fact a swap. fact and in the public mind that he break with his old ones. needs the revival of the administrato bring about.

Some Republicans suggested hearts of the Republican faithful that if Mr. Baker brought about will have little to do with Iran. such a turnaround and if Republican primaries produced no clear victor, Mr. Baker himself could emerge as compromise candidate.

But for the moment it is Mr. Bush who badly needs a turn for the better in the Reagan presidency. The vice president says he "What is important to me," he

said Friday, campaigning in New Hampshire, "is the success of this administration, because I am linked to that."

Mr. Busb said the nation that he ould somehow "distance" himself adviser, who asked not to be om Mr. Reagan was absurd.

Thus, the vice president wants Republican president in 1988." could somehow "distance" himself from Mr. Reagan was absurd.

Dole supporters, he expected Mr. very much to change the subject Dole to win a large share of the Baker camp. very much to change the subject from Iran to other issues. Mr. Bush, who has repeatedly insisted that "The important thing," Mr. the administration's deal with Iran Keene said, "is that the guys who support Baker, Dole and all the others have made a decision not to support Bush."

was not a swap of arms for hostages, reversed field Friday in accepting the conclusions of a special presidential board that the deal was

twists of politics, Mr. Bush's for-tunes may rest largely on those of the board's report, and he refused Mr. Baker. The vice president is so to answer questions about whether closely tied to the administration in his new statement represented a

"I want an end to this stuff," he tion that Mr. Baker has been hired said. "I don't want to get into it." For Mr. Bush, the contest for the

> "People want business to go on," he said Friday night. "You just don't get all the questions on Iran around the country."

The idea of moving on to other business brought the most hearty responses Friday when he spoke to two largely Republican audiences in Massachusetts and in New

One of Mr. Bush's top aides

made another point. "If being tied to Ronald Reagan burts someone trying to get the Republican nomination," said the

By David B. Ottaway

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — The Tower

ACC, NO. 65081 DATE 6 111 1987 The important

thing is that the guys who support Baker, Dole and all the others have made a decision not

to support Bush.

David Keane, a Dole campaign adviser



George Bush

Both Mr. Bush's supporters and his adversaries agree that the Iran affair bothers independents and Democrats far more than it bothers Republicans and is therefore much more likely to affect the general election than the Republican pri-

Mr. Doie's backers contend that

In Tower Report, a Headache for Saudis

ble the administration into 1988. Mr. Dole may be the one candidate who could save the party. Mr. among both Republicans and Democrats, has been able to balance his support for Mr. Reagan with enough declarations of independence to keep himself free of Jack F. Kemp, the New Yorker who is trying to consolidate the Republican Party's right wing, insist that it will be difficult for Mr. Dole to continue this feat. Mr. Kemp is the candidate least

likely among the leading contenders to be affected by the Iran affair, if only because he is neither part of the administration, like Mr. Bush, nor a major congressional leader, like Minority Leader Dole.

With low standing in the national opinion polls, he has recently changed his emphasis away from economics and tax cuts and toward a tough anti-Communist approach to foreign policy.

Roger Stone, a leading organizer of the Kemp campaign, contends that anti-communism is one of the most important "bottom lines" for the Republican right and that Mr. Kemp will try to put his trademark where he thinks Mr. Reagan left

close friend of Mr. Reagan, is also considering a race, but Mr. Keene and other Republicans doubt that be will be able to generate much

AMERICAN TOPICS

Marching on Racism: Does It Still Work?

Recent U.S. racial confrontations, The New York Times reports, raise the question of whether the methods that defeated institutional racism in the 1950s, and 1960s can prevail against the more subtle racism of

After a gang of white youths in New York City attacked three young black men, one of whom was killed as he ran across a highway, and after black-white clashes in rural Forsyth County, Georgia, protest marches quickly followed. But their value is debated by veterans of earlier civil rights marches.

The chief barriers to racial justice today," says Kenneth B. Clark, the sociologist and psychologist, "are more subtle and much less conducive to media coverage." He says unemployment, deteriorating urban ghettos, schools that resist desegregation, and the handicaps of single-parent black families "do not elicit the same" moral indignation" as did the earlier issues of equal protection under the law and equal access to bousing, public accommodations, schools, the workplace and the

Then, the targets were Congress, the courts and the White House. Now, the issue is not new egislation but rigorous enforcement of laws already on the

Some black leaders say, however, that if nothing more, the marches help to shake up blacks and whites who have become complacent about the state of U.S. race relations.

Short Takes

Administrators from 90 American universities will visit Japan with a view to setting up branches there at the invitation of the Japanese, who have offered them land, buildings and other inducements in 27 cities. Chester E. Finn Jr., the U.S. assistant secretary of education, said Japanese higher education, unlike JapaTHIS SURROGATE DOES WINDOWS - Pearl Conlon of Hayward, California offers to clean, shop, cook meals, and do laundry for anyone, for \$5 an hour. She says that her service, called Rent-a-Mom, has 10 clients and that her phone rings continually.

nese manufacturing and technology, "is not held in particularly high esteem elsewhere in the world." He added, "It could probably benefit from some help." While American colleges have opened branch campuses all over Europe and Asia, only Temple University, with a branch in Tokyo, has ventured into Japan.

A vote on raising property taxes to hire more police will be held on June 2 in south-central Los Angeles, which has some of the city's worst rates of violent crime. Critics said the measure would subvert the tradition of citywide budgeting and manpower allocation. This is fundamentally wrong," said Joel Wachs, a city conncil member. "They will rue the day they make ability to pay the crite-ria for what service they get." But Mclanie Lomax, a civil rights lawver, said that "crime statistics in that area are out of control," adding, "The high-minded opposition about setting a bad prece-

Notes About People

Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., the former speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives, has finished his book, "Man of the House," with the collaboration of William Nobest-selling autobiography of Lee A. Iacocca, the Chrysler chair-man. Mr. O'Neill, 74, says that when he signed for a \$1.05 millioo advance, it was his first real money in 50 years in politics: when he retired last year he had about \$2,900 in the bank.

In his 34 years in Congress, Mr. O'Neill always refused to appear in public in white tie and tails, on grounds that full evening dress was the uniform of plutocrats. Now, Senator Warren B. Rudman, the New Hampshire Republican who is a co-sponsor of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings budget-balancing law, has gone him one better: He refuses to wear either full dress or dinner jacket, and thereby has missed both the

annual white-tie Gridiron Club dinner and a number of black-tie dinners at the White House.

Tom Swifties' Then, About Faces' Now

Remember the "Tom Swif ties"? "There are 135 million canines in the world," she stated dogmatically. "I wish this power saw had a safety guard," he groaned offhandedly. Now, re-ports Ron Alexander in the Metropolitan Diary column of The New York Times, come the even more succinct "About Faces."

Dr. Spock has a baby face. Jack and Jill had pale faces. Lizzie Borden had a hatcher

J.D. Salinger has a wry face.

Victor Hugo had a miserable face.

open face.

The Earl of Sandwich had an -ARTHUR HIGBEE

commission report appears to have created a major credibility problem for Saudi Arabia and its ambassador bere, Bandar bin Sultan, who on the basis of assurances from King Fahd, the Saudi leader, has denied that the kingdom was in-volved in aiding the U.S.-backed Nicaraguan rebels. The report contains a written

statement from Robert C. McFarlane, a former national security adviser, stating that "a foreign offi-cial" offered in May or June of 1984 to provide \$1 million a month in "personal funds" to the Nicaraguan rebels, also known as contras, The amount subsequently in-

creased to around \$2 million a month, amounting to \$25 million in 1985, according to Mr. McFarlane. While the Tower report does oot mention any name or nationality,

several sources have said that the country was Saudi Arabia and that the "personal funds" came from King Fahd,

Altogether, the report's un-named "official" would have provided a total of \$31 million between mid-1984 and December 1985, providing the bulk of the foreign funding for the contras in the period ing for the contras in the period A Pentagon spokesman, Robert Based on the king's assurances, when official U.S. aid was cut off. B. Sims, said Friday that "neither Prince Bandar, his aides and Amer-



Mr. McFarlane told the Tower panel that he had belped to arrange for the "foreign official" to deposit his "personal" mooey in a contra bank account in Miami.

Mr. McFarlane also said that Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger and General John W. Vessey Jr., the former chief of staff, cootribotions to foreign individthat the 1985 contribution amount- made in the kingdom to avoid ined to \$25 million.

A Pentagon spokesman, Robert

Weinberger have any recollection of any such alleged conversation." The Saudi Embassy in Washington stuck with a statement it issued Oct. 21 in response to an increasing oumber of reports then that the

Saudis were secretly providing funds for the contras at the administration's behest The statement, written with the

belp of Saudi Arabia's Washington' lawyer, Frederick G. Dutton, said: "Saudi Arabia is not, and has not

been, involved either directly or indirectly in any military or other support activity of any kind for, nr in connection with, any group, or groups, concerned with Nicara-

Sources said at the time the statement was issued that Prince Bandar had personally checked with King Fahd and had been assured that the Saudi government was oot providing military or financial support to the contras.

It is not clear whether the king also assured Prince Bandar that no "personal fuods" were flowing from any Sandi royal family members to the contras. Such personal "separately informed" him uals, or causes, are sometimes volving the government directly.

Geoeral Vessey nor Secretary ican consultants to the Saudi govpersuade skeptics that the kingdom did not have any political interest in aiding the contras.

They cited the fact that the Sandinist government in Nicaragua has good ties with the Arab world and supports the Palestine Liberation Organization.

"If we don't support them, we don't have any reason to be against them," said a Saudi source.

The credibility of the Saudi denial concerning aid to the contras is particularly important oow, 'be-cause Saudi Arabia has strongly denied other reports that it put op some money for the secret U.S. arms shipments to Iran.

Saudi Arabia has been the main outside financial backer of Iraq in its loog war with Iran, and any hint that it was changing sides would undermine President Saddam Hussein of Iraq, setting off enormous

repercussions in the Arab world. Mr. Duttoo noted Friday that Mr. McFarlane's testimony has been disputed on other points and suggested there was little reason to believe him in this matter, either.

He also said that be saw no reason for the Saudis to feel any need in 1984, an election year, to do favors for the administration when

"The American people react very

poorly to this outright duplicity.

be said. "Keep in mind that it has

not been his policies that have so

widely popular. Poll after poll has

shown that. But it was the image be

projected that made him so unique-

ly popular: that he was decent,

honest, reasonable, attractive, oot

petty, patriotic, strong and above

"That was his attraction, but un-

fortunately that image bas had an

almost fatal flaw. There wasn't

much substance to it. He's in a

difficult position now because the

facts strongly point, and have

strongly pointed for a long time.

that he was in on the plan to ship

arms to Iran from the very begin-

Mr. Chifford continued: "All of

this makes you wonder why he

would risk the record of six years of

great success for something like

this. I think the reason lies in the

word hubris. Our presidents are in-

clined to get into trouble when they

"It happened to FDR after his

great victory in 1936 when he tried

to pack the Supreme Court. It hap-

pened in Johnson after be defeated

Goldwater so badly in 1964 and

then got off the track in Vietnam. It

happened to Nixon in 1972 when

he got so clearly off the track in

Watergate after he had carried 49

with one of the greatest victories. It

produced great euphoria and led

people to tell him how great he is.

That kind of thing makes presi-

denis lend to lose track with reali-

Polish Party Office Bombed

WARSAW - A bomb planted

in a trash container exploded Sat-

urday night outside a Communist

Party office in the northern Baltic

port of Gdynia, shattering win-

dows on the ground floor but caus-

ing no injuries, the official press

ORCHESTRE OF PARIS

Conductor Doniel BARENBOIM

agency PAP reported Sunday.

"And now here comes Reagan

states.

win overwhelming victories.

all utterly honest and believable.

PRESIDENT: One Reagan Government Falls, a New One Must Be Built

(Continued from Page 1)

certainty that he will survive the political problems confronting him. Some interviewed delicately gloomity evoked memories of the even sure he's going to survive. final days of an isolated and se"What it does for the Democluded Woodrow Wilson incapable of governing in the White House.

• That along with the shift of power from one end of Pennsylvania Avenue to the other has come a marked improvement in the prospects for the Democratic Party na-

"Obviously, this is beyond the wildest expectations of Democrats," said Robert D. Squier, a Democratic consultant, "Just a year ago we in the party had be-come conditioned to think almost that Ronald Reagan would always

idea that nothing ever stuck to him, the Tefion factor and all that. He was larger than life, and he domiraised questions about a presiden-tial "disability issue," while others that has changed. Now I'm not

crats," Mr. Squier said, "is something more important than giving us a chance to win back the White House. And clearly, the tide now is shifting strongly toward us." Whatever the individual analysis

of recent events, everyooe interviewed talked about something they regard as more profound than any altered political party prospects. That is, the way in which the public impression of Mr. Reagan, the commanding president, has been affected by this affair.

The Senate minority leader, Bob Dole of Kansas, who has been campaigning around the country pre-paring the ground for his soon-tobe-announced candidacy for the Republican presidential comination, pointed to one indication of the change. Mr. Dole said he has been appealing to strong, loyal Republican audiences to send the president a letter or post card showing continued support for

Three months ago, Mr. Dole said, those audiences would have jumped out their chairs after such a plea. Now their response is muted and polite applause, or silence. Another Republican, Senator William S. Cohen of Maine, lik-

ened the change in Mr. Reagan's fortunes to the dimming of a gold-en lamp. "The magic is gone," he Peter D. Hart, a Democratic pollster, said he was in Illinois recently and came away with several

tudes toward the unfolding Reagan drama in Washington. "It's true that people out there aren't following the story as they are in Washington," he said. "It's too complicated, it's too complex and they have immediate personal

strong reactions about public atti-

CONCERNS about the story: When a national retired U.S. Air Force officer who security adviser to the president. He's been saying all along we'll not led a daring mission to rescue Al- attempts to commit suicide, when a deal with terrorist nations, and at lied fliers downed behind Nazi secretary to a top presidential aide the same time he's been shipping lines during World War II, Feb. 23 says she shredded and altered im- arms to Iran. portant White House documents,

be president. It was more than the when the president says he can't show that the major purpose of remember if he authorized ship- sending those arms was to release ping arms to Iran and then changes hostages," Mr. Clifford said. his story, all of this becomes very disturbing to people.

They worry about who's in con-trol, who's in charge. That is very frightening and upsetting to them. Of those interviewed, Mr. Clifford, who has been a key adviser to presidents since Harry S. Truman, best placed the events of recent days into historical perspective.

The six years that Mr. Reagan has been president have been extraordinarily successful," Mr. Clifford said, "and one of the main reasons is the American people developed confidence in his honesty and in his credibility. They liked him; he's such a likable fellow.

"But more than that, be had principles, and he stuck by his principles even when they felt it took a good bit of courage to dn it. That was an important ingredient in the unique popularity he had. Now all that is at the bottom of the seriousness of his present predicament.

"A disturbingly high percentage of the American people have indicated in the polls that they think he has been untruthful. Others don't go that far but I'm sure are disturbed about whether he has been truthful.

"And it's not just about this incident, but a series of others that preceded it," said Mr. Clifford. There was the swapping of Dani-loff for a Russian spy when he said he wouldn't make such an exchange." He was referring to the American reporter Nicholas B. Daniloff, who was imprisoned briefly last year on espionage allegations in the Soviet Union.

"There was the memo prepared by the admiral in which the word disinformation' was used showing they were purposely lying to fool some foreign government and the American press," Mr. Clifford said, referring to Vice Admiral John M. Poindexter, head of the staff of the National Security Council during the U.S. air raids on Libya.

"There was Reykjavik," be said, "But I was fascinated by bow noting Mr. Reagan's locland sumanother impression has formed mit meeting last fall with the Soviet from what people are picking up leader, Mikhail S. Gorbachev. "Then along came the real shocker.

"The Tower commission facts

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Nora Kaye, a Leading U.S. Ballerina, Dies at 66

By Burt A. Folkart

Los Angeles Times Service LOS ANGELES — Nora Kaye, a former Broadway chorus girl who was a founding dancer of the Ballet Theater in 1939 and the first American ballerina to gain international fame, died Saturday of cancer. She

Recently, she was known for her production efforts, with her third husband, Herbert Ross, in the films The Turning Point," "Nijinsky," Pennies From Heaven," and "Giselle," which has yet to be released. To earlier generations, however, she represented the American dance theater, and was a glamorous yet intense interpreter of movement that ranged from sacred to profane.

As a dancer, Miss Kaye will be remembered primarily for her portravais of Hagar in "Pillar of Fire" and as the Accused in "Fall River Legend," the Agnes de Mille ballet based on Lizzie Borden, the ax kill-

But beyond her performances. she will be recalled in artistic circles for the dramatic validity she brought to American dance after World War II.

Unwittingly, she became the first famous export of American dance in 1946, when, at the height of ber melding of artistry and professionalism, she toured England with Ballet Theater. In London, she enchanted audiences as Odile in the Black Swan pas de deux from

'Swan Lake.' The Times of London critic said her performance "excelled any. thing" seen there "for years." It was an initial inkling as to how American dance had evolved under such choreographers as Antony Tudor and George Balanchine. Nora Kaye was born Nora Koreff on Jan. 17, 1920, in New York



Nora Kaye

City. She changed her name early in her career because, as she told an early interviewer, "an American dancer ought to have an American

She took her first dance lesson at the age of 4 and was enrolled in the Metropolitan Opera Ballet School four years later. At 14, she was accepted into the Metropolitan Opera's corps de ballet. Although she joined Balanchine's American Ballet in 1935, she continued to study regularly with Michel Fokine, the iabled Russian choreographer.

Miss Kaye later turned to Broadway. She was hired to perform a classical dance in the musical "Great Lady," a short-lived but artistically remembered show. She was next featured in "Stars in Your Eyes," which starred Ethel Merman and Jimmy Durante, and featured Tamara Toumanova, the Russian ballerina.

musical theater and not in ballet, accompanied a roommate to the auditions. She also was urged to audition, did so, and was accepted into the corps. Ballet Theater later became American Ballet Theater.

In New York in 1940, during Ballet Theater's first season, Miss Kaye danced in Mr. Tudor's "Dark Elegies" and "Lilac Garden." She was given an increasing variety of prima balletina roles, among them "Bluebeard," "Apollo," and the title role in "Princess Aurora," She starred in the world pre-

mieres of Mr. Tudor's "Dim Lustre" and Leonid Massine's "Mademoiselle Angot." The Ballet Theater's 1943 season has been called "Miss Kaye's season," and if that accolade were in doubt, all question vanished when Alicia Markova became ill and Miss Kaye substituted for her in "Romeo and

Miss Kaye moved to the New York City Ballet in 1951 but her affiliation with the company lasted only until 1954, when she returned to Ballet Theater. In addition to her Tudor and de Mille repertory, Miss Kaye often starred in "Giselle" and Swan Lake." She also performed in ballets by

Mr. Ross. In 1960, they formed a company, Ballet of Two Worlds. which toured Europe that year. She retired in 1961 and in 1977 she rejoined American Ballet Theatre as an associate director.

Frederic G. Donner, 84, Headed General Motors Corn. NEW YORK (NYT) - Frederic Garrett Donner, chairman and chief executive of the General Motors Corp. from 1958 to 1967 and a company director for 32 years, died

Mr. Donner, a financial expert who kept out of the limelight, gest car makers. joined GM as an accountant in 1926 and enjoyed a steady rise up the corporate ladder. He was said to have an uncommon ability to absorb facts and figures, and the intricate corporate and financial structure of the giant automobile maker was a metier that snited him

countant, was born on Oct. 4, 1902, in Three Oaks, Michigan. After graduation from the local high school, he studied economics at the University of Michigan and graduated with honors in 1923.

He worked for an accounting firm in Chicago for three years before moving to New York in 1926 to join the financial staff of GM. In 1948, he was with GM executives who toured Germany's bombedout cities to determine whether to reclaim GM's German subsidiary, Adam Opel AG, which had been written off as a loss in World War

Kenya Won't Bar Pretoria Air Links The Associated Press

NAIROBI - President Danie arap Moi says Kenya will not unilaterally bar international airlines from using Nairobi as a stopover for flights to and from South Africa, according to reports published Sımday.

The Kenyan president, addressing a school fund-raising meeting in Kenya's central Murang'a district Saturday, said his government would halt the overflights only if all members of the Organization of African Unity enforced the ban.

The second secon

formed in 1939, Miss Kaye, who believed that her future lay in the 84. Greenwich, Connecticut. He was II. He and the group vouched for Opel's rebirth, and the branch remains one of West Germany's big-

Glenway Wescott, 85,

Expatriate U.S. Writer NEW YORK (NYT) - Glenway Wescott, one of the last of the major expatriate American writers who lived in France in the 1920s and 30s, died of a stroke on Feb. 22 at his home in Rosemont, New Jersey. He was 85.

president of the American Academy of Arts and Letters, achieved bterary acclaim when he was 26. with the publication of his second book. "The Grandmothers." The novel, the saga of a pioneer family transplanted from New

York state to Wisconsin in 1846,

was the Harper Prize Novel for

Mr. Wescott, who was a former

1927 and became a best seller. Fredric R. Mann, 83, a former U.S. ambassador, Philadelphia city

sic, Thursday after a lengthy illness in Miami. George S. "Gov" Musulin, 72, 2

in Bethesda, Maryland.

official and patron of classical mu-

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Baker Just Can't Say No to a President

As a Senator, He Was a 'Genius' of Compromise, Champion of Presidents

By Martin Tolchin

New York Times Service WASHINGTON — Howard H. Baker Jr. had always said that when the president asks

you to do something, it's hard to say no. It was no secret that he had hoped to be tapped for secretary of state or to fill a Supreme Court vacancy. He did say no to Donald T. Regan, the president's chief of staff, who sounded him out about succeeding William J. Casey as director of the Central

Intelligence Agency.

But Mr. Baker's friends were not surprised that when the president himself telephoned the former Senate Republican leader Thursday at a Florida retreat and asked him to run the White House, there was little hesitation. He will replace Mr. Regan as White House

chief of staff Monday.

Just two weeks ago, Mr. Baker told friends that he planned to run for president and had commissioned a report on how to raise \$10 million for his campaign. Now those friends say the presidential campaign is probably

"You have to assume that when you're taking this job you're taking it for the remainder of the term," a Baker confidant said. An informal, rumpled, unthreatening man in demeanor, the 61-year-old former senator made a career out of being a conciliator, bringing together disparate factions and cajoling them into agreements that led to legis-lation. It was this quality that led to his election in 1977 as Senate Republican leader and his elevation to majority leader in 1981, when the Republicans won control of the

His skills were sorely tested. Mr. Baker reconciled the liberal and conservative wiogs of his party and then reconciled President Reagan's goals with those of the Senate Republicans. He won the respect and affection of Democranc leaders of both the House and Senate. He was fond of putting opponents in the same room for all-night sessions and was instrumental in orchestrating the president's victories on the Hill.

point and pushing it through," said Senator Jim Sasser, Mr. Baker's Democratic colleague

Mr. Reagan frequently acknowledged Mr.

"I'm frank to say that I don't think we could have had the successes that we've had up there without his leadership." the president once said.

Although the two men were not socially close, Mr. Baker considered himself Mr. Reagan's lieutenant on Capitol Hill. He said Friday that he made a conscious decision "that I would be Ronald Reagan's spear carrier in the Senate."

"Anytime there was a matter on which we disagreed, where I felt very keenly, as a mat-ter of conviction and philosophy, I let him know that, and someone else bandled it," Mr. Baker said. "But that was very rare."

Although Mr. Baker gives the impression of being politically moderate, his voting record was conservative even before be became Mr. Reagan's man on the Hill and helped arrange the curtailment of dozens of social

Mr. Baker was oever the most organized senator, nor the most driven, despite his wish to be president. His managerial skills were the subject of occasional good humor, if not hilarity, on Capitol Hill. And he often seemed distracted and preoccupied with matters oth-

Howard Henry Baker Jr. was born to polirics on Nov. 15, 1925, in Huntsville, in the eastern, Republican part of Tennessee. His paternal grandfather was a judge; his mater-nal grandmother a county sheriff, and his father a House member from 1951 until his death in 1964. His stepmother then took over

After high school at the McCallie Military Academy in Chattanooga, he enlisted in the navy and studied engineering. Mr. Baker went on to the University of Tennessee Law School, where he was elected president of the

student body after running on a platform of "mending fences" between fraternity members and the independents. It was an early example of Mr. Baker's hielong devotion to coalition politics.

He married Joy Dirksen, the daughter of Senator Everett M. Dirksen of Illinois, the Republican leader.

"His marriage could not have been better politically arranged if it had been made in the courts of Europe," Professor John Bakke of Memphis State University commented.

After a legal career in which he specialized in defending murder cases, Mr. Baker ran for the Senate in 1964 and was buried by the Democratic landslide that kept President Lyndon B. Johnson in office. Two years later he became the first Tennessee Republican ever popularly elected to the Senate. He easily won re-election in 1972 and 1978 and received national exposure because of his habit of helping presidents, regardless of par-

As a member of the Senate committee investigating the Watergate scandal, he sought to separate President Richard M. Nixon from the actions of his underlings, pounding away at an artful question: "What did the president know and when did he know it?"

Mr. Baker grew bored with the Senate, however, and retired in 1984, to spend more time with his wife, who was suffering from cancer, as well as to earn some money and to

"I make no bones about it," he often said at that time. "I want to be president."

Mr. Baker joined the Washington office of Vinson & Elkins, a Houston law firm, proclaimed himself "happy as a bug" and, when asked how it felt to be making \$500,000 a year, told a visitor. You vastly underesti-

He also came to consider the Senate irrele-

"Some things I was worried about in the Senate," he said, "I've learned that the world doesn't care two boots about."



Howard H. Baker Jr., the former Senate Republican leader, made a career out of being a conciliator, bringing together disparate factions and cajoling them into agreements that led to legislation.

Reagan Nominee to CIA. **Expected to Withdraw Name From Contention**

By Lou Cannon and Bob Woodward

Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — Robert M.
Gates is expected to withdraw this
week as President Ronald Reagan's nominee for director of central intelligence, administration and congressional sources said Sunday.

One of these sources said Mr. Gates had arrived at the decision "without much prodding" follow-ing warnings from Republican con-gressional leaders that his nomination was likely to be rejected by the

The Republican leaders, four of whom met with Mr. Reagan on Friday, said that a fight over Mr. Gates's confirmation on the Senate floor would focus additional attention on the Iran-contra affair at a time the administration is trying to make a fresh start with a new White House team headed by Howard H. Baker Jr., the former Senate Republican leader from Tenness Former Senator Paul Laxalt, Re-

publican of Nevada and a close Reagan friend, said Sunday in a television interview that Mr. Gates's nomination bore "the smell of Irangate." Mr. Laxalt was instrumental in the selection of Mr. Baker.

One source said that replacing William J. Casey as head of the Central Intelligence Agency "must

"Gates is a negative symbol and the situation at the CIA is critical

be done quickly."

and has to be transformed into a positive symbol," the source added.

The sources said that means finding a nominee who has professional intelligence experience, stat-ure, unquestioned integrity and no

affair is expected to be the subject of investigations for most of this year by an independent cotinsel, or special prosecutor, and eougressional committees.

Said one Republican senator. The White House now has to come up with the moral equivalent of Howard Baker for the CIA." Within the CIA a number of offi-

cials expressed a sense of orgency about Mr. Gates's withdrawal they boped to protect the agency from what one source said could be a revisitation of the Church committee." This was a reference to the Senate committee that investigated intelligence abuses in the 1970s.

A number of key people in the Directorate of Operations, the citie clandestine arm of the CIA were involved in either the clandestine arms transactions with Iran or the private White House effort to aid the Nicaraguan rebels.

A senior administration source

said that "it is crucial to have a new CIA director who can credibly investigate and clean up any remains of Iran-contra, not a director who himself is the subject of the investi-

Mr. Gates, the CIA's deputy director, took over as acting director of the agency in December after Mr. Casey resigned following brain surgery for removal of a cancerous

mediate fire from some members of the Senate intelligence committee, who sharply criticized Mr. Gates for failing to be forthcoming about what he knew or suspected about the Iran-contra affair.

Mr. Gates, critics say, failed to ensure that Mr. Casey's Nov. 21 testimony to the Senate intelligence committee was complete. Mr... Gates had a central role in preparng that testimony.

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Senators are particularly dis-tressed that Mr. Casey, Mr. Gates and the CIA did not alert them to suspicions that money from the Iran arms sales had been diverted.

A senior administration official said Sonday that there was "a consensus in the White House" to although the president was not personally critical of Mr. Gates. Officials said that Mr. Gates, while ■ McFarlane Praises Report wanting the post, had come to the Robert C. McFarlane, a former same conclusion and would withdraw his name.

"We're not angry with Bob port and said its members made a Gates, we're dealing with practical logical decision to favor his ac political realities," the senior official said.

On Saturday the White House spokesman, Marlin Fitzwater, said "the president stands behind the nomination." A CIA spokesman of Valuum on Feb. 9, Mr. McPar-lane said Saturday on National the nomination would be withdrawn were "totally false, totally without foundation." The spokesman could not he reached Sunday.

A number of Republicans on the Senate intelligence committee, which is considering Mr. Gates's nomination and is expected to hear testimony from him in a closed hearing on Wednesday, said over the weekend that Mr. Gates would

born." Another said that "Gates could not be reconfirmed as deputy" because the committee, especially the Republicans, are so anxious to move away from the Irancontra affair.

To cut through the red tape and administration and congressional sources include: Brent Scowcroft, a take actions that they felt were retired air force general, national ral Poindexter also developed a security adviser to President Gerald R. Ford and a member of the Tower commission: William H. documents: Prominent among Webster, whose 10-year term as head of the Federal Bureau of Investigation expires next year, and Mr. Casey's first two CIA deputies, John N. McMahon and Bobby R. assistant secretary of state for Lat-

Report Questions Apparent NSC Influence on CLA

WASHINGTON - The Tower commission was con-cerned that the Central Intelligence Agency allowed some of its analysis to be influenced by the National Security Council's goals, a commission member

The member, Brent Scowcroft, said Friday that the panel had found that only a "handful of selected individuals" in the CIA were involved in the Irancontra affair. He said the report criticized William J. Casey, the former agency director, for failing to take over the Iran deal-

Mr. Scowcroft pointed to a revised Special National Intelligence Estimate on Iran in May 1985 that agency analysts pro-vided because of pressure from members of the National Security Council, who wanted a basis for opening talks with Teheran. The revised estimate superseded a 1984 report that

found-little support-for American influence in fran

he tended to see the world in terms of black and white. When things didn't fit into his structure, he just ignored them. It clouded his viwant cooked intelligence."

Reagan 'Deeply Disturbed' by Tower Report's Implications, Aide Says

WASHINGTON - David M. Abshire, a presidential counselor, said Sunday that President Ronald Reagan was "deeply disturbed hy the implications" of the Tower commission report and that the panel's findings were having "a very constructive effect" on him.

Mr. Abshire, who was present when the Tower board presented its report to Mr. Reagan on Thursday, said the president was "shaken by some of the findings." He predicted that the president would deal directly and personally with the issue when he speaks on television Wednesday night.

Meanwhile, the chairman and a member of the Tower commission said there was no evidence that a key memorandum in the case ever

reached the president. The undated and unsigned memo was written by Lieutenant Colonel Oliver L. North, the dismissed National Security Council aide, and was sent to Vice Admiral John M. Poindexter, Mr. Reagan's national security affairs adviser at

In the memo, written for Admi- funds to the cootras. ral Poindexter to forward to Mr. Reagan, Colonel North outlined G. Tower, the former Republican in execution of the policy.



Ronald Reagan meeting with Republican leaders on Friday.

exchange for the release of American hostages in Lebanon. He also said that \$12 million in "residual funds" from the sale would be used to aid the Nicaraguan rehels,

known as contras. Mr. Reagan repeatedly has denied knowledge of the diversion of

Interviewed on television, John plans for the sale of arms to Iran in senator from Texas who headed the

commission, said there was "no evidence that the president ever saw' the North memo, or "even that

Pointexter signed off on it.' Previously, Mr. Reagan has de-fended the "worthy goals" of the initiative and has declined to take personal responsibility for what happened. The most he has done is to say that "mistakes were made"

conclusion that the Iran initiative was essentially a trade of weapons for hostages. But they predicted he would demonstrate this understanding in his speech.

One of Mr. Reagan's closest

friends, former Senator Paul Laxalt, publicly urged him to "get his head and gut squarely into this operation and stay on top of it" in an effort to rebuild his presidency. Mr. Abshire, former U.S. repre-

sentative for NATO, joined the administration in December to help coordinate White House responses on the Iran affair. He said Sunday he would be resigning April 6 to rejoin the Center for Strategic International Studies, which he previously helped found.

rorise and Dismay

Members of the Tower commis-

Earlier, Steven V. Roberts of The New York Times reported from

sion said they were surprised and duct foreign policy. They pointed dismayed by Mr. Reagan's lack of out that Mr. Shultz had been critiknowledge about the Iran-contra cized for not objecting more strenaffair during their two lengthy dis- wously to the Iran arms deal on the cussions with him last month. The three panel members said administration policy against deal-Administration sources said that their highly detailed report seemed ing with nations believed by the

culty accepting the Tower board's briefed him on it Thursday morn-

ing, sbortly before it was made public. "I don't blame him: I would have been flustered, too," said Mr. Tow-

He and the other board members, former Senator Edmund S. Muskie and Brent Scowcroft, a retired air force general, discussed their report Friday with reporters and editors of The New York

Marlin Fitzwater, the president's spokesman, agreed that the report contained "many new facts" that the president had not previously understood. Accordingly, he added, Mr. Reagan was "rightfully angry about the mismanagement described in this report, and he intends to make changes as soon as

The commission members also said that their report could well undermine the ability of Secretary of State George P. Shultz to conground that it contradicted stated

Speaking before Howard H. Baker Jr. was named White House chief of staff, Mr. Muskie said: "The whole foreign policy establishment is going to have a difficult time in light of this report."

After Mr. Baker's appointment was announced, Mr. Muskie said the underlying problems in foreign policy would remain.

"Howard is not an automatic corrective," said Mr. Muskie, who also served as secretary of state. "Politically he will be a plus. But the administration still has to chalk

up a foreign policy achievement."
The panel members made these additional points in the interview: While they uncovered new evidence about a private network that raised funds for the contras, they lacked the time or resources to pur-

sue a full investigation. Although the commission was appointed Dec. 1, it did not get totally organized until mid-January. Difficulty in obtaining security clearances for the staff, and in determining the most fruitful documents in White House files, con-

tributed to the delay.

• A fluke in the White House computer system provided the portrayed them.

tens of thousands of documents going back as far as March 1986. Those documents, discovered in mid-January, were previously to the Nicaraguan rebels, also thought to have been purged from known as contras. the computer system.

• The commissioners concluded

that Mr. Reagan's "obsession" with release of the bostages was the avoid a fight over the nomination, driving force behind the continuation of the Iran arms sales.

national security adviser, has praised the Tower commission re-

count of presidential authorization for arms sales to Iran, United Press International reported. In his first public interview since

lane said Saturday on National Public Radio, "The commission has done an extraordinary joh in establishing the record of truth." adding, "It contains some very painful truths."

Mr. McFarlane said the commission found it "plausible and likely", that events had taken place as he

needed, Colonel North and Admi-

network of influential allies in key

these were Mr. Casey and a coun-

terterrorism expert, Duane Clar-ridge, at the CIA, and Mr. Abrams,

As Colonel North's sense of his

own authority grew, he did a oum-

ber of things that appear to some

involved in the Iran-contra investi-

gation to have been questionable if

According to the Tower commis

sion report, William Rosenblatt, assistant commissioner of customs,

testified that he was contacted by

Service began an investigation into

the crash of a Southern Air Trans-

toms investigation was focused on

'good guys' who committed 'no crimes.' The Customs Service then

narrowed the investigation to the

specific aircraft involved in the

crash rather than on the activities

of the whole company," the com-

At meetings with Iranian inter-mediaries in October, the Tower

commission report said, Colonel

North "misrepresented his access

to the president," and also indicat-

ed U.S. support for the Iranian

effort to secure the release of 17

terrorists in prison in Kawait, a

position that was "contrary to well-

By late 1985, a former NSC col-

league said, "Ollie was an accident

Another colleague described him

"He was a unique person with

strong qualities, enormously com-

mitted, forceful, a born leader, But

established U.S. policy."

waiting to happen."

mission report said.

North told him that the Cus-

port sircraft in Nicaragua.

agencies, the Tower commiss

cord's assistance.

not be confirmed.

One called the nomination "still-

Possible choices mentioned by

ings from the White House.

"There was close coordination between the NSC and the writing of the revised estimate." Mr. Scoweroft said. "You don't

By Dan Morgan Washington Post Service WASHINGTON — On July 15,

Vice Admiral John M. Poindexter, at the time national security advismessage into the computer terminal of a White House aide, Lieutenant Colonel Oliver L. North.

"I do not want you to leave and to be honest cannot afford to let you go," wrote Admiral Poindexter, who was concerned that Colonel North was overreacting to Admiral Poindexter's criticism that his aide was becoming too emotionally involved in the cause of the rebels fighting the government of Nicaragua.

The note, which is included in the report of the Tower review board released Thursday, highlights one of the most intriguing questions of the Iran-contra affair: How did a mere Marine lieutenant colonel with the title of deputy staff director in the National Security Council accumulate such power and emerge as one of the central figures in a major, covert foreign

policy initiative? The report of the Tower commission does not attempt to answer that question directly, but it offers

important clues. Colonel North, it makes clear, made himself indispensable by becoming the doer, the man of action in a government system that he and a handful of others considered frustrating and hopelessly mired in legal, philosophical and emotional constraints left over from the previ-

Colonel North became the point man at the center of power for elements of the Central Intelligence Agency and the Defense Department that were determined to restore America's will and ability to act, quickly and covertly, against terrorists and Communist insur-

To officials at the CIA, including William J. Casey, who was until recently the agency's director, Colonel North was the natural ally at that had been used sparingly since the report of the Tower commisCIA abuses were exposed by consion.

for a tax-exempt organization to support the rebels. gressional investigations in 1975

and congressional oversight cur-tailed the agency's free-wheeling

To Pentagon advocates of "lowiotensity warfare," Colonel North became an ardent supporter of efforts to rebuild and use the military's "special operations" forces, which had fallen from political grace after the Vietnam War exposed the limitations and pitfalls of

counterinsurgency.

And to ideological backers of the Reagao doctrine, the informal name for the basket of policies aimed at countering Communist movements around the world, Colonel North became the man to know at the National Security Council Throughout 1985 and 1986, he worked closely with Assistant Secretary of State Elliott Abrams, the

most vocal champion of the Nica-

raguan rebel cause. That cause was

the single biggest test of the Reagan

doctrine, and Colonel North was

becoming a well-known champion

of it through public speeches and fund-raising meetings with leading Colonel North's frustration with the bureaucratic system mirrored that of Mr. Reagan. And his in-creasing prominence as a man of action who could create alliances and cut through the bureaucracy improved his standing with the

president, according to friends and ormer colleagues. "He was devoted to carrying out what the president wanted done," Colonel North's longtime friend and the former national security adviser, Robert C. McFarlane, said in a radio interview broadcast Sat-

A retired military officer and friend of Colonel North's said; "Reagan worked with the NSC because the NSC aligned itself with the Reagan doctrine. The CIA was against it, the Pentagon was against it and the State Department was

against it. That was why Ollie became so critical to the president." Colonel North's conviction that he was working to assure Mr. Rea- nate the drops of lethal equipment the White House in the effort to gan's place in history is evident in a to the rebels in Nicaragua; on still restore covert action capabilities number of documents presented in another he is drafting a proposal

"Sincerely believe that RR can



Colonel North 'tended to see the world in terms of black and white. When things didn't fit into his structure, he just ignored them.'

A former colleague

be instrumental in bringing about an end to Iran-Iraq war — a la Roosevelt w/ Russo-Japanese war in 1904," Cotonel North reported to Admiral Poindexter on Sept. 20 during negotiations with Iranians. "Anybody for RR getting the same

Colonel North drove himself to the brink of physical collapse, apparently in what he believed was the service of the president. In June. Mr. McFarlane was so concerned about Colonel North that he suggested Admiral Poindexter get him transferred from the NSC or sent to Bethesda Naval Hospital for disability review board." Mr. McFarlane added that the Marine Corps apparently "has already

tried to survey him once." More than any other figure in the Iran-contra affair, Colonel North dominates the pages of the Tower commission's report. He seems everywhere. On one page he is is fly-ing to Frankfurt under his alias, William P. Goode, to meet an Iranian intermediary; on another he is utilizing his secure White House communications system to coordi-

the story. Colleagues and friends say Colonel North virtually ran the government's counterterrorism program from the NSC. He was one of those involved in choosing targets for the U.S. bombing raid on Libya on April 14, and he and Admiral Poindexter helped mastermind the forcing down of an Egyptian airliner carrying the suspected hijackers of the Achille Lauro cruise ship in October 1985. Colonel North, it now seems ap-

center of the national security system: He was ready to act. When President Reagan took office in January 1981, the ability of the intelligence services and the military to deal with small-scale insurgencies and isolated acts of random terrorism was at a low point, according to sources at the Pentagon and in the intelligence

parent, was filling a vacuum at the

The aftermath of two congre nal inquiries into the CIA in 1975 produced revelations about domestic spying and foreign assassination plots. Those investigations resulted in the setting up of an oversight system that required the president to approve covert operations and to advise the House and Senate intelligence committees of them. While some CIA professionals

And the report tells only part of welcomed the oversight, others

made it difficult for the agency to fervor. operate efficiently abroad. At the same time, the Pentagon's er commission report said, Colonel manpower and procurement ef- North immersed himself in the

forts emphasized conventional Nicaraguan rebal cause which had warfare and the military's special operations forces became less fa-Two things belped reversed these

which increasingly threatened to undermine the Reagan administration's image for toughness.
In 1979, when President Jimmy Carter ordered an attempt to res- South American country.

cue bostages in Iran, there was no He was also immersed in his unified counterterrorism unit. But after the failure of that effort, several classified units were estab-

and the Intelligence Support Activ-Several of the individuals involved as private contractors in the Iran-contra affair, including Major General Richard V. Secord, a retired air force officer, were involved in 1980 in the planning of a tary service, was involved in a

second rescue attempt that never Subsequently, the army's commando units were amalgamated under the First Special Operations Command at Fort Brage, North

In 1983 and 1984, Colonel North, then a new member of the NSC's political-military affairs bureau, met General Secord and others who were attempting to revive the nation's anti-terrorist capability. According to one source, Colonel North was already a disciple of Edward G. Lansdale, a retired army major general considered by military leaders to be the genius of

U.S. counterinsurgency thinking. General Lansdale, who died last week, had been a major influence on President John F. Kennedy's decision to create the Green Berets and support a U.S. counterinsurgency effort in South Vietnam in the carly stages of the war.

"Ollie was already Lansdale-ized when he reached the NSC," a

North Rose Above His Rank by Acting as Point Man for 'Reagan Doctrine' Iranian out of Istanbul, and Colo-nel North had enlisted General So-

Beginning in late 1984, the Towbecome precarious because of the congressional limitations on U.S. military aid that year.

Colonel North, the record shows, trends, analysts said. One was the kept detailed track of rebel expenemergence of the Reagan doctrine, ditures on arms, munitions and which had the strong support of combat operations, helped orga-Mr. Casey, an advocate of covert nize alliances of rebel leaders, and, action. The other was terrorism, in early 1986, coordinated drops of lethal materiel to the rebels. On March 26, he was trying to obtain British-made Blowpipe launchers and missiles for the rebels from a

counterterrorism work, and was considering suggestions last year from Admiral Poindexter that a lished, including the Delta Force hostage rescue effort might be nec-and the Intelligence Support Activessary because of repeated failures to conclude an arms-for-bostages

deal with the Iranians. No rescue attempt was undertaken, but a note June 3 from Colonel North seems to suggest that General Second, then retired from milibackup hostage rescue plan under the control of Colonel North's counterterrorism unit at the NSC. Publication of the June 3 note by the Tower commission confirmed reports that Colonel North's counterterrorism group utilized the ser-vices of the highly classified Intelli-

gence Support Activity, a covert military unit assigned to the Penta-"We already have one ISA officer in Beirut," Colonel North noted, "but no effort has been made to insert personnel since we withdrew

the military mission." In the Iranian arms deals and in his coven aid program for the Nicaraguan rebels, Colonel North dealt with companies run by or ried to General Second. In part, the record shows, this was because he found the conventional CIA system too inefficient and slow.

"Why Dick can do something in 5 min. that the CIA cannot do in two days is beyond me, but he does," Colonel North wrote Admiral Poindexter on Sept. 17, after the By all accounts. Colonel North CIA was unable to produce an air-

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rating affair. That two be the subject to M. and congressio.

publican senator come now has to e moral equivalent f for the CIA" As number of off t Mase of Brigerary as withdrawal perior the agency f the Church con-& A reference to the se that investigated ter percie min er the claudering

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ti pemining and in-Cer. S. d net ben ber attacks was claimed by a group calling for the release of Mr. Ab-192807 2 - 19201 Ju had to the dallah and two other Middle East-erners held in French prisons.

Betterne a there we get Who Med 12 : mintale EMPLOY - - 10 TO THE ed 30 · · · Mr. Commercial Blacker i e i i 💆 article and a

ے نے ان جو ال decided, a source said. **STATE 1** Mr. Culvahouse is expected to A 42.2 become the White House counsel, man are the the source said, although other officials said the present counsel, Peter J. Wallison, a close ally of Mr. Regan, had not resigned. Griscom and a long-time assistant, James Cannon, to help with a "transition" period. Both attended

a planning meeting Saturday with the White House staff to review the president's schedule and plans for the speech next week. The meeting was presided over by Dennis Thomas, a Regan deputy whom Mr. Baker asked to help with the transition. Sources said

Ibrahim Abdallah forever," be

said, "if that is in the French na-

He said later that Mr. Abdallah

laughed when he was told about the

verdict. He said Mr. Abdallah, 35, a

Lebanese Christian who refused to

day Feb. 23, had told him not to

appeal the sentence.
Mr. Verges said the court had

given in to "American injunc-

The United States and the wid-

R. Ray, the slain U.S. military atta-

ché, were civil plaintiffs in the case.

Verges said the verdict was "a dec-

laration of war." The statement was a reminder of threats that

bombing attacks would resume if

the judges did not decide in Mr. Abdallah's favor.

In September, bombs killed 11

persons and wounded more than

150 in Paris. Responsibility for the

Mr. Abdailah was accused of in-

volvement in the 1982 marders in.

Outside the courtroom, Mr.

tional interest."

Jet Lands in U.S. After Bomb Threat

Los Angeles Times Service LOS ANGELES - A Londonbound British Airways jumbo jet nimed back and made an emergency landing at Los Angeles International Airport after receiving a bomb threat, an airline spokesman said Friday.

Dogs spent three hours searching for the bomb that a caller to the British Airways office in London said was on the Boeing 747, but nothing was found, police said.

Five of the 390 persons on board were slightly injured when they slid down evacuation chutes.

BAKER: New White House Staff (Continued from Page 1) Mr. Thomas is not expected to re- Soviet Overtures is expected to become a deputy to main in the core of Mr. Baker's

Mr. Baker in several areas, includ- team. Mr. Thomas said Saturday ing communications, but the pre- he had not talked with Mr. Baker and considerable contact with Chicise nature of his role has not been and that his plans had not been nese military officers said Sunday

Republican sources predicted that Mr. Baker would want to keep Frank Donatelli, a lawyer and Rea-March 9.

One prominent Republican said Mr. Donatelli would be valuable to Mr. Baker because of his ties to conservative activists who have criticized Mr. Baker in the past and did so again Saturday. L. Brent Bozell 3d, president of the National Committee, called Mr. Baker "the worst possible decision Reagan

could have ever made." The future of another new appointee, John Khoeller, the White House communications director,

appeared to be in doubt. The sources said Mr. Baker has he is, however, expected to retain Marlin Fitzwater as presidential spokesman. The sources said it was not certain whether Mr. Cannon, who has recently been vice chair-man of Mr. Baker's political action committee, will join Mr. Baker.

Blast at Spain Court Building

GERONA, Spain — A powerful bomb exploded early Saturday out-side the main court building here,

BRAZIL: Minister in London

(Continued from Page 1) would not have to dip into its dwindling reserves, now reported to be

below \$4 billion. Mr. Funaro acknowledged that Brazil had the world's third-largest trade surplus and estimated the 1987 surplus would be at least \$8

But he said that without in-Zoillion. creased and faster lending from official institutions, the nation could not rely on its export earnings to finance development and imports and also service its debt.

"We must find an equilibrium between foreign adjustment and internal adjustment," he said.

He complained that because official lending agencies had imposed tight control on credit over the past four years, commercial bank refinancing was the only credit avail-

Mr. Funaro said U.S officials understood his position but they

don't like it." The foreign tour comes as Mr. Funaro is fighting for his political

From the day he joined the cabinet 18 months ago, Mr. Funaro, 53, has been Brazil's most powerful minister. And for most of the last year while prices were frozen, he

was also the most popular. But a made him a target of public criti-cism and political attacks.

Mr. Funaro, an engineer who be-came an industrialist, first served came an industrialist, hist served that commercial ties can pave the as planning secretary and then as way for expanding relations, for tinance secretary in the govern-developing shared interests." ment of São Paulo state.

In 1983, however, he fell ill with lymphoma, a tumor of lymphoid tissue. That, according to friends,

changed his life. After the cancer responded to chemotherapy, friends said he assumed an "almost-messianic" quality which, in office, has been reflected in his conviction that he is acting for the good of the country.

In this context, as finance minister in the new civilian government, he adopted a cationalistic positioo by announcing that "Brazil will never again sign agreements with the International Monetary Fund that allow fund economists to come here and determine our economic

Since then, foreign bankers and officials have discovered that Mr. Funaro negotiates not as a pragmatist looking for a deal but as a moralist defending a principle. (NYT, UPI, Reuters)

Joe M. Rodgers, above left, the U.S. ambassador to France, met with Georges Kiejman, the attorney representing U.S. interests, after the trial of Georges Ibrahim Abdallah, left.

FRANCE: Security Tightened as Terrorist Is Given Life Term in 2 Slayings Robert O. Homme, the U.S. consul defense against the ravages of those dallah family to the Paris bombings general in Strasbourg, in 1984.

Responsibility for the attacks was claimed by the Lebanese Armed Revolutionary Factions, which described them as assaults against imperialism and Zionism. Security sources have described Mr. Abdallah as one of the group's

attend the trial after its opening leaders. Mr. Abdallah was the first person to be tried under a special nonjury, seven-judge court that was set up to rule in terrorist cases. The presiding judge said a majority of the judges had found Mr. Abdallah ow of Lieutenant Colonel Charles guilty. He said the verdict came after one hour and I0 minutes of

deliberation. Under French law, Mr. Abdallah must serve 15 years before he can ask for a reduction in his term. The only method of obtaining an earlier release would be by presidential

President François Mitterrand has said that he would not consider pardoning a terrorist unless he received a written request from the

The U.S. ambassador, Joe M. Rodgers, said he was satisfied with the verdict.

The United States, he said, had sought "to inderline our commit-Paris of Colonel Ray and Yaacov ment to the struggle against inter-Barsimantov, an Israeli diplomat, national terrorism and to the rule He was also charged with complice of law which serves civilization as ity in an assassination attempt on its ultimate and most appropriate

who violate its most sacred princi- as part of an effort to free Mr. ples, of which the first is Thou Abdallah.] shall not kill."

In his summation, Mr. Abdallah's lawyer, reminding the court of the U.S. sales of arms to Iran, said that the United States did not have any solidarity with its allies.

It wants to impose solutions which it refuses to apply itself," Mr. Verges said.

The French attorney representing the U.S. government, Georges Kiejman, called the verdict "a conrageous decision" and said it represented "solidarity not only with the United States but with all democracies" in the fight against terrorism.

A key part of the evidence used to convict Mr. Abdallah was the discovery of the gun that killed Colonel Ray and Mr. Barsimantov in a hideout he had used. His lawyer argued that the discovery was meaningless since it was made five months after Mr. Abdallah's arrest, in October 1984, and that other persons had used the apartment in the interim.

[A younger brother of Mr. Abillah, Robert Abdallah, said in Kabbayat, Lebanon: "We have nothing to say. What happened has happened. My mother is very, very upset," United Press International

Last fall, some press reports linked other members of the Ab-

CHINA:

(Confirmed from Page 1) that he found them to be "consistently anti-Vietnamese and anti-

Most observers agree that the gan campaign veteran whom Mr. Chinese military seems to have Regan bired recently as White gained influence as a result of Hu gained influence as a result of Hu egan, had not resigned. House political director. Mr. Don-Yaobang's resignation under pres-Mr. Baker has designated Mr. atelli is planning to report to work sure from the post of Communist Party chief. Mr. Hu, who stepped down Jan. 16, was unpopular with the military.

The value of China's trade with the United States has reached \$8 billion a year, nearly four times its trade with the Soviet Union.

But the Soviet Union is offering Conservative Political Action favorable terms for the renovation and expansion of Chinese factories that were built with the help of Soviet technicians in the 1950s.

The Soviets are now committed to working on 24 such factories. The Soviet Union first extended

an invitation to Mr. Zhao to visit The sources said Mr. Baker has not discussed personnel matters with the current White House staff; he is, however, expected to retain the chinese reacted coolly, but

apparently did not formally turn down the invitation, according to an East European source. The invitation was confirmed when another high-ranking Soviet official visited Beijing the following month. ■ Door to West Stays Open

Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian told Mr. Shultz on Sunday that China would keep its door to the West open while remaining a Socialist country, The Associated

Press reported. The forces that favor continued growth in Sino-U.S. relations are growing in strength," Mr. Wn said at a welcoming banquet in the Great Hall of the People.

Mr. Shultz, the first senior U.S. sudden return of high inflation has official to visit China since the campaign against Western liberal ideas began, spoke of the impor-tance of expanded commercial ties. And, he said, history had "shown

In a separate ruling on compensation, the judges awarded Colonel Ray's widow, Sharon, 150,000 francs (\$25,000) in damages and 100,000 francs to each of her two

Mrs. Ray praised the judges for

heads outside Europe - the Soviet lated that he was talking about SSthe package of issues, and that a Union in the Asian part of its terri- 23 missiles that were moved from tory and the United States within the Soviet Union into Eastern Eu-

> decided to deploy 572 intermediate-range missiles in Western Europe - 108 Pershing-2s and 464 SS-20s, which carry three nuclear shorter ranges than the SS-20. warheads each.

Germany and 208 cruise missiles in its overwhelming advantage Soviet Union has deployed 44! SS- low it to match the other side. 20s in Europe and Asia.

"longer range theater missiles" from East Germany and Czechoslovakia as sooo as a medium-range missile accord was signed.

U.S. occotiator in Geneva, had He did not specify which missiles he meant, but some experts specu- forward."

its territory, possibly in Alaska.
In December 1979, NATO allies and cruise missile deployments. rope in response to the Pershing-2

The United States also has been concerned about the presence in those countries of other tactical cruise missiles, each with one nu- missiles such as the SS-21, SS-22. clear warhead - to counter Soviet and Scud missiles, all of which have But at Geneva, the Soviet Union

At the end of 1986, NATO had has proposed a freeze on shorterdeployed the 108 Pershings in West range missiles - in effect ratifying West Germany, Britain, Italy and while the United States has urged Belgium. According to NATO, the ceilings that would effectively al-The West German foreign minis-

Mr. Gorbachev also said that the ter, Hans-Dietrich Genscher, said Soviet Union would withdraw Mr. Gorbachev's proposal cleared the way for an agreement on medium-range missiles in Europe. Lord Carrington, the NATO secretary-general, said the proposal

rate medium-range accord. appeared to be a "substantial step (AP, NYT, Renters, UPI)

Gorbachev Foes: 'Newly Discontented' general terms, about the opposi

By Philip Taubman New York Times Service MOSCOW - Alexander Gel-

man, a playwright, gave them a name: "The newly discontented." They are the people, from high party and government officials to farmers and laborers, who oppose the policies of Mikhail S. Gorba-

NEWS ANALYSIS

chev, whose politics are more open than those of his predecessors. How serious a threat they pose to his programs, and ultimately to his political power, is not clear, but Mr. Gorbachev has recently felt increasingly compelled to address their concerns,

In a speech last week that offered his most candid public comment on able to command a clear majority the opposition, he took the unusual and somewhat defensive step of reassuring the country that he would not plunge the Soviet Union into social turnoil.

In doing so and in confirming that a key party meeting in January was postponed three times because of disagreements, Mr. Gorbachev has given the outside world a rare view of a Soviet leader struggling to build and sustain a campaign for change against entrenched inter-

Most Western diplomats and Sovict officials agree that the opposition, for the moment, poses more of a burden than a threat for Mr.

They say the people and institutions that he has alienated are resisting his policies but lack an alternative program and do not constitute a coherent opposition movement. Nor has another politi-

cal figure emerged in the party leadership to challenge Mr. Gorbachev's position, they say.

hanging on for dear life to the power and privileges they've gotten."

Mr. Gorbachev said Wednesday

That could change, and Western that those who question "the expe-analysts here have started hedging diency of further democratization" asked at a news conference Thurs-their bets a bit about Mr. Gorba- fear that "it will be used by our day about the extent of the opposi-

'Power is in the hands of the top party bureaucrats, and these people are hanging on for dear life to the power and privileges they've gotten.'

- Arthur A. Hartman, Former U.S. ambassador

Mr. Gorbachev appears to be of support in the Politburo, which makes policy, and in the Secretariat, which carries it out, according to Western diplomats and Soviet officials.

They said be still faced sizable pockets of resistance in the Central Committee, with more widespread resistance down through the middle and lower levels of the Communist Party and the government

Most analysts said the opposition was coming from people whose power and privileges were under attack and who were nervous that the more liberal policies pursued by Mr. Gorbachev, including a greater tolerance for dissent, might unleash ever-increasing demands for more freedom.

Arthur A. Hartman, until recentthe American ambassador here. said before his departure: "Power is in the hands of the top party bureaucrats, and these people are

undermine discipline, to undermine the strength of the system." Rejecting that view, he said: "Democracy is not the opposite of order. Democracy is not the opposite of discipline. Democracy is not

the antithesis of responsibility." While Mr. Gorbachev's vision of democracy, including a call for more competitive elections, bears bttle resemblance to the Jeffersonian concept, it has alarmed many Soviet officials and citizens.

Alexander E. Bovin, a political commentator, wrote: "Do we not tend to gloss over the sharpness and depth of the conflict of opinion that is gripping the party and the country?" He made the comments following the contentious January meeting of the Central Committee. Mr. Gorbachev said at that meeting, "There are quite a few

people who are slow to throw off the burden of the past." More and more often, Mr. Gorbachev and others talk, albeit in

Gennadi I. Gerasimov, the Forchev's long-term political survival. people to disorganize society and tion, replied, "The opposition that exists is not in the Pobtburo."

"This is a struggle," he said, "be-tween the old and the new, and the oew is going to win." Georgi A. Arbatov, the director of the U.S.A. and Canada Institute,

said in a recent interview, "The resistance to Gorbachev is misunderstood in the West as organized

He said the resistance really fell into three categories.

"There is the force of inertia, millions of people, not a majority but a substantial minority, who don't want to sweat, who don't want to work any harder," he said.

The second layer, Mr. Arbatov said, is the bureaucracy, and the third consists of ministers, officials, workers, plant managers and others whose jobs have become redundant

Mr. Gorbachev mentioned another source of discontent on Wednesday when he said the goals. he has championed and the promises he has made had created "a revolution of expectations."

"Many want a speedy social and . material return," he said.

The economy has so far been slow to deliver on his pledges of improved consumer goods and services, increased supplies of meat and fresh vegetables, improved working conditions and more flexi-

ARMS: U.S. to Discuss Soviet Offer of Accord on Medium-Range Missiles

(Continued from Page 1) separate agreement on it be concluded, and without delay." Mr. Gorbachev said.

We were assured more than once that if the U.S.S.R. singles out the issue of medium-range missiles from the Reykjavik package, there would be no difficulty to agree to their elimination in Europe," the Soviet leader said. "A good opportunity is now being offered to prove that in practice."

A White House spokesman, Rusty Brashear, said Sunday that the offer "appears to us to be posi-tive from what limited information we have."

U.S. officials said that the Reagan administration had recently completed its own work to draft a treaty on medium-range arms. An administration official said Max M. Kampelman, the chief

been notified of the Soviet move before it was announced. After Mr. Reagan and Mr. Gorbachev had reached an understanding in Iceland on the elimination of medium-range missiles in Europe, the U.S. allies voiced misgivings. of American commitment to the defense of Western Europe and argued that they had invested political capital in inducing the public in

U.S. missiles in the first place. Western diplomats said Saturday that most of the misgivings had been removed. In December, the defense ministers of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization en-dorsed the elimination of Soviet and U.S. medium-range missiles

their countries to agree to deploy

from Europe in five years. The terms described by Mr. Gorbachev call for the withdrawal of U.S. and Soviet medium-range missiles from Europe in five years. Each side would keep 100 war-

Tens of Thousands Tested for AIDS. Soviet Expert Says

New York Times Service MOSCOW - The Soviet Union has developed and is mass-producing a test for AIDS virus infection that has already been used on tens of thousands of people, according to the Soviet weekly Literaturasya

In its Wednesday issue, the newspaper included an interview with Georgi N. Khlyabich, the country's chief public health inspector, that offered the most detailed information to date on the AIDS prevention and treatment programs under way in the Soviet Union

The figures on the number of victims offered in the article differed, though not greatly, from ear-lier official reports. It gave the number of patients as 13, all but one of them foreigners. But it said

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Evangelist Voics to Fast in Effort To Meet 'God's Goal' of \$8 Million

TULSA. Oklahoma - The Evangelist Oral Roberts will begin a marathon prayer and fast vigil March 22 that will last until he either gets the rest of the money he needs for a medical scholarship program or "God calls me home," he said in a letter to the faithful.

Mr. Roberts told recipients of the letter, mailed last week, that he believed they would help him fulfill what he said was God's commandment to raise \$8 million for the scholarships. Mr. Roberts has said God ordered him to raise the \$8 million by the end of March, or The evangelist wrote that he will ascend the Prayer Tower at Oral Roberts University to begin praying and fasting. He said: "If I go from there to Jesus, I will see you in heaven. But I believe that won't

happen, because I believe our God will do this mighty thing and at the

end of March, you and I will know the miracle has happened." On his television program in January, Mr. Roberts told his audience that \$3.5 million had been raised since God told him to fund the scholarships, but that the remaining \$4.5 million had to come in by the end of March.

Belgium's foreign minister, Leo Tindemans, called it an "important and positive step." Sounding a discordant note, the

French Foreign Ministry issued statement on Sunday that called attention to conventional military imbalances in Europe and said that future negotiations should not lead to "the denuclearization of Eu-

In Brussels, a senior NATO offi-cial coted that "the French, ironically, are the least enthusiastic about being under the American nuclear umbrella but the most vociferous about everyone else being under it The NATO commander in Europe, General Bernard W. Rogers, in an interview conducted before

the Soviet announcement, was

quoted in the West German news-

paper Die Welt as saying the West would be "mad" to agree to a sepa-

TREATY: Obstacles Remain

(Continued from Page 1) probably will not address the verification issue, U.S. officials said. Several U.S. experts said they were not surprised by Mr. Gorba-chev's decision to "de-link" an agreement on medium-range missiles from one involving strategic forces and missile defenses. They said the issues bad been connected

more by politics than military need. In particular, the Soviet leadership thought an agreement on medium-range missiles would interest U.S. allies because it would potentially eliminate a threat to their territory, the officials said.

By holding the agreement hostage to constraints on missile defenses, the Soviet Union initially hoped to transform European enthusiasm into pressure on the United States to accept limits oo its missile defense program, the Strategic Defense Initiative.



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Herald Eribune, Published With The New York Times and The Washington Post.

A New Prime Minister

The Tower commission, with its honest and constructive report, gave President Reagan a oew opportunity last Thursday. He seized it on Friday by naming Howard Baker as White House chief of staff. These are good starts on a long and difficult road back to credibility for the president.

Former Senator Baker should be a wise and effective prime minister. That is exactly the role Mr. Reagan assigned to his previ-ous chiefs of staff. James Baker performed brilliantly and things worked well for the administration. Donald Regan functioned poorly and so did the administration, disastrously in the Iran-contra affair. As the Tower commission made plain, President Reagan's "management style" depends on a first-class top aide.

As Senate majority leader for four years, the Tennessee Republican pushed the administration's program through without offense to Democrats. He knows how to keep his party coloration while respecting the value of bipartisanship. Although he lacks executive experience, he has the political savvy to set a substantive agenda for Mr. Reagan and make it happen.

This is also an opportunity for Mr. Reagan and Mr. Baker to strengthen the White House team generally. The recent appoint-

ment of Frank Carlucci as national security adviser has already done so, but much more remains to be done. They might reconsider the commation of Robert Gates to be CIA director and select someone of stature untainted by the Iran-contra fiasco.

On his handling of this disaster, during and after. President Reagan merits little applause. One exception is the commissioners he chose to examine the record and make recommendations. There were doubts about former Senator John Tower, a prominent Republican, as head of the commission, but he acted admirably throughout. The fact that the president also named former Secretary of State Edmund Muskie, a strong Democrat, and Brent Scowcroft, a retired general of the highest integrity, indicated that there would be no whitewash. President Reagan did the right thing in choosing men of this caliber and giving them access to information.

Then the commissioners did their job They put partisanship behind them to seek the truth, as far as they could. Their report hit the Reagan mark, without destroying his presidency. That report and the appointment of Mr. Baker begin the process of transforming a crisis into a problem.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Pakistan and the Bomb

Pakistan's pursuit of nuclear weapons grows increasingly dangerous to itself and to the world. In Islamabad two weeks ago the U.S. ambassador, Deane R. Hinton, urged Pakistan in its own interest to abandon this quest. In Washington, Congress has begun hearings on aid to Pakistan. The connection is the American law that would cut off all aid, both economic and military. if Pakistan built a ouclear bomh.

It is difficult to say precisely how close the Pakistanis have come to actual production of weapons. But Leonard S. Spector of the Carnegie Endowment, in a survey published a few days ago, reports a consensus that they have arrived "at the ouclear-weapons threshold." He also notes that within the past year India has gone to extraordinary lengths to develop a supply of plutonium beyond the reach of international inspection or control. With a history of hostility between them, each of these countries, in its progress toward a ouclear ar-

mory, goads the other to greater exertions. U.S. law prohibits aid to any country that imports nuclear technology, as Pakistan has done, without agreeing to international safeguards. After the Russian invasion of Afghanistan, Congress passed a waiver for Pakistan to bolster its defenses and open a

supply route to the Afghan rebels. But the waiver expires this year, and Congress now must decide whether to renew it. Even under the waiver, aid will continue only as long as President Reagan annually certifies that Pakistan has not huilt ouclear weapons. Ambassador Hinton warned his Pakistani audience that "it is open to questioo whether the president could so certify were he to conclude that Pakistan had in hand, but not assembled, all the oeeded compo-

cents for a nuclear explosive device." But above all Mr. Hinton pressed Pakistan to consider the meaning of ouclear weapons for its own security. India set off a ouclear explosion in 1974 but does not yet have deployable weapons. If Pakistan were to push India to make them, Mr. Hinton observed, it would have to reckon with India's far larger ouclear potential. As both countries began to arm, the temptation to

try a first strike would rise on both sides. There are several places in the world — southern Africa and the Middle East are the others - where a real risk has arisen that ouclear weapons might be used in a regional war. But the risk will remain greatest in South Asia as long as the competition between these two rivals continues.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Listen to Costa Rica

Even mainstream conservatives in Congress who have loyally supported Reagan aid to the contras have been stirred by the new Central American peace plan put forth by Costa Rica. Speaking for them is Robert Michel, the House minority leader, who urges a two-point program oo President Reagan: First, announce a seven-month "peace-plan moratorium" before requesting an additional \$100 million in aid for the Nicaraguan rebels. Second, resubmit a \$300 million aid package for Central American democracies approved by Congress last year but never spent. Both are good ideas that could form a congressional consensus on Central American policy.

The Costa Rican proposal, as outlined by President Oscar Arias, envisions a ceasefire, talks on restoring freedoms and holding elections in Nicaragua, and a suspensioo of U.S. aid to the contras. The idea is less amhitious and hence more practical than the stalled Contadora proposals, and it is a big step ahead of the Reagan administration's first-you-surrender approach.

What gives the initiative special promise is its timing. It comes between the acts.

Coogress is unlikely to be asked to vote for new aid to the contras before October. Funds from last year would still be in the pipeline. The suspension could provide bargaining value since the Sandinists cannot be sure what will happen in the fall. The contras are in the midst of a leadership struggle, and Central American democracies are re considering their interests in the devastating wake of the Iran-contra scandals.

In this flux, everyone is scrambling, including the Sandinists. They first opposed, then welcomed the Costa Rican plan, which

is to be discussed again at a regional summit meeting in Guatemala in May.

Unfortunately, the Reagan administration pursues a policy only of military pressure without a second track of negotiations. That weakens the U.S. position in the region and it could hurt Republicans politically. Why not test Nicaragua's intentions? Why not encourage Central Americans to apply their own skills and instincts to a problem that has baffled Washington? To these good questions, Congressman Michel offers a sane and timely answer.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Education Against AIDS

a meeting in Atlanta that there will be no widespread mandatory testing for AIDS. The conference was called to discuss a proposal by the federal Centers for Disease Control to require testing for hospital patients, applicants for marriage licenses, pregnant women and those being treated for venereal disease. Tests are already mandatory for blood donors, members of the

military and certain federal employees. The decision oot to expand the scope of mandatory testing was made, in part, because there is no consensus on how to deal with positive results. No effective treatment or cure has been developed yet, and there are civil liberties problems involved in disclosing test results to sex partners, employers and insurers. Does this mean that there is no feasible public health program available to contain the disease and protect the public? No, effective education campaigns do serve this purpose and have been endorsed by all the groups attending the Atlanta conference. Since mandatory tests will oot be given to identify AIDS virus carriers, others are well advised to protect themselves, to treat every sex partner, for example, as if that person were infected.

weeks the White House will announce a major program of AIDS education directed oot only at the general public but also at the schools. Some of those advising the president recommend that the campaign stress the importance of restricting sexual behav-ior to marriage, but this is not realistic. AIDS is too deadly to be fought with wishful thinking. Surgeon General Everett Koop argues, as a doctor, that schoolchil-dren should be taught early and explicitly

about how to avoid contracting AIDS. In the coming months it is going to be difficult to keep information about AIDS and sexual behavior from children, Condom ads on television are already forcing parents to deal with these matters. But if children are to be protected in the long run, the subject cannot be kept hidden. It is possible to provide educational material appropriate for schoolchildren of different

ages, and parent participation is desirable.

More than 17,000 Americans have already died of AIDS, and 1.5 million others are carrying the virus. It is too late to be prudish in discussing the crisis with youngsters. Education is the best self-defense.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

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OPINION



Debt in America: A High-Rising House of Cards

MENLO PARK, California — Here are a few reasons why some of the brightest people I know

are worried: In 1986, the U.S. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation closed 138 banks, the most since the Depression

and a fifth consecutive record. Household credit card and mortgage default rates in America have reached their highest levels ever.

Corporate debt-service expense as

percentage of income has risen sharply because of leveraged buyouts and stock repurchases, while the an-oual default rate on junk bonds is currently at least twice its historical average of 1.6 percent.

Finally, the government's annual deficit has tripled since 1981, and the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings remedy is now seen as a sham. And all this is happening when

times are good.

The root problem is debt, too much debt. The best measure of national indebtedness is the ratio of total (private and public) debt to GNP. Between 1950 and 1981, deht remained at about 140 percent of GNP. Since 1981, all sectors simultaneously have gone oo a borrowing binge, so that total debt is nearly 180 percent of GNP. This figure understates matters since it excludes a growing number of "contingent habilities" that do not appear on the balance sheets of depository institutions.

What does today's private and public debt structure portend? some financial shock that could trig-ger a recession — for example, a money-center bank default or a string est payments) imperiled money-cenof junk bond defaults. Second, it im- ter banks. In such an environment,

countries are worse than at any

time since U.S. diplomats returned to Havana in 1977. The top-rank-

ing U.S. diplomat here, Curt Kam-

man, was abruptly withdrawn in

January. Io a deliberate slap,

Washington has made clear that he

Before Mr. Kamman left, Fidel

Castro made the unusual gesture of

receiving him, but both sides kept

quiet about it. Apparently nothing positive resulted. Cuban officials

say flatly that they have given up

The United States

has an interest in

polarization.

defusing U.S.-Latin

on any improvement of relations

for the rest of the Reagan adminis-

tration, and that they do not have

much higher hopes for afterward.

Carlos Martinez Salsamendi, a top foreign affairs adviser in the

regime, said he did not expect to

see normal diplomatic relations or

trade with the United States in his

lifetime, and he is not an old man.

Still, he added, "We are so close to each other, we have to find some

At this point, however, neither side is willing to take the slightest

These were increased by stages

after Washington put Radio Marti on the air, a Radio Free Europe-

type station aimed at Cuba. Ha-

vana then broke the agreement to

allow 23,000 people a year to emi-grate to the United States. Now

Washington seeks a United Na-tions resolution indicting Cuba for extensive human rights violations.

There is nothing wrong with pushing for human rights. The Hel-sinki process introduced the issue

as a valid international concern in

Europe, and that is at last bringing

some substantive results. The re-

lease of prisoners in the Soviet

Union can be seen as a fruit of

pressures based on the Helsinki

accords. Broadening the demand

to other regions may also hring

human benefits one day.
But the context adds to irrita-

tions on both sides. The Castro

regime seems resigned to a long period of mutual hostility, while it

way to live side by side."

step toward easing tensions.

will not soon he replaced.

By Horace W. Brock

plies that the next recession will be worse than previous ones. The reason lies in the likely response of businesses wedged between high debt-servicing costs and de-creasing revenues: a fire sale of corporate assets that would greatly

depress asset values, and hence the collateral of depository institutions as well. Layoffs could use much faster than oormal in a downturn, and consumer confidence could evaporate. Recent events in the farm sector provide a microcosm for observing the dynamics of distress that accompany rising debt burdens and plung-

ing asset values. To cope with such a recession, government would clearly have to step up to bat. But when it did, we could expect government deficits to soar to \$400 billion during the next reces-sion, if not higher. Such deficits would result from normal cyclical revenue shortfalls and expenditure increases, as well as from the need to shore up the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, which insures bank deposits, and the Federal Sav-ings and Loan Insurance Corpora-tion, which insures deposits at savings and loan institutions, as well as the Farm Credit System.

As a corollary of these develop-ments, the Federal Reserve Board would probably have to monetize the deficit ("create money") to a degree ublic debt structure portend? never before experienced, especially First, it increases the likelihood of if a concomitant wave of defaults in

A Cuban deputy foreign minis-

ter, José Ramón Viera, made clear

that Havana intends to do what it

can to mobilize a sense of Latin solidarity against U.S. influence,

building on the feelings provoked by U.S. support for Britain in the

Falkland war and now, above all,

by the debt crisis. Brazil's declaration of a payments moratorium was applauded triumphantly here.

The growing political strength of

the bitterly anti-Castro Cuban-American lobby is bound to put

obstacles in the way of any future

attempts for even minor accommo-

dation. The Cuban exiles have

done very well in the United States.

They have now acquired the mon-ey and the political understanding

to organize effectively. Their Mi-

ami-based leader, Jorge Mas, says

hluntly that they intend to use the

techniques developed so successfully by AIPAC, the American Israel Public Affairs Committee.

Cuhan officials are acutely

aware of these challenges but do not seem to see the longer-term danger of failing to reach a mini-mum of understanding with the United States before this becomes

impossible for domestic U.S. political reasons. Mr. Salsamendi relies

on the integration of the next gen-eration of Cuban-Americans into

the U.S. mainstream, apparently

unaware of how long well-orga-

nized ethnic groups can continue

to dominate U.S. policy on nar-

There is irony in the recent state-

ment by Gaston Sigur, U.S. assis-

tant secretary of state for East

Asia, when relations were estab-

lished with Soviet-domicated

Mongolia: "It is in our interest to

have diplomatic relations with as

many countries as possible so that

This may be even more true of a

country 90 miles (145 kilometers)

from the U.S. mainland, but there

is no prospect of anything but con-

tinued tit-for-tat provocations be-tween the United States and Cuba.

mediate, visible enemy to keep na-

tionalistic, revolutionary zeal alive

in his country. The United States

doesn't. Without offering any un-

requited concessions, it has an in-

The New York Times.

by the war in Nicaragua.

Perhaps Mr. Castro needs an im-

we can deal directly with them."

rowly focused issues.

No Improvement in Sight

In U.S.-Cuban Relations

By Flora Lewis

HAVANA — On one thing, is cuphonic with its success in re-cutan and U.S. officials agree. Relations between the two Latin America in the last few years.

foreign and domestic participants in the American credit market might go on strike. This could lead to a vertiginous collapse in the dollar, and higher interest rates as well

Curiously, some are not troubled by the recent growth of debt and what it may portend. Persuaded by today's free market ideology, they would let the unconstrained forces of supply and demand reign supreme in the debt market. After all, cannot "rational" market participants be counted on to assume the "right" amount of debt? No. Borrowers irrationally tend to take on too much debt, especially when times are good. Kenneth Arrow, the Stanford No-

bel laureate, recently suggested an analogy known as the Earthquake Insurance Paradox. As years pass since the time of the last big quake, people reduce their earthquake insur-

ance. Yet were they rational they would be increasing their coverage, since the probability of the next "big

one" is increasing as time goes on.
Government reforms may thus be needed to save Americans from themselves. On the consumer from, household borrowing should be dis-couraged by eliminating the interest expense deductibility of second mortgages and home equity loans. On the corporate front, fresh policies are needed to make debt financing less appealing and equity financing more attractive. Finally, depository insurance institutions should be consolidated and refinanced.

Such moves would not be welcome in today's anti-regulatory environment. But they may just be rational.

The writer is president of Strategic Economic Decisions Inc., a financial advisory firm. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

They Pocket the Golden Eggs From Somebody Else's Goose

By Daniel A. Rezneck

the greatest moralists in America's history, Louis D. Brandeis, would have been on the seemingly endless disclosures of chicanery on Wall Street. Justice Brandeis (1856-1941) was known to some of his close was known to some of his close friends and disciples as Isaiah, because they saw in him the qualities of which bind the people are forged After a lucrative period in private

law practice in Boston, he became the "people's lawyer" and devoted the rest of his career to representing the unrepresented, afflicting the com-fortable and instructing the nation in constitutional and moral values.

The answer to my question was not hard to find. Lewis J. Paper's hiography contains a succinct statement of Justice Brandeis's philosophy of life - one in such stark contrast with that of the Wall Street felons now parading through the criminal courts as to show that he and they inhabited different moral universes

Said Justice Brandeis to an interviewer: "Some men buy diamonds and rare works of art, others delight in automobiles and yachts. My luxury is to invest my surplus effort, be-yond that required for the proper support of my family, to the pleasure of taking up a problem and solving, or belying to solve, it for the people without receiving any compensation.

I have only one life, and it is short enough. Why waste it on things I don't want most? I don't want money

or property most. I want to be free."
He did not stand in awe of financiers and investment bankers. In "Other People's Money and How the Bankers Use ft," published in 1914,

WASHINGTON—I was curious he wrote: "The goose that lays golden as to what the view of one of eggs has been considered a most valueggs has been considered a most valuable possession. But even more profitable is the privilege of taking the golden eggs laid by somebody else's goose. The investment bankers and their associates now enjoy that privi-

> stock market's frenetic climb to ever increasing heights in the bull market of the 1920s. A year before the great crash, he wrote: "This wild stock speculation far exceeds in height and endurance the limits which seemed to me possible. I still think the day of sorrow is oot remote."

So I think that those rapacious arbitragers, investment bankers, brokers and lawyers whose misdeeds are oow being exposed and who have disgraced themselves, their families and the trades they ply would not have met with sympathy from Justice Brandeis in the light of his unwaver-

The writer, a partner in the law firm of Arnold & Porter, contributed this ment to The New York Times.

itorii inc peodie s own gold.

Nor was he much impressed by the

And after the day of sorrow had come and the depression had set in, when he was asked if he thought the worst was over, he replied, "Oh yes, the worst took place in the prosperous days before 1929."

ing moral vision.
I believe he would instead have echoed with satisfaction the words of Franklin D. Roosevelt's first inaugural address: "The money changers have fled from their high seats in the temple of our civilization."

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

Freud and Lamarck

Regarding "Freud's Fantasy on the Ori-gin of Neuroses" (Science, Feb. 12): Daniel Goleman, after noting the possibility that Freud was influenced by the thought of Lamarck, states that Lamarck's view that acquired characteristics could be passed on to successive generations has been "thoroughly discredited by modern genetics." Either Mr. Goleman is un-familiar with recent scientific history

or he chose to omit what be did know. In the mid-1940s a biologist, also a prominent geneticist by that time, began a series of experiments with maize and corn. Her name is Barbara McClintock. It soon became evident that the conclusions to which her data inevitably led her smacked of Lamarck's inheritance of acquired

characteristics. During the three-plus decades of this solitary endeavor she was progressively isolated from her scientific colleagues for her heresy. By the end of the 1970s, sober colleagues were compelled, in the face of overwhelming data and evidence, to re-examine their position. In 1982 she was awarded a lifetime MacArthur fellowship. In 1983 a hiography, "A Feeling for the Organism," was writ-ten by Evelyn Fox Keller, and at the end of that year Barbara McClintock was awarded the Nobel Prize for Medicine. The wide-ranging impact of her work on virology, developmental ocurology, psychology and genet-

terest in defusing a U.S.-Latin polarization which is only aggravated ics has yet to be explored. The history and philosophy of science are replete with such examples. We do not know what Freud would

now say about Lamarck's newly acquired respectability. But intuition is a respectable scientific tool: Descartes awoke from a dream and used its contents to create revolutionary mathematics. And it is a fundamental tenet of all scientific endeavor, including its reporting, to take account of all the available facts.

Professor LEBERT HARRIS. Division of Psychoanalysis, School of Medicine University of South Carolina Columbia, South Carolina

Philippines: New Space For the News By Jim Hoagland

MANILA — The Conjugal Dictators, as Ferdinand and Imelda Marcos are now called here, controlled or in timidated the nation's major newspapers and broadcasting stations for most of their 20-year rule. They were, in short, right in tune with many of their Third World peers.

With some notable exceptions, the rulers across Asia, Africa and Latin X America have ensured that the media at home have not been sufficiently independent to obstruct their efforts at nation-building, massive theft or simple criminal neglect of their citizens, as the case may be.

Debates over the impact of the media on national security and on policy making have been largely confined to North America and Europe. Such debates are seen as a Northern Hemisphere luxury. Not surprisingly, though, that surprising woman, Cor-azon Aquino, is changing this with her notion of a "democratic space."

The democratic space is a transi-tional moment in Philippine political history that will tell us a great deal about the future of democracy as the media age begins to reach the Third World. Mrs. Aquino uses the phrase to describe the twilight zone that the Philippines is passing through, mov-ing from the despotic Marcos period to the full freedoms which, she has told her 57 million countrymen, lie just over the horizon.

Still ruling by decree until a parlia-ment is elected in May, she ofters to both her followers and her opponents a new space for freedom of expression and political activity. She implies that it can expand or contract, depending on what they make of it.

She intends to survive by strengthening institutions, such as the press, that have a vested interest in centrist rule. Still enormously popular, Mrs. Aquino is a home-grown third force, resisting both the revolutionary left and the autocratic right by "living by prayers and governing by miracles,"

as a chagrined conservative oppo-nent, Blas Ople, puts it. She is thus defying the convention-al wisdom that developing countries are too weak, too immature or too dedicated to some higher goal to permit the kind of press freedoms that are routine in the West.

That she continues to face real dangers while doing this was brought home to me during a long conversa-tion last week with an underground leftist operative who calmly described how her comrades would exploit the democratic space to under-

mine President Aquino.

An admirably disguised Carolina Malay-Ocampo, known to her col-leagues in the National Democratic Front and the Philippine Communist Party as Bobbi, adjusted her wig as I asked if the guerrillas' extensive exposure on television and in the press recently had won them new support from the urban middle class.

The middle class likes to be loved. But it is bard for us to make reassuring noises. We have to get our message across through the media. It is O.K. for putting across a few general ideas, but you can't go into any depth," she said, adding, "We will

put together a new package."

The judgment of diplomats and analysts in Manila is that the guerrilias ultimately were damaged by the extensive media attention, which has prompted them to callously acknowledge responsibility for assassi-nating a popular local politician and to outline radical economic programs that scared listeners.

Such a judgment is reassuring, suggesting that in the Third World as well as in developed countries the media function over the long haul as a mirror or a transmission belt for ideas that the public will judge correctly. But Bobbi does not accept that indepoent. She says the guerrillas reached enough new listeners to justify the exercise, and that the left will be back for new cease-fires and access to the media, to put the insurgen-cy on a pattern of fight, then talk, then fight again, etc.

"Third forces are temporary by na-ture," she said disdainfully of Mrs. Aquino's centrist program. "Social movements tend to polarize the situa-tion. The Third force is useful in transitions, but they are usually a last resort. They appear at a time when the rulers are trying to postpone the real confrontation."

I listened uneasily as I realized that for Bobbi & Co. the democrarie space

was simply a target of opportunity, and that as an interviewer I occupied one small corner of that target. I doubted that, if Bobbi achieved her goal of bringing down Mrs. Againo, there would be much future for a democratic space or for the corner that journalists like me occupy. The Washington Post. -

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1912: Mutiny in Peking PEKING - The mutinous soldiers

tonight [March 1] are pillaging and burning the extreme northern and western sections of the city. Similar conditions are reported in the vicinity of Tientsin, where the mutineers are threatening to attack that city. These outbreaks are due to the recalcitrancy of the Nanking politicians in insisting that Yuan-Shih-Kai must take the oath of office as president there. Thus they are delaying the creation of a Government. The cause of the mutioy was the report that Yuan would leave for the South. The soldiers, expecting the disbandment of their commands, decided to loot the city.

The attitude of the Republican leaders at Nanking cannot be attributed to any other reason than the desire of the Southern politicians to save their face for themselves. Their quibbling is endangering the Republic.

1937: Monks on Strike CAIRO - Coptic monks at St

Mary's Monastery here staged a sit-down strike [on March 1], defying their abbot, whom they accessed of extravagance. They addressed an open letter to the Coptic Patriarch accusing the abbot of reducing the once flourishing finances of the monastery to insolvency. The monks alleged that, because of the abbot's maladministration, the revenues of the institution are insufficient to meet expenses. Efforts by two hishops, the police and prominent Copis to enter the monastery for negotia-tion have failed. There is talk of laying siege to the establishment, but the monks are amply provided with pro-visious and are capable of holding out for a considerable time. The abbot is residing in Caro and the only solution would appear to be his transier to some other post.

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principal, since no payment of any

kind would be made until the bond

interbank offered rate for restruc-

He said the alternative proposal

the International Monetary Fund,

the World Bank, the U.S. Federal

Reserve and the U.S. Treasury.

Hutton to Buy

Purolator for

\$265 Million

NEW YORK — Purolator

Courier Corp. said Sunday that

it has agreed to be acquired for

about \$265 million by a compa-oy formed by E.F. Hutton Group Inc. and some managers

of Purolator's U.S. courier busi-

Analysts said Purolator has

been for sale for some time.

Purolator, a New Jersey-based

overnight messenger company,

said earlier it was considering a takeover bid, but analysts

wrongly predicted the offer was

from another courier company.

Acquisition Inc., is offering \$35

a share for 83 percent of Purola-

tor's stock outstanding in an

offer to begin Thursday. The

rest of the shares are to be pur-

chased for securities and war-

rants to buy stock in a subsidiary of PC Acquisitioo,

cootaining Purolator's U.S.

On Friday, Purolator stock closed at \$35.125 a share, up

courier operations.

The acquiring company, PC

turing the \$3.6 billion.

EUROBONDS

Australian-Dollar Issues Worry German Bankers

By CARL GEWIRTZ

International Flerald Tribune ARIS - Ask a West German banker why he sells Australian-dollar bonds to his clients, and he replies, "That's what the clients want." This is despite the fact that the Australian currency is one of the few to have depreciated against the U.S. dollar, which itself fell 22 percent against the

But the bankers — speaking under condition that neither they nor their institutions be identified — indicate great misgivings at the enormous amount of high-coupon Australian-dollar paper being sold to local investors.

There are no figures available on the amount of A-dollar paper

sold in West Germany, but everyone agrees it is substantial. One measure, perhaps, is the number of West German and Austrian entities that tap the market. So far they account for 40 percent of total new issues, and last week, four of the six new A-dollar issues launched in the Eurobond

"If we don't sell the paper, our customers will go to our competitors."

market were from West German or Austrian entities. Issuers use the funds to swap into floating-rate money at low rates that would be difficult to match any other way. After the swap, they can expect to be paying 1/2 point to 1/4 point below the London interbank offered rate.

"It's totally irresponsible," said the director of a bank that is a lead manager of A-dollar issues. Insisting that he was talking as a private person and not as a director, he said: "The private investor has no chance to follow developments of the Australian economy. He's totally in the hands of his banker."

So why does the banker advise the purchase of Anstralian dollar paper? "Because what else is there to sell?" he says. "The clients won't buy Deutsche mark bonds because the yield is considered too low, they don't want U.S. dollar bonds because the yield is too close to what's available in DM and the currency is suspect, but they do want Australian-dollar paper," which cur-

rently yields around 14½ percent.
"The banker is judged by his boss, who looks at turnover and the money earned for the bank," the banker continued. "There's a lot of money to be made selling Australian-dollar paper."

NOTHER BANKER said, "I admit, it doesn't give me a A pleasant feeling. The management of the bank is torn apart over this question. But if we don't sell the paper, our customers will go to our competitors to buy it."

The view is repeated at all the major banks. Deutsche Bank, for example, withdrew its imprimatur last year, refusing to manage any Australian-dollar issue, only to return to the market.

Like Deutsche Bank, a number of institutions believe that the worst of the currency's decline may be past and that the high coupon may now fully insulate investors against future currency

London bankers take a more aggressive approach. After last year's rout in the A-dollar market, when the currency skidded and interest rates rose, "there are no grounds to believe that clients are not aware of the dangers of buying this paper," one banker said. "There's no question of a blanket of ignorance obscuring the vision of the dangers. Most investors have already

Many of the bankers contend that West German investors did badly investing in many foreign-currency bonds, not just Adollars. Big currency losses were registered in U.S. dollars, Canadian dollars and sterling. Lower coupons on bonds issued in these currencies gave

Continental investors a smaller cushion against exchange-rate changes than A-dollar paper. But declining interest rates in U.S. and Canadian dollars and sterling also gave investors substantial capital gains, whereas A-dollar bonds depreciated as inte rates rose.

The paper losses suffered by holders of A-dollar bonds in any event are only theoretical. Everyone agrees that West German investors are not traders, they hold the paper until maturity. And only then will investors be able to judge whether A-dollar bonds

were a wise choice or a poor one.

The extent to which West German investors have abandoned their own bond market has been dramatic. In the final quarter last year, foreign investors accounted for more than 90 percent of

total domestic bond sales. But with currency rates now apparently stabilized at around current levels after the meeting of six leading industrial nations in Paris a week ago, foreigners have no particular incentive to buy

In fact, most of the Euro-DM bonds marketed now are targeted for West German banks, which have lots of cash and very little credit demand from their traditional customers.

Thus, Iceland, Hoogovens Groep BV of the Netherlands, National Bank of Hungary and Den Danske Bank, which tapped the market last week, were aimed at banks looking to pick up assets yielding more than public issues on the domestic market. But Iceland ran into trouble as the 10-year maturity was considered too long and the 61/2 percent coupon about 1/4 point too See BONDS, Page 9

Last Week's Markets All figures are as of close of trading Friday

Stock Index	-04		Money Rat	les		
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United States Feb.	-		Discount rate		5/2	51/2
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90,00	279 323.41	-0.19 %	Call money .		4	4
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council's price support activities. "The supply rationalization scheme will be applied for as long as necessary to deplete the over-

Gulf States At Goldman, a Defense Is Building To Discuss

Partner's Fight Will Test Rules On Inside Trades

Oil Prices

OPEC Says No

To Early Meeting

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispetcher
ABU DHABI - Deputy oil ministers from six Gulf nations

were scheduled to meet in Bahrain

on Monday to discuss bow to help

each other market crude oil in the

face of resistance from some buyers

to OPEC prices, the official Emirates news agency, WAM, reported

Sunday.

Meanwhile, OPECs president said Saturday that the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

tries had no plans for an emergency meeting to review pricing policies. Rumors have circulated that a

meeting was imminent because of

recent weakness in world oil prices.

An Oil Ministry official in Abu Dhabi said Saturday that a meeting

of oil ministers from seven leading

OPEC members that had been scheduled for March 9 in Vienna

has been put off until April 2. No reasons were given, and Gulf offi-cials did not rule out the possibility

that other ministers from the 13-

nation organization would take

That meeting is to disenss

The developments came as oil

OPEC's troubles in enforcing its

\$18-a-barrel pricing agreement

traders and analysts said they ex-pect crude prices to weaken further

this week to around \$16 a barrel.

The U.S. benchmark grade West

Texas Intermediate crude closed

near \$16.60 a barrel on Friday in

the cash market and on the New

York Mercantile Exchange, a de-

cline of around 20 cents from

John Azarow, senior energy trader for Shearson Lehman Broth-

ers, said the spot price for West Texas and for crude futures could

While OPEC agreed in Decem-

ber to curb output in order to raise

prices, traders say they now believe

OPEC is exceeding its new quota of

15.8 million barrels a day by as

Traders and analysis named Ku-wait and the United Arab Emirates

See OPEC, Page 9

fall to \$16 a barrel or lower.

much as I million barrels.

reached in December.

Thursday.

By John Crudele New York Times Service NEW YORK - Last fall,

Robert M. Freeman was working out in a park in his hometown of Rye, New York, when he came upon a friend. And, as it often had before, the conversation between the two men turned to Wall Street's insider-trading

"He and I have had conversations about this general subject going back years," said the friend, Jules Kroll, head of Kroll Associates Inc., a firm that does investigations for companies. "And philosophically we were on the same wavelength — that there was a crying need to limit the flow of information and to send a message within organizations that it was bad business to permit any kind of leakage of mformation" oot available pub-

That tête-à-tête, in retrospect, is particularly ironic, since Mr. Freeman, 44, the partner in charge of Goldman, Sachs & Co.'s arbitrage department, was arrested earlier this month in the ever-widening insider-trading investigation.

His arrest on Feb. 12 in his Broad Street office in the middle of a working day sent a chill through the already-flustered brokerage community. Aside from its timing, the arrest upset brokers because Mr. Freeman as a person and Goldman, Sachs as a firm had always been considered the cream of the business.

They are a completely honorable, reputable, straightforward house," said Robert Pirie, president of Rothschild Inc., another investment banking concern. Tve never heard anyone challenge their integrity."

Mr. Freeman gets equally high marks. "I've known him for years and I've always had the highest respect for him as an individual and a professional," said Mr. Pirie. Added Thomas Murphy, head of Capital Cities-ABC and Mr. Freeman's nextdoor neighbor for nearly 10 years: "He's a fine family man. Everything I know about him I



The New York Stock Exchange on Wall Street.

The Justice Department and the Securities and Exchange Commission, which for nearly a year have been unraveling the activities of a large insider-trading ring paint a different pic-

In the complaint that led to his arrest, the government charged that Mr. Freeman had leaked confidential details about the takeover defense that Uoocal Corp., a Goldman client, was going to use in fighting a hostile bid from T. Boone Pickens, the Tex-

The information, the complaint said, was given to Martin A. Siegel, who at the time was head of the mergers and acquisi-tions department at Kidder, Peabody & Co. Mr. Siegel quit a similar job at Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc. earlier this month and pleaded guilty to criminal insider-trading charges a day after Mr. Freeman and two other Wall Street executives were ar-

In return for the details about Unocal, the government asserted, Kidder, Peabody gave informatioo to Mr. Freeman about a takeover attempt against Storer Communications that allegedly proved helpful to Mr. Freeman's personal trading account.

Mr. Freeman, who is free on \$250,000 bail, has demied the allegations, and Goldman, Sachs, where he has worked for more than two decades, is said to be vigorously helping in his defense. Wall Street sources, moreover,

say an internal investigation of Mr. Freeman's dealings, coo-ducted last week by Goldman, Sachs and others, has unearthed no wrongdoing.

The case of the Goldman, Sachs partner and his troubles holds a special fascination for the company's competitors on Wall Street, where there is a perverse pleasure in the fact that even a conservative, upright or-ganization such as the 118-yearold Goldman, Sachs can be caught up in accusations of ille-

Even more important, howev-See GOLDMAN, Page 11

Philippines Set To Offer Banks **New Debt Plan**

MANILA — The Philippines government and its bank creditors were set to resume negotiations matured. Monday on rescheduling more
Mr. Ongpin said Manila was
than \$9 billion in debt, after a
sticking to its demand of a spread three-month hianus marked by bit- of 0.625 percent over the London ter verbal sparring.

Members of the 12-nation bank

advisory committee expressed optimism on Sunday that the talks had already been well received by would end relatively quickly. Philippine negotiators were said to be proposing an innovative pricing plan that would make debt payments through so-called certificates of indebtedness rather than cash.

The Philippines is asking the banks to reschedule on easy terms about \$3.6 billion of debt falling due from 1987 through 1992 and to improve terms on about \$5.8 billioo of previously restructured

The bankers flatly rejected Manila's initial bid in November for a 20-year rescheduling term with an unprecedented margin of 0.625 percent over Eurodollar rates.

Manila in turn rejected the bankers' proposal of 1.375 percent over Eurodollar rates.

Both sides grew increasingly testy, and in January Manila accused Citibank of delaying the reschedul-ing talks, and threatened to bar the U.S. bank from doing business in the Philippines. The Philippines owes \$27.8 billion to foreign banks and governments.

Finance Secretary Jaime Ongpin said Saturday that Manila's new proposal was designed to avoid an impasse when the talks reopen, He did not give details but said it would permit both the banks and

the Philippines to say they had achieved their pricing targets. Business Day oewspaper in Manila, quoting oegotiatioo documents to be presented to the bank committee, said Sunday that the Philippine debt certificates would carry maturities of five or six years. It said the certificates would be

classified as zero-coupoo bonds or promissory notes with oo interest but would be priced at a considerable discount from their redemption price. It said the debt bonds would

entitle bolder banks to a guaran-

\$3.375. Purolator agreed recently to sell its Canadian courier opera-

tioo for \$170 million, and previously had sold its automobilefilter business, the company's original activity.

India Achieves Growth, **But Problems Arise**

Recent Economic Gains Are Threatened

By Steven R. Weisman New York Times Service

NEW DELHI - After two years of widely applanded liberalization measures, India's economy has achieved solid growth but also has run into new problems that threaten to undercut the recent gains.

The fresh dangers are also creat-ing political headaches for Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi when many of his other policies are also coming under attack.

The difficulties were under-scored over the weekend when the government announced its ecothe new fiscal year. Among them were high inflation, a wide budget deficit and a poor trade balance outlook — all of which could

dampen future growth. The deficit of nearly \$6.5 billion in a \$32 billion budget this year was especially worrisome because it came from increases in government wages, military spending and food assistance to drought areas — fac-

and consumption, and appealed to

the United States oot to undermine

efforts to prop up the price of the

"We ask their understanding to

sia's mines and energy minister,

He announced quotas for all seven members of the Association of

Tin Producing Countries and said that two nonmembers, Brazil and China, would support the drive to

The quota system takes effect for

one year. It began Sanday.
Prices collapsed in October 1985

when the International Tin Council in London ran out of money to

back a price support system that

kept prices high.
Mr. Subroto, current chairman

of the association, said the associa-

non members, together with Brazil

and China, controlled 90 percent of expected production in 1987. Quo-

tas would help restrict supply and reduce stocks left over from the

help the developing countries and

especially the tin producers," Indo-

Subroto, said here Saturday.

push up prices.

Tin Producers Agree

On One-Year Quotas

IAKARTA — The world's leading tin-producing nations announced quotas Sanday on exports

hanging stocks," Mr. Subroto said.

He estimated the present surplus at \$1,000 metric tons, which would be reduced to 20,000 tons world-

tors that may be still harder to cootrol in the future.

For example, after a major in-crease already this year, the military budget is due to rise another 25 percent next year because of ten-sions with Pakistan and the cost of high-technology weaponry. In political terms, Mr. Gandhi's

aides acknowledge that his honeymoon was over long ago, and that his standing has recently deteriorated further. Sunday's newspapers. for example, were filled with attacks on his budget as failing to address deep-rooted problems. Meanwhile, the prime minister is

nomic and budgetary forecasts for criticized by many businessmen and Western economists for not accelerating his early drive to lower taxes, reduce government regula-tions and encourage foreign imports and investments.

"The economic policy started off very well," said Vishno Hari Dalmia president of Dalmiz Cement.
"But while trying to untie some knots, the government has run into

See INDIA, Page 9

wide in two and a half years, be

said, "at which point free-market

called on the United States to re-

strict sales from its strategie stock-

pile, which is estimated at 150,000

Members would contact Wash-

ington through diplomatic chan-nels to urge the United States to

restrict sales to 3,000 tons a year, down from previous sales of 5,000

The quotas would limit the asso-

ciation's exports and consumption

to 96,000 tons a year, about 8 per-

The association agreed in January, at a meeting at Knala Lumpur,

Malaysia, to cut exports and con-

sumption to 96,000 tons a year. Mr. Subroto announced a quota

for Australia of 7,000 tons, for Bo-

livia of 13,761 tons, for Indonesia

of 24.516 tons, for Malaysia of 28,526 tons, for Nigeria of 1,461

tons, for Thailend of 19,000 tons

and for Zaire of 1,736 tons. He said

that China had said it would coop-

crate with the association and that

Brazil would hold exports to its

Mr. Subroto said the association

forces will prevail."

cent below 1986.

Which international investment bank serves you best in yen finance?

Japan. It's only logical. All around the world, wherever you find the IBJ Group you find expertise in yen finance. As a leader (some say the leader) in the Japanese capital market, no one is more qualified or better able to meet your yen-related financing needs the way we do. Precisely because IBJ delivers a full spectrum of investment banking services worldwide, you'll find that the international capital markets are just a little bit closer and a lot more accessible than you probably ever imagined.

The Industrial Bank of

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Talk about connections Close associations with over 90% of Japan's top 200 companies the largest coverage among



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by" Frank Lorenzo.

New International Bond Issues

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the	issuer	Amount (millions)	Mat	Coup	. Price	_	Terms
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lim il a	Lives	\$150	1992	14	100	100.00	
	STARS	DM 300				100.00	Over 6-month Liber. Noncollable. Fees 0.10%. Denominations \$100,000.
	STRIPES	OW 300	1996	3/16	100	_	Over 6-month Libor until 1992 and 16 over thereof
		£ 100	1996	0.20	100		Collable of por in 1992. Fees 0.10%. Over 3-month Liber until 1992 and 16 over thereof
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-1	Credit d'Equipement des Petites et	\$125	1992	714	10134	90 25	New Hall Control
24 A	Moyennes Entreprises					,,,,,,	Nancaliable, Fees 1%%, Denominations \$10,000.
1.4	Monufacturers Life Mortgage Securities	\$ 92	1993	7%	107		
	Monufacturers Life	#2 to =			101		Moncollable and collaboralized, Fees 176%.
and the second	Mortgage Securities	\$148.5	1997	814	100%	-	Noncollable and collaterolland, Fees 2%.
	Queensland Development	\$100	1992	71/4	100%	97.88	Noncollable, Fees 17/%
4.5	Authority	· · ·					
	Christiania Bank	DM 150	1992	5%	115%	114.00	Noncollable. Each 5,000-mark bond with 10 two-year v
ا المارية المارية	12 7000						rotts each giving right to buy \$500 at a fixed exchange of 1.83 morts per dollar. Breakeven exchange rate
i.	Den Danske Bank	DM 250	1993	5%	100	97.35	marks per dollar, Fees 2%,
• ·	Deutsche Bank Finance	DW 300.	1993	51/2	100%	98.90	Collable at 100% in 1992. Fees 26%. Noncollable, Fees not disclosed.
in Maria	Hoogovens en	DM 150	1992	6	0011	AP	
``	Staaffabrieken toekand				991/2	98.40	Noncollable. Fees 2%.
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	Hungary	DM 200	1994	6%	100%	98.25	Noncollable. Feet 2)6%.
	Nippon Telegroph & Telephone	DM 300	1997	61%	100	98.25	Noncollable, Fees 297%
	Banque Nationale de	£ 50	1994	10	10134		
	Poris				10174	77./5	Callable at 100% in 1972. Fees 176%.
	Mortgage Bank of Denmark	OK 500	1992	zero	59%	57.63	Yield 11%. Noncollable, Proceeds 293 million knower, F
	Federal Industries	C\$ 40	1992	914	100%		Norcellable, Feer 18%,
	Newfoundland Province	C\$75	2007	91/2	10114	99.38	Callable and redeemable at par in 1995 and 2001 when r
	Receipts for	C\$ 100	1994	81/2	100	<u> </u>	terms may be set. Fees 2%.
	Government of Canada Bands due		1774	972	100	78.13	Noncollable. Fee: 1766.
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	Xerox Canada Finance	C\$ 75	1997	9%	1011/4	98.88	Noncolloiple. Fees 2%
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	Landesbank				10122	7720	Projeticonicing, Projet ZAL
	BMW Finance Credit Suisse Finance	Aus\$ 100	1992	141/2	1011/2		Noncollable. Fees 2%.
	Genossenschaftliche	Aus\$ 100	1992 1992	141/2	101%		Noncolloble, Fees 2%. Noncolloble, Fees 2%.
	Zentralbank	700470	1772		10174	77.03	Pontigradus, Foes ZA.
	IKB Finance	Aus\$ 40				99.50	Noncolloble. Fees 2%.
	GMAC Australia	Aus 40 .1	1992 -1990		10114		Noncoficible, Fees 2%
	Finance	14230	1770	10	10134	99.38	Nancollable, Fees 192%
	Caisse Nationale des Télécommunications	Y 20,000	1994	51/6	102%	100.25	Noncollobia, Faes 176%,
٠.	China Int'l Trust &	Y 10,000	1992	1	101%		Coupon will be 1% in first 2 years and 7%% thereaft
	Investment				·		Noncolioble, Fees 197%,
:	Chugoku Electric	¥ 15,000	1993	5	10134	100.13	Noncollable, Fees 1864,
•	Eurofima	Y 20,000	1993	514	104%	- 1	NoncoBoble, Feer 176%
	Ford Motor Credit	Y 15,250	1992	5%	104%	. = 1	Noncollable, Feet 13/3.
	Nippon Kokon	Y 30,000					Narvoolloble, Ferm 136%,
	Oesterreichische Kontrolibank	Y 13,000	1993	5	102%	100.13-1	Nancoflable, Fees 136%;
•	Royal Trustao	Y 10,000	1992		101%		Noncolloble, Free TRIK.
	Tokyo Electric Power	000,000 Y	1992	4% -	101%	99.88 . 1	Noncollable, Fees 196%.
	EQUITY-LINKED		1992	open	im	100.50	Course but Tank at 2029, 23 \$11. Fr. 1 ar are
	Best Denki	\$ 70	1774	Open			Coupen indicated at 3%%. Noncolable, Each \$5,000 no with one warrant exercisable into company's shares at a superced 25% premium. Fees 26%, Terrus to be set March
	Cellolor	\$ 60	2002	6	100	100.50	Reclaemable at 171 in 1994 to yield 750%. Convertible at \$
	Communications				<u> </u>	1	per share, o 20% premium. Fens 26%.
	ILI International	\$75	2002	614	100		Collable at 104 in 1989. Convertible at \$20% per share, 20.15% premiers. Fees 25%.
٠.	Mitsubishi Estote	\$300	1994	open	100		Coupon indicated at 344%, Monagliable, Each \$5,000 so with one warrant exercisable into company's shares at a
					<u>. </u>		expected 299% premium. Fees 296%. Terms to be set March
:	Omron Tateisi	\$1 <i>5</i> 0	2002	ореп	100		Semiannual coopen indicated at 2%%. Callable at 103 1992. Convertible at an expected 5% premium, Feet 2% Toronto ha ant March 4
	Electronics	e ne	2000	61/4	100		Ferms to be set March 6. Collable at 103 in 1990. Convertible at \$19% per share.
	Wyle Laboratories	\$ 25	2002	G74		:	23.2% premion. Fees 25%.
÷	WARRANTS				2021	\$21.25	
	Morgan Stanley	1.2	1989	- '	\$211/2	1	hit waxants exercisable at a 5% premium into a quarter of the value of shares underlying the Major Market Inde raded on the American Stock Exchange, either in stock or i
	(Jersey)						racted on the American Stock Exchange, eather in stock of a costs, Fees 25/14.

BONDS: Bankers Worried by Australian-Dollar Issues

stingy. The paper ended the week down a sharp 3 points from the offering level of 100%.

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 $r_{\alpha\beta} = e^{-\alpha\beta/\alpha^2}$

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Den Danske Bank's 5% percent coupon was also regarded as too low and the amount too big, pushing the price down 2% points.

The exceptions were Nippon Telegraph & Telephone's 300 milhon DM of 10-year bonds priced at par with a coupon of 6% percent. The terms were very tight, making the yield slightly more generous than West German government paper but less generous than the federal post office. The issue, designed to replace maturing government guaranteed paper, is the first from the newly privarized company.

NTT swapped the funds into floating-rate dollars at a cost of Libor and swapped that into fixedrate yen at 4.3 percent, a saving of shout 'n percentage point compared to what the company would have paid to borrow yen directly.

Deutsche Bank's 300 million of six-year paper was offered at 100% with a coupon of 51/2 percent. Allowing for the 14 percent selling commission, the paper yielded 5.7 percent, in line with the yield on the bank's domestic bearer bonds.

Christiania Bank's five-year notes - bearing a two-year currency opinon to buy dollars at a fixed rate of 1.83 DM - was also well

The Euroyen market was also active, with bankers reporting that Inperiese investors were now consither than taking an exposure in in fixed income securities, while in in fixed income securities, while in Suins Chapoku Electric Power co: terest in Treasury deht issues

(Continued from first finance page) and Tokyo Electric Co., were estimated to have saved about half a ing-rate notes went through anoth-

percentage point by issuing Euroven rather than domestic bonds. There was very little activity in the dollar market. The only exception was in equity-linked issues, all of which were well received.

The market for perpetual floater crisis last week, its third since December, as prices tumbled sharply and half of the banks making markets pulled out, leaving only five banks quoting prices, down from 40 last year.

Rates Decline Despite News On Consumer Prices, Trade

By Phillip H. Wiggins New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Interest rates slipped as prices edged up in the credit market late last week, despito the fact that consumer prices for January rose and the trade deficit

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

for the month widened more than expected.

Discount rates on Treasury bills ended Friday essentially unchanged, while prices of notes and honds showed moderate gains.

"Consumer prices were up. which is bad news, but imports were unexpectedly lower, which the market read as good news," said James Grant, editor of Grant's Interest Rate Observer.

Mr. Grant noted that despite the sharp rise in consumer prices, yields on government bonds declined. The most notable feature of the market has been the recent flight from, not to, quality," he said. "Junk bonds continue to at-

among individual investors wanes, except for those who buy government issues through mutual fimds.

Friday, the long 7½ percent bonds of 2016 ended 14-32 higher, at 100 17-32, for a yield of 7.45 percent, down from 7.49 percent.

The \$14.8 billion January trade gap was far wider than the December deficit, though still an improvement from November's results. Some economists' estimates of the deficit had ranged as high as \$15.5

billion. The Consumer Price Index was slightly above what traders had expected. The index rose 0.7 percent

U.S. Consumer Rates Feb. 27 5.50 % Tel Exercis Books Rend Buyer 20-Bond Index 457 % Money Mortest Pends Depopher's 7-Day Average 597 Sank Marky Market Access Harris Marinopa, PHILE EVERSE 2.26 % Source : New York Times.

Airlines Watching Texas Air's Battle With Eastern's Unions

Mr. Lorenzo's name is frequent-

ly invoked in discussions between

brink of a conflict whose outcome is expected not only to determine relations throughout the industry.

chairman, Frank A. Lorenzo, and Eastern's unions promises to be and Eastern to pressure their comlong and hard-fought. The parent company has said it plans to cut fering discount fares so low that ments since the airline industry be- spokesman for the airline said he regulation. "What he has been fam-Eastern's labor costs by \$490 mil. other carriers find it hard to match came deregulated in 1978; cost cuts could not disclose the details of the out for is bypassing the unions." lion, or about 30 percent, and has them. begun what union leaders say is a campaign to pressure workers into airline meetings," said Louis A and president, Robert L Crandall, concessions, a campaign the unions wow to resist.

Marckesano, an airline analyst recently wrote to American pilots with Janney Montgomery Scott urging a resolution of differences.

sets and routes to Continental, a parable."

By Martha M. Hamilton

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — Texas Air

May occur over Eastern's anlevel," he said, "it's probably going to be one big labor war over the and benefit reductions which made this possible were not achieved by

Martha M. Hamilton

May occur over Eastern's anlevel," he said, "it's probably going and benefit reductions which made this possible were not achieved by

Martha M. Hamilton

May occur over Eastern's anlevel," he said, "it's probably going and benefit reductions which made this possible were not achieved by

block in court. At the same time, competing airthe future of Eastern and its em- lines are interested in the outcome ployees but also to influence labor at Eastern. Texas Air's considerable cost advantage, resulting from

Eastern's continued existence Inc. in Philadelphia, "they all say may turn on the outcome of the they have to get their prices down battle. Though he has promised the and immediately refer to Continenunions that he will maintain East- tal's labor costs, but when you can as a separate entity, Mr. Lor- compare the other major carriers to enzo could transfer the airline's as- each other, they're all pretty com-

New Ontario Securities Rules **Upset Canadian Government**

TORONTO - The Ontarin gov- requirements in the Ontarin regulaby the Canadian government,

to federal authorities to regulate. become law on June 30, would allow banks and other financial comtablish their own securities units.

1987, and acquire complete owner-

But the Ottawa government's minister of state for finance, Tom Hockin, said Friday that some of the functions that the Ontario Securities Commission proposes to regulate have traditionally been exempt from provincial regulation.

self." Mr. Hockin said.

Corp. and the union workers at its

to Continental — a move that

It might be more practical for negotiation; they were the result of union leaders say they may try to someone to try to organize nonthe financial failure of Continental

has achieved over the industry in industry, has allowed Continental the past decade. Mr. Lorenzo has petitors. Currently, Eastern is of led the way in two major develop-"When you attend any of these

carrier merged from three largely "If they attempt to get their la-nonunion airlines. An early battle bor costs down to Continental's

emment's formal introduction of tions that dictate which activities draft rules to open up the securities must be carried on in a separate industry has been met with concern subsidiary, Mr. Hockin said. hich says the province is intruding into an area that should be left

The rules, which are expected to panies in Ontarin to own up to 100 as among those producing above ers, another council member would percent of a professes from or er. Guota. percent of a brokerage firm or es- quota.

Foreign institutions would be allowed to buy as much as 50 percent of a securities firm after June 30,

The insertion of a second authority would lead only to confusion and uncertainty - and would not be helpful to the industry it-

and consolidation. American Airlines' chairman

over a contract there. enjoys block-hour costs of less than than longer-term employees, even union airline.

Ottawa is also concerned with to a higher growth path," the Fi-quirements in the Ontarin regula-nance Ministry reported this week.

OIL: Gulf States to Meet on Sales Pact

(Continued from first finance page) oil because of pressure from buy-

Bul Knwait's nil minister . At Monday's meeting, WAM Sheikh Ali al-Khalifa al-Sabah, desaid, the ministers would discuss nied that the country was pumping how to carry out that agreement.

above its daily qunta of 948,000 Four of the council states, Saud barrels.

ship on June 30, 1988.

The proposals were announced guota at official prices, while some late last year and introduced formally on Friday.

"If we can sell more than our Copies while some open of the other two, Bahrain and Committees are suffering difficulties of the other two, Bahrain and Oman, closely coordinate oil policies with OPEC. the newspaper interview, "it means

rels a day of its 285,000 quota, the operations of the market." because buyers were resisting official OPEC prices.

Four of the council states, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates,

He was apparently referring to the cartel plans to stick to last De entirely to the business communi-Qatar, which industry sources said cember's agreement despite what ty," said an aide to the prime miniswas selling fewer than 180,000 bar-he called "attempts to manipulate ter.

Oil ministers of the Gulf Cooper- ditions," he said. "We believe that report that it is now easier to ex-

the newspaper interview, "it means we in Kuwait are unusually clever," man of Nigeria, said Saturday that wise. "We can't be seen catering sell its products overseas.

nounced big new subsidies for housing for slumdwellers and the urban middle class.

mentals exist for stable market con- prime minister's intentions. They of other developing countries. ation Council agreed at their meeting on Feb. 22 in Doha, Qatar, that passing temporary phenomenon."

the current volatility must be a pand businesses or start new entering on Feb. 22 in Doha, Qatar, that passing temporary phenomenon."

(AFP, Reuters)

(AFP, Reuters)

their labor costs with two-tier agreements, but few airlines can union workers at Continental, he and the subsequent imposition of match what Mr. Lorenzu has

very low rates and marginal work- achieved at Continental. What Lorenzo has been famous He added: "In our judgment, it is for is not really taking on the the management and unions of oth- counterproductive for you to en- unions at all," said Peter Cappelli, The struggle between Texas Air's some of the lowest salaries in the er airlines, a measure of the sway he courage tactics of the sort followed associate professor at the Universiy" Frank Lorenzo. ty of Pennsylvania's Wharton American reached a tentative accord with its pilots Feb. 20. A airline industrial relations after de-

> In 1983, Mr. Lorenzo cut short American pioneered one of the negotiations with Continental's major cost-cutting moves in the air- unions by filing for protection unline industry in 1983 when it nego- der Chapter 11 of the federal banktiated a contract with a two-tier ruptcy code laying off workers and salary structure. Under two-tier unilaterally slashing salaries. He "At Continental, Frank Lorenzo agreements, new hires are paid less also began New York Air as a non-

INDIA: Problems Threaten Recent Economic Gains

appears to have greatly benefited

(Continued from first finance page)

now is half-hearted."

The prime minister and his economie advisers take solace in the nomie advisers take solace in the fact that India's overall picture is been in taxes, where the prime minbetter than in the 1970s. "Clearly, ister, an avowed Socialist, conethethe Indian economy has moved on

Growth has remained at about 5 percent, substantially higher than a

less enacted sweeping tax cuts. corporate and personal income tax

taking office.

decade ago. Industrial production tax evasion. Businessmen and many econo-

use the increased revenues to provide still more tax cuts to encour-

age more growth.
Instead, the prime minister plowed the money back into pover- the fears of most, in that he proty programs, rural health care and posed minor changes in regulatory education. Last weekend, he an-

Critics see such steps as inconsistent with the need for industrial promises, he has failed to take the growth. But officials say that ignoring the needs of the poor would be

Businessmen and Western econ-

In addition, a recent poll of 20 from the delicensing and deregula-leading industrialists in a Bombay tino measures that Mr. Gandhi an-business magazine gave Mr. Gannounced in early 1985, shortly after dhi fairly high marks for his major

policies and pronouncements.

But their faith was also shaken by recent developments and missteps. Perhaps the biggest was Mr. Gandhi's abrupt removal last In two years, despite the tax cuts, month of the finance minister, V.P. Singh, architect of the liberaliza-

receipts jumped 40 percent, al-though at least part of the increase Mr. Gandhi said he needed Mr. also resulted from a crackdown on Singh as defense minister because of the danger of war with Pakistan But businessmen worried that it mists, clated by these results, have signaled a slackening in his com-

In the budget, presented before a packed house in Parliament on Saturday, Mr. Gandhi seemed to allay and tax policies but left the main

thrust of his program intact. But among Western economists and many others, the main criticism remained that despite his politically difficult steps to make the economy more efficient and

Indian industry is now so overmanned, cumbersome and antiquated that textiles, steel, machinery and other products are too "We are satisfied that the funda- omists still seem impressed with the high-priced to compele with goods As a result, despite its recent

gains, India's \$200 billion economy still has one of the poorest growth

Subdued Demand Continues to Drive Down Borrowing Costs

By Carl Gewirtz

down borrowing costs.

Demand sons: the moderate rate of world been appointed dealers. economic expansion and the relatively healthy current-account bal- present hall in the market to renegoances of countries that usually tap the market. Banks flush with cash are competing for useful outlets to deploy it, while companies - fearful of the impact of the Latin American debt crisis - look for safer havens than banks for their cash surphises.

Banks are obliged to grant lower borrowing charges and this is compressing the fees for all borrowers

At the same time, bankers report that the increasing investment flows into the commercial paper, or CP, market are pushing down yields available on that short-term paper as well as broadening and deepening the market, creating a clearer tiezing among issuers.

CP issued by high-grade sover-eign borrowers remains the most sought-after paper. Sweden, one of the biggest issuers, is currently able to issue paper at rates ranging up to 25 basis points, or 0.25 percentage point, below the London interbank bid rate, which currently is 6% percent for three-month funds.

CP market, it was paying 10 to 12 basis points below Libid.

Companies with a triple-A rating

on their long-term debt are currently able to issue CP at costs ranging from 6 to 12 basis points below

The third tier is companies whose short-debt carries the highest A-1, P-1 ratings but whose longterm debt is below triple-A. These can raise money at a cost close to

The final ner is unrated papercompanies that have never sought a rating for either their long- or short-term debt. Depending on the name, the costs range from Libor (the interbank offered rate, which normally is % point higher than Libid) to Libor plus 20 basis points.

Bankers report an increasing domand for this latter category as investments shift out of the market for floating-rate notes, buffeted by the upset in perpetual notes and the flight from U.S. banks.

The latest unrated issuer to enter this market is a Norwegian finance company, Lefac, owned equally by Christiania Bank and Uni Insurance. Both owners have issued a socalled comfort letter assuring no change in ownership as long as Lefac's CP is outstanding. Christiania Bank and Morgan Stanley were appointed dealers to market as much as \$100 million of CP for Lefac. Another unrated issuer, Virgin Group PLC, has appointed Cri-

corp and Lloyds to market as much as \$100 million. BAT International Finance, car-

THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

tying the guarantee of its British tion fee of 2 basis points. The com- As the prime rate, currently at points over Libor for the first four International Herald Tribone
PARIS—The subdued demand for new credit continues to drive

The subdued demand for new credit continues to drive

Type guarantee of its british but its british but the loan is expected to be point over Libor, lenders are of 7½ basis points over Libor for the first four mitment fee remains at % percent, is a full percentage years and 20 basis points over Libor, lenders are of the largest program in pounds drawn no later than April as South obliged to subscribe on a pro-rate of 7½ basis points will be charged by a British company yet seen.

Korea steps up its prepayment of basis. Likewise for the Ex-Im porcarlier, more expensive debt.

County NatWest and Lloyds have

Sweden, meanwhile, is using the

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

tiate lower terms on a stand-by credit that has so far never been used. The size of the line is being cut by a third to \$1.2 billion, the life extended four years to 1995 and the for rectuced to 4 basis points for the first four years and 5 basis points for the final four years, down from closer to the floor established by the 61/4 basis points it had been paying.

However, if the line is drawn Sweden will pay additional utilization fees of 21/2 basis points to draw 25 to 50 percent of the amount, 5 basis points for as much as threequarters, and 10 basis points for more than that. The drawing charge was also cut to 4 basis points over Libor.

In the syndicated loan market, South Korea, as expected has begun seeking lower terms on its debt outstanding Korean Exchange Bank is seeking to reduce the charge on a \$500 million loan that was never drawn and which has only seven years still to run to 1/4 When Sweden began tapping the point over Libor for the first year and % point over Libor thereafter. This is down from the original 1/2 point over Libor for the first two years and % point over Libor there-

The bank is

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the first to re-establish its access to then divide the Turkish portion bethe market, has been using the lull tween Libor and prime pricing. in the syndicated loan market to

of which is guaranteed by the U.S Export-Import Bank. Interest on the \$85 million guaranteed by the Export-Import Bank is set at 1/2 point over Libor. Half of the \$85 million guaranteed by Tur-key will bear interest at ½ point over Libor and the other half at % point over the prime rate of Bank-

Turkey, the first big borrower to underwriting equally between the run into repayment difficulties and Ex-Im and Turkish portion and

Turkey has nne year to drawn on step up its borrowing. The latest is the Ex-Im portion and two years to a \$170 million, six-year loan, half draw on the parallel credit. The draw on the parallel credit. The commitment fee paid to lenders pending usage is 1/2 percent on both

The city of Akureyri in Iceland is tapping the market for \$32 million to help finance its hot water system. The 10-year credit, in the form of transferable loan certificates,

will bear interest of 171/2 basis

If you haven't seen lost week's INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS rubric.

SELECTED IL.S.A.Z.B. DETOTATIONS BJD ASK Bitter Corp 31/4 * 3% 3214 32 GoodMark Foods 14% 15 MAG Holdings 574 5 NAV-AIR 21/4 21/2 2114 2115 Spectradyne WITH COMPLIMENTS OF

CONTINENTAL AMERICAN

These are indicative prices as of Fab. 26, 1987

INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS You will find below a listing of job positions published last Thursday under the rubric International Positions. **EMPLOYER** SALARY TITLE **REGIONAL SALES** Highly R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Int'l S.A. MANAGER Competitive £15,500-£18,355 HEAD OF INFORMATION Amnesty International. SERVICES per annum SECURITY POSITIONS U.S. Airline. RESPONSABLE FIGEMOB. DE HAUT NIVEAU

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INTERNATIONAL	(Cont	inued From Back	Page)		
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212-765-7754	All motor Credit Cords Accepted fel: 437 47 41 / 4742 12 noon - michight	* AMSTERDAM * ESCORT SERVICE. 68 11 20	BOME CLUB SURGER ESCORT & Goide Service, Tel: 06/589 2604 or 589 1146 From 4 pm to 9:30 pm)		
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Jeffries, Steinberg in TRE Bid ties and Exchange Commission is investigating the investment banking firm of Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc., the stockbrokerage Jef-Saul Steinberg; and a company controlled by a Hollywood producer, Burt Sugarman, to determine SEC has challenged the way the whether securities laws were violat-ed in connection with Mr. Sugarman's 1986 bid for control of TRE Corp., a California aerospace com-pany. Sources said the SEC's review of the TRE matter raises questions about economic relationships involving Drexel, Jefferies and other entities.

John Olson, an attorney m the Washington office of Gibsoo, Dunn & Crutcher, confirmed Friday that TRE recently was contacted by the SEC and in a contacted by the SEC. ed by the SEC and is cooperating with the myestigation. A Jefferies spokesman said the stock brokerage house also is cooperating with SEC investigators by providing certain documents.

Treasury Bonds Feb. 27 Wilceso I yield 2 6.35 6.66 6.79 7.34 7.24 7.71 7.56 Close W Sid Ask Yield 99 27/31 99 28/32 6.32 100 100 27/3 6.49 99 38/32 99 28/32 6.63 99 38/32 99 28/32 6.63 99 38/32 99 28/32 6.72 100 4/2 100 14/2 7.17 117 12/32 137 4/32 7.62 100 12/31 100 14/2 7.46

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EUROPEAN COMMUNITY

Bonn and Commission Quarrel Over Farm Prices

By Peter Maass

BRUSSELS - A major dispute has broken out between the West pointed by this German offensive German government and the European Community Commission unilateral positions that Bonn over proposed farm prices for 1987-88.

Ignaz Kiechle, the German agriculture minister, said last week that the commission's plan to freeze prices and phase out currency-adjustment supports to farmers amounts to a "declaration of war" against Bonn.

"We are going to use all of the political, legal and financial means available to end this discrimination against German agriculture," he said. "We are ready for B fight if the proposals are not withdrawn."

His comments were only a bit more savage than the remarks of Chancellor Helmut Kohl in a letter to Jacques Delors, the commission president. EC sources say the letter described the farm proposals as one-sided and at odds with ideas that Mr. Delors outlined to Mr. Kohl during a recent meeting.

In effect, Mr. Delors was ac- enough between Brussels and cused of misleading Bonn. Mr. De-lors was said to be highly disapand exasperated at the increasingly stakes out on farm issues. West Germany's surprising dis-

ute with the commission was illustrated by another unorthodox statement made by Mr. Kiechle. He criticized the two German commissioners, Karl-Heinz Narjes and Alois Pfeiffer, for not defending

German interests. Those remarks drew an angry reaction from the commission, which pointed out in a statement that the EC's founding treaty requires commissioners "to exercise their functions in complete independence and in the general inter-

est of the community. The commission added that the commissioners "do not solicit, nor accept, instructions from any government," and warned Bonn that the treaty calls on member states to "not seek to influence" the com-

Bonn, the commission also decided last week, in a case involving Hoechst AG, that the West Ger man government has failed to en-force EC competition rules in an adequate fashion. The commission is likely to take Bonn to the Euro-

pean Court of Justice. Extension Given on Limit On Radioactivity in Food

After a prolonged wrangle, EC members decided last week to extend until Oct. 31 temporary limits on the amount of permissible radioactivity in food products.

The member states also said they would decide in June on permanent regulations to replace those imposed in May after the disaster at the Chernobyl ouclear power plant in the Soviet Union. The commission was asked to propose rules for The limits that were extended

allow for 370 becquerels of radiation a kilogram in milk and babyfood products. All other food can have as much as 600 becauerels of

Goldman is said

to have found no

wrongdoing in

radiation. The limits apply to the EC's agricultural imports and ex-

Delors Calls for Members

To Elect His Successor

Mr. Delors has called for his successor to be elected by national parliaments and the European Par-

Mr. Delors said in an interview with the French newspaper Libération that eventually the commis-sion president should be elected by universal suffrage in the EC. Uotil that becomes possible, he said, the EC's 12 parhaments should name

the commission president. Currently, the head of the Brussels executive body is appointed by

the member-state governments.

Mr. Delors, who believes that the 17-member commission is oversized, also said the group should be reduced to 12 members. He reportedly believes that decision-making on the commission is too cumber some with 17 men sitting around

GOLDMAN: Wall Street Roots for Freeman to Mount a Strong Defense

(Continued from first finance page) er, is the fact that other Wall Street firms seem interested in how Goldman. Sachs handles itself in B crisis that they, too, could face.

"There are people rooting for Freeman," said one trader. If Gold-man, Sachs fights, many on Wall Street reason, it may help slow down the storm that threatens to engulf the financial community.

Goldman, Sachs itself is strongly supporting Mr. Freeman, permitting him normal access to his office, as well as time to consult with his

lawyers.
"He was doing exactly what he should have been doing," is report-edly the rallying cry for Mr. Free-man being heard around the halls of Goldman, Sachs. "They sell and publicize what he did," said one Wall Street source, referring to the interdepartment cooperation that allowed Mr. Freeman to work alongside the firm's mergers and acquisition team.

As head of Goldman's small but profitable arbitrage department, Mr. Freeman was active in betting on takeovers, and the ultimate

By David A. Vise

tain documents.

Sources familiar with the TRE investigation said the SEC is look-

ing at ournerous possible violations of the securioes law. These could

include the purchase of TRE stock on the basis of confidential, inside

information about a coming take-over bid; the formation of an illegal "groop" that purchased TRE shares and put pressure on the

company's mbbagemeot; the "parking" of TRE stock to conceal its true ownership, and the filing of false financing documents with the

FC U.S. S. inf1 inst, Syrs & over public issuers, 8 yrs & over ladustriats, 8 yrs & over ladustriats, 8 to 7 yrs Pounds sterling, 5 to 7 yrs

Coa. 5.5 to 7 yrs

Weekly Sales

Feb. 16 8.14 8.15 8.29 10.41 9.24 8.27 5.0 9.48 13.93 14.59 5.49 5.12

5.17 8.28 19.34 9.29 8.20 8.30 9.31 14.14 14.43 5.67 4.94

1,020.40 1,890.00 - 97.40 1,30 - 1,80 --0 3,679.40 13.00 0 4,602.20 1,504.30

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — The Securi-

SEC Is Investigating Drexel,

But there was more to the job with the way Goldman handled than that. As head arbitrager, Mr. takeovers. The same is true at most Freeman would be called upoo by members of his firm's mergers and acquisitioo team to evaluate offers and the reactions of other arbitrag-

nounced its \$100 million insider

trading case against Ivan F. Boesky in November, is part of a broad

SEC review of Wall Street stock

trading and corporate takeover

Jefferies said Friday that the

firm listed a \$5 million loss on its

Angeles Times reported from New York. The loss resulted from a legal settlement paid partly by its chief

A Jefferies spokesman said the firm disputes the agency's interpre-

comment.
If the SEC prevails, the effect of

ter-tax carnings by an undeter

earned \$25.8 million for the year

and \$7.7 million in the quarter.

5% 6% 7% 9 9% 7% 9 7% 11 9%

mined amount.

executive officer, Boyd Jeffries.

an internal inquiry and to be vigorously helping Robert M. Freeman in his defense.

other brokerage firms, according to

At this point Mr. Freeman, or any other arbitrager, would be prohibited from boying or selling the That is standard operating procedure," said one person familiar other corporation involved. stock of Goldman's client or the

In the course of B day, these experts added, Mr. Freeman would normally be required to keep in touch with arbitragers at other firms. And Mr. Siegel, who not only headed the mergers department at Kidder, Peabody but also was the informal head of its arbitrace department, would have been a natural source of information.

In cootested proxy battles, such as the one involving its client Uno-cal, Goldman's arbitrage department would have been even more active. Mr. Freeman would have been expected to contact other "arbs" who held large amounts of Upocal stock and try to persuade them to surrender their votes to

Whether Mr. Freeman crossed the ill-defined line between legal and illegal contact with the other arbitragers will probably be the hottest issue of the case, Goldman, Sachs, experts believe, will probably contend that even if Mr. Freeman surrendered information that he should not have, it was done

Wall Street Review

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A۸	ΛΕΧ	Mo	st Ad	ctive	s	I N	YSE	Mo	st Ac	tive	s
VoL		High	Low	Lost	Chng.	Vol		High	Low	Last	Chas
ALC NOB (NOT B) STORY ST	51503 31850 27439 22935 22935 21007 19312 17512 1448 13295 11793 10542 10248 10248 6760 6300 6356 6261	151/2 34/8 20/9 49/4 87/4 16 39/4 30/9 48 30/9 87/8 17/9 48/9	13 kg 27 kg 17 kg 34 kg 28 kg 27 kg 25 kg 27 kg 27 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 27 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 28 kg 27 kg 28 kg	137s 20 48 % 16 377s 33% 257s 30% 257s 87s 87s 177% 23% 6465	+4% +2 % +15% +15% +26% +26% +26% +26% +26% +36%	AMMOI AT&T Novistr DuqLi IBM MIdSUI AMEXS MORSES Clificrp Sears Philiper Exxon FlaPra Kerox PhiloEl Ahmas 2 GenEi Texoco	140482 116670 97988 90644 90446 73514 69636 67235 65624 61249 60454 58615 58358 58358 58358 58358 58358 58358 58358 58358 49786 49784		27% 67% 134% 138% 148 68 511/2 511/2 4014 4014 4014 227% 4014 337%	37% 721/2 73% 137% 139/2 14% 45% 45% 40% 731/2 231/2 231/2 231/2 231/2 231/2 231/2	14
AK S En S SIr el Ep S Oll 8	5854 5854 5594 5247 5155 5145	140 1374 744 9 234 4240	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	14 13% 7 9 32%	+130 +130 +130 +130 -140	GMol NtSerni Chevrn USX PonAm ArchD s	47315 47035 45815 45813 45512 45048	7734 1674 50 2476 574 1914	7314 1412 4616 2314 474 1874 Sale	74% 15% 49V ₂ 23% 4% 19	-12% +160 +160 +160 -160 -160 -160 -160 -160 -160 -160 -
				Sale	s Vol.					Sale	Vol.

the change would be to reduce pre-tax profit by \$3.8 million, and af-**AMEX Diaries** Jefferies carned \$13.7 million for 1986 and \$4.3 million in the fourth quarter. Before taxes, the company

NYSE Diarles 896 1059 223 2178 246 19

International Bond Prices

158Uer	CPn	Mat	Price	Mat	YId	133Uer	CPN	MAGE	PHICE	UNCIT	TIG	ISSUEL	Cpn	MOT	Price	Mat	YK
	(Cor	rtin	ned)			Philip Morris	74	27	9914	7.55	7.30	EDF	476	95	11094	5.18	6.23
	,~					Philips inti	•	93	10314	8.30	6.72	EDF	5%	96	10214	5.22	5.50
Ali Nippon Air Austria	1876	93	10614	7.93	8.47 9.66	Queensland	74	92	77	7.27	7.70	EIB	444	74	104	5.27	5.74
BFCC	934	72	105%	8,28 7,54	8.97	R J Revnoids	5%	91	1037	7.56	6.30	Eurofima	6% 5%	75	10514	5.38	4.79
BFCE	27.	93	102	8.21	2.44	Rabobank Ni	94%	95	105%	8.58	7.07	Eurofimo	576	93	103%	4.87	5.42
BFCE	936	96	10734	1.48	9.16	Rababank	7%	94	96%	7.73	7.40	Eurofimo	794	93	105%	5.47	4.27
BNP	71/2	93	97V2	7.42	7.51	5AS	9	95	105%	5.10 8.39	8.55	Eurofimo	61/4	75	10544	5.95	683
BNP	77	93	100¥z	7.78	7.04	SNCI	-	93 95	18574	B.12	1.55	Finland	574	91	103	5.64	6.15 5.22
BNP	870	95	1041/2	8.11	8,49	Sanwa inti	7	95	1034	8.35	8.67	Finland	514	91	10472	4.43	5.50
Bocob Finance	714	73	94	\$20	7.71	Sec Poc	874	90	1021/2	7.84	8.54	Ford Motor	674	91	10814	449	4.94
Bayerische Ver Bao Di Roma	994		100%	7.85	8.31	Sumitomo	874	93	104	7.04	8.41	GEC	514	73	10414	443	553
CCCE	744	93 93	997a	7.53	7.51	Sumitomo Fin	9	83	1051/2	7.97	B.56	Geni Motors Co	54	71	104	4.47	5.53
CCCEWIS		66	11	NO.	,	Sumitomo Corp	914	73	10614	7.99	8.71	GMAC	612	90	1051/2	4.43	614
ČČĚ	914	95	105	1.23	8.73	Sweden	672	96	92%	7.68	7.04	GMAC	5.0	91	1021/2	4.74	5.24
CNT Tra A	994	93	10874	7.62	1.97	U B Norway	7 87k	75 90	10314	7.44	8.72 8.47	Goodyear	676 776	94	104%	6.07 6.24	475
C N T Tra B	770	95	1074	6.51	9.14	Victoria P A Watt Disney	894	94	10344	5.02	8.43	Goodyear	644	94	10514	5.07	4.75
Carelli	894	95	102%	9.30	663	Walt Disney	714	95	10444	8.31	1.72	IBM	F24-	97	10464	4.40	
Colgate-Palmol	676	91 92	10174	7.48 7.60	7.86 6.71	World Bk A	184		1064	7.60	9.45	Italy	54	92	10314	75	52
Cr.Lyonnois Credit Nati	176	95	95 105%	7.89	8.39	World Bk	914	72	10776	7.64	8.63	ITT Corp	674	73	109	4.67	6.17
Creditonstalt	875	94	10514	7.93	843	World Bk	846	73	10514	7.50	8.20	MMM	994	71	10414	4.63	5.52
Dal-Ichi	77	ñ	9914	8.00	7.94	World Bk B	10%	94	10714	6.90	9.73	McDenalds	672	92	108	4.43	6.02
Denmork	774	92	100Vz	7.62	7.71	World Bk	8V2	75	105	7.68	5.18	Montreal City Morson J P	6-74	95	107%	5.34	4.77
Denmark	772	94	7975	7.89	7.88	World 8k	744	97	10095	7,07	7.71	NIB	•	94 91	105Vz 105Va	5.04	5.47
Denmark	744	96	97	7.94	7.80	3.7	σ.					NIS	7	93	11114	4.48	5.07
E C S Trom A	1074	89	1061/8	7.96	1B.13	Yen	201	ra	iøh	10		NIB	574	95	10314	5.26	557
ECO		97	1013c	7.73	7.06	101	34		~~	- 13		New Brunswick	756	95	11136	5.42	441
EDC	674	M	91 V2	7.72	6.97	ADS			113	4 10		New Zealand	746	27	10734	4.45	7.10
EDF.	994	95	107%	8.38	9.05	ATOC	7.40	94 96	10414	5.10 5.39	453 526	New Zeoland	746	90	10714	4.39	6.53
EDF	<u>*</u>	77	105%	8,15	651	Allied Corp	44	97	1047	5.54	244	New Zealand	51/2	97	10344	4.69	532
EDF	7%	96	1414	7.83 7.33	7.52 7.37	Allied Signal		71	107Va	530	***	Nippon T&T		93	104%	4.95	5.50
EEC	77	퀽	100% 99%	756	7.52	Amex	574	őí	10436	4.74	544	Nippon T&T	54	94	1044	5.29	344
	71/2	92 93	77-74 105	7.50 7.50	2	Amex	574	73	10414	5.05	5.64	Nord Landesbk	61/2	93	106	4.93	4.02
EEC .	89h 79h	73	76Va	72	75	Austr Control	994	91	10472	4.56	5.50	Norway	574	91	10314	458	5.23
CEC	7%	ũ	991/2	7.72	7.66	Austrolia	5V2	91	10314	444	5.33	Pac Gas	7	94	10946	5.40	6.37
EIBTraA	874	90	10374	7.54	834	Austrio	7	93	11136	5.17	626	Penney Jc	674	92	1867	4.69	6.20
CIB	1034	96	108	8.07	9.95	Austria A	994	96	10274	6.26	5.49	Philip Morris	44	91	107	4.52	6.07
CIB .	74	91	997	7.40	7.38	BFCE	574 -	96	10214	5.43	5.62	Postiponki	6V2	91	10676	455	400
E / B Tra B	834	93	10316	7.96	845	Barclays Overs	6	96	10376	8.46	5.78	Postiponki	994	93	104%	4.84	5.49
CIB	846	73	1051/2	7.46	5.18	Bayer Londesbk		91	10414	471	5.64	Postiponki	676	96	10072	5.41	6.11
EIB	7%	94	9972	7.72	7.66	Bayer Vereinsb	576	91	194%	4.81	544	Proct & Gamble	6	91	1047	4.64	5.72
EIB	1014	94	11136	7.51	9.05	BPCA Finance	6	93	10574	5.00	5.71	Proct & Gamble		72	198V ₂	444	6.11
CIB	24	95	11114	7.52	876	British Petrol	7	92	13046	4.58	6.33	Proct & Gamble	5% 4%	93	10474	4.97	5.52
Elf Aquitaine	394	88	101%	7,41	8.25	CNT	644	73	10776	4.67	5.81	Quebec Hydro	472	94 91	10714	4.96	6.04
Euralem	7%	96	77%	7.79	7.58	Can Nati Railw	61/2	76	10774	5.39	6.03	SEK	454	96		4.57	570
Eurofima	7%	76	997h	7.45	743	Conado	6¥±	91	106_	4.44	5,78	SER	44	91	109 104	424	6.06
Eutelset	9	73	10214	3.48	1.00 P	Conoda	5 Va	931	04.050	4,87	5.41	Sollia Mos	676	93	1001/2	5.75	6.47
Fiat Fin Trade	874	90	1021	7,92	8.57	Conadian Pacif	674	26	10994	5.39	6.17	Sears	67%	73 91	10974	444	4.11
Flat Fin Trade	0	91	100%	7,74	7.95	Çoca Çelo	514	76	102%	5.36	5.60	Sweden	5%	'n	103%	444	6.30 5.21
Ford Canada	276	73	10476	7.99	6.50	Council Europe	6	76	10514	529	571	Sweden	51/2	'n	10396	457	
GZB	7	93	9474	7.43	7.24	Credit Foncier	61/2	76	10874	524	5.78	Śweden	514	96	18144	5.0)	5.31
Gillette	7¥2	73	100%	7.36	7,45	Credit Nati	5Y=	72	101%	4.72	504	Sweden	514	95	162	5.18	5.18
1ADB	10	93	11176	7,54	8.96	Denmark Feb	5Va		07.050	4.88	5.07	Sweden	7	96	7054	5.16 5.24	5.44
IBM	014	90	1037a	7.08	7.98	Denmork Jan	5%	93	101%	4.06	5.07	T RW inc	ž	24	104%		5.70
Italy		96	511%	7.50	- 1	Denmork	6	92	107	4.63	6.19	Utd Tech	6%	92	10075	6.18	6.67
LTCB	74	91	107	7.40	7,57	Denmark Mis Bi		92	11074	4.70	6.34	Walt Disaw	444	96	108%	4.54	4.06
MOL	7%	96	102	8.81	9,44	Denmork	57k	73	105Ve	4.92	5.57	Warld Bk	646	70 90	1067h	5.45	4.13
Machine Bull	914	72	103	8.43	B.B6	Danmerk	674	96	1077	5.26	5.91	Warld Bk	746	93		423	6.20
Mees & Hope Bk	•	72	10394	4.07	147	Dow Chem	7_	74	10475	6,18	6.67	World Bk	444	94	114% 110%	5.00	6.65
Megal Finance	10%	90	10716		9.45	e c o	576	91	1031/e	443	5.27	World Bk	7	75 94		5.00	4.01
Merrill Lynch	7	70	9872	7.43	7.11 l	CDF	534	71	10472	453	5.50	World Sk	594	76	112 10386	4.96	625
Milsui Trust	844	93	10374	8,09	854	EOF	5Va	76	100%	B.82	5,07	World Bk	814	70	1087a	524	5.54
Moet-Hermessy	9	91	10514	7.40	8.54								075	70	1907	5.22	5.97

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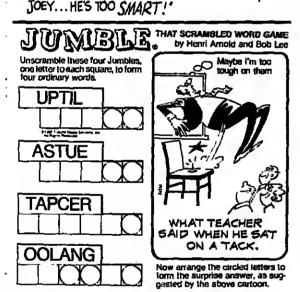
36 Obtains 38 Hitch in plans 40 LLB. holder 43 Swiss painter Paul 46 David is one 47 Declaim 48 Swear to

created 52 Posts 55 Engrave with 57 This does It 58 Consumer 59 M. Coty 61 Wager

New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska



"HOTOOG'S NOT TOO DUMB TO LEARN TRICKS,



THE COOK Jumbles: BRINY ACUTE STUCCO FETISH Answer: When his wife gave birth to quintuplets, he could hardly believe this —
HIS "CENSUS" (senses)

WEATHER

EUROPE LATIN AMERICA NORTH AMERICA CHICAGO
Destroit
Honolule
Honolule
Honolule
Honolule
Minnopapalis
Montreal
Nassau
New York
Seattle MIDDLE EAST **OCEANIA**

MONDAY'S FORECAST — CHANNEL: Slight rough, FRANKFURT: Overcost, Temp. 11—8 (32—48). LONDON; Cloudy, Temp. 18—10 (52—53). MADRID: Fair. Temp. 18—5 [84—61]. HEW YORK: Rainy, Temp. 18—5 [58—41]. PARIS: Overcost, Temp. 12—9 (54—48]. ROME: Overcost, Temp. 13—0 (55—44). TEL AVIV: MA ZURICN: Overcost, Temp. 16—8 [32—44]. 17—11 (54—55). MANILA: Foly, Temp. 34—25 [53—77]. HONG KONG: Cloudy, Temp. 17—13 [43—55]. MANILA: Foly, Temp. 31—2 (58—72). SEGUL: Foly, Temp. 13—4 [37—21]. SINGAPORE: STORMY. Temp. 22—24 [39—75]. TOKYO: FORGY, Temp. 10—1 (39—34).

SPORTS

SPORTS BRIEFS

L. Wadkins Leads Windswept Doral Golf

MIAMI (AP) - Lanny Wadkins shot an early 6-under-par 66 and let winds of up to 40 mph (64.5 kph) destroy his challengers Saturday in the third round of the

Doral Open golf tournament. Wadkins stood at 207, 9-under-par. Ken Brown of Scotland was at 209 after a 69. Severiano Ballesteros shot a 74 in the wind and Bernhard Langer had a 76 that included a triple-bogey 7 from the lake on the 18th.

Don Pooley, with 71, was at 210. Fred Couples and Lennie Clements, each of whom shot 74, were tied with Ballesteros at 211. On Friday, Ballesteros, Langer. Switzerland, who is renowned for Couples, Clements and Larry Rinker had been tied for the lead at 137.

Talinum Wins Flamingo Stakes at Hialeah

HIALEAH, Florida (AP) — Talinum raced into the Kentucky Derby picture Saturday by carrying Angel Cordero to the jockey's first Flamingo Stakes victory. It was Cordero's 17th time up in the Flamingo.

Talinum won by a half-length after a stretch drive that took him past the favored Cryptoclearance with less than 1/16 of a mile (10 meters) to go. Leo Castelli was third.

LONDON (AP) — English soccer executives said Saturday they were pleased the title Saturday when Wasmeier that the European governing body, UEFA, had agreed to discuss on March 10 was injured in a fall during the whether to allow England's teams back into the continent's three major club downhill race and was sent home tournaments.

After the May 1985 motine, largely by English

After the May 1985 rioting, largely by English fans, that led to the deaths of 39 persons at the Liverpool-Juventus Champions Cup final in Brussels' Heysel stadium, England's teams were harred from that competition, the Cup Winners Cup and the UEFA Cup.

Solution to Friday's Puzzle AERO RANEE TIDE SPOTTEDEARSHELL SPOTTEDEARSHELL HOWTO SWAMI REL LUII NITA SPECKLEOTELLIN OAR HEAR SEINE BLIP SWORE CEDE OMNIA SODA TEO LITTLEJEWELBOX TOLU NIL EPA HALES BEACH ZEBRAPERIWINKLE RELY SPADE DIAL

For the Record

tained his World Boxing Association junior bantamweight title Saturday by knocking out Ellyas Pical of Indonesia in the 14th round in Jakarta. (AFP) Yu Myung-woo of South Korea kept was third in 1:28.53 his WBA junior flyweight title Sunday Girardelli's 21st on

John Thompson of Georgetown University was approved Saturday by the U.S. Olympic Committee as men's bastimes in a row this season," he said. ketball coach for the 1988 Games.

A Belgian cyclist, Michel Goffin, died in a Marseille hospital Saturday triumph for a Swiss team that has after injuring his head in a race. (UPI) dominated like no other in World

Zurbriggen Skis to World Cup Overall Title

wrapped up the World Cup overall record set in 1970 by France.

On Saturday, Peter Müller of Mair of Italy third in 1:54.84. his late-season rushes, kept alive his bid for a fourth World Cup downhill bile by winning that race

with Girardelli finishing second.

Zurbriggen, by finishing second

Sunday, gained 20 points and increased his total to 294 in the overall standings. Ronner-up Markus Wasmeier of West Germany, even by winning the season's last six races,

thought Wasmeier had injured his spine, but doctors said later he had fractured a rib.

Girardelli, who had narrowly dofeated Zurbriggen for the overall title the last two seasons, won his first race this season by completing the single run down the 2,310-yard (2,118-meter) Spiess course in 1 minute, 27,14 seconds, a substan-tial 1.34 seconds faster than Zur-briggen. Leonhard Stock of Austria

Girardelli's 21st cup victory was by stopping Panama's Eduardo Tunthe lone highlight of a miscrable
non in the first round in Seoul. (AFP) season during which his left shoul-

> "I finally caught up with him on the Zurbriggen's title was the latest

lom race at this resort on Japan's course in 1:53.89. Girardelli was

Zurbriggen of Switzerland women's teams, two more than the points, 15 fewer than Zurbriggen, more than Zurbriggen now has. It The 29-year-old Müller, who in his first discipline title in seven skiing title Sunday when he finished second to Marc Girardelli of his 100th cup start won his 15th years of racing but instead placed
Luxembourg in a super-giant slarace, shot down a 9,831-foot Spiess 23d, his worst finish of the season.

The 29-year-old Müller, who in his first discipline title in seven er, who won his last fittle in 1982 sweeping the final three races.

Zurbriggen said he "made a made a ma

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches Cup history. Switzerland already The victory, Müller's second of and at Calgary, Alberta — Müller FURANO, Japan — Pirmin has 33 victories from its men's and the season, increased his total to 95 could finish with 115 points, five Zurbriggen could have wrapped up would be a familiar finish for Müller, who won his last title in 1982 by

over the

Some Are

Zurbriggen said he "made a mis-By winning the last two races - take just after the starting point. I northernmost island of Hokkaido. clocked in 1:54.64 with Michael at Aspen, Colorado, where he has almost fell on the soft snow but I an unprecedented four victories, rallied in the later part." (AP, UPI)

Schmidhauser Wins Slalom Crown



Corinne Schmidhauser of

Switzerland vented her delight after winning a slalom race at Zwiesel, West Germany, that gave her the 1986-87 women's World Cup title in the event. Tamara McKinney, the leader, did not finish the race.

ZWIESEL, West Germany — Corinne Schmidhauser of Switzerland won the World Cop slalom title fourth with 159. Saturday, edging out Tamara Mc-Kinney of the United States by scor-

schmidhauser, 22, posted a total time of 1 minute, 32.73 seconds with runs of 46.10 and 46.63. Erika Hess of Switzerland, who is retiring from the circuit at the end of the season, was second in

1:33.48. She was followed by Austria's Roswitha Steiner in 1:34.05. Hess, 24, was the defending World Cup slalom champion. In February, she had won the combined and slaiom titles at the World Championships in Crans-Montana, Switzerland.

Schmidhauser won the World Cup statom championship with 110 points. McKinney had been the leader with 99 points. But on Saturday, she was only seventh after the first run and she dropped out on the second run after hitting a gate and nearly falling. McKinney fin-ished second in the season slalom standings, with Hess taking third place with 96 points.

Schmidhauser's victory had little impact on the overall World Cup standings. Maria Walliser of Switzerland leads with 239 points, with

with 230.0, Brigitte Oertli of Switzerland third with 174 and Hessay.

Schmidhauser, in ninth place overall with 112 points, said the sialom title had been her goal.

"I'm right where I wanted to be." she said. "I was worried going into the second run even though I was in the lead, because I could tell the course was getting worse and worse. Now, I'm just happy." Thirteen skiers fell or went out

on errors in the first run down the Grosser Arber slope. Six more, including McKinney, Schneider and Oertli, failed to reach the end of the second run. Both runs had a vertical drop of 152 yards (140 meters).

Rain mixed with snow fell inter-mittently throughout the race and the fog that shrouded the slalom course became so thick toward the end of the morning run that the late starting skiers hardly stood a chance of qualifying among the top

30 finishers. Schmidhauser was in full control on the course covered with wet snow. She raced through the 48-gate first run in .22 seconds faster than the next best skier, Camilla Nilsson of Sweden, and, although virtually assured of victory, kept up the pace in the second run. (UPI, AP) in the second run.

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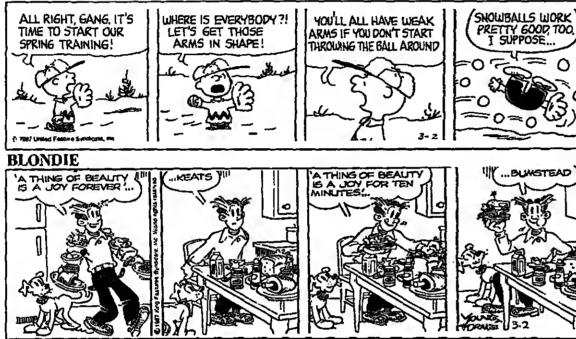
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PEANUTS













WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW / Via Agence France-Presse

Amsterdam

Shares were firm on the Amsterdam stock exchange last week, except in the financial sector, where there was concern over Brazil's decision to suspend interest payments on a

portion of its foreign debt.

The ANP-CBS General Index rose slightly to 264.1 from 263.9 the previous week, while total volume came to 4.47 billion guilders, down slightly from 4.58 billion.

In the cryping area, dealer said trading

In the coming week, dealer said, trading would probably be influenced by annual profit reports from Royal Dutch/Shell and Unilever,

two leading issues. Frankfurt

Trading was listless on the Frankfurt stock exchange last week, with the Commerzbank index giving up 35.5 points to end the week at 1,711.7.

The announcement of a 44 billion Deutsche mark (\$24.08 billion) tax cut beginning in 1990 proved insufficient to stimulate trading. Invesinterest and currency rates following the Paris meeting of finance ministers last month.

Bank issues were weakened by anxieties connected with the South American debt crisis.
Commerzbank lost 7.30 DM to finish at 254,
Dresdner Bank was down 16 DM to 333, and
Deutsche Bank gave up 20 to close at 645.

Among the week's major losers were the energy group Preussag, down 25 to 147, and Schering, in pharmaceuticals, which lost 51 to finish at 586.

Hong Kong

The Hang Seng index swung from day to day in heavy trading, closing Friday at 2,877.87, up 50.47 points on the week. The Hong Kong index climbed 24.73 to close at 1,841.20. The Hang Song index climbed 51.61 points

on Monday to close at a record 2,879.01. Opinion was divided between the skeptics, who felt the index was due for a major technical correction, and the optimists, who pointed to expected major agreements involving local magnate Li Ka Shing's Cheung Kong Holdings and the announcement this week of several of the larger Hong Kong companies' results for

The optimists had the last say and Friday's close was barely 2 points off Monday's high.

London

Good economic news and pre-budget opti-mism boosted shares to new peaks last week on the London Stock Exchange.

The Financial Times 30-share index briefly hreached 1,600, although it slipped back shead of the weekend to close up 32.8 points on the week at 1,599.8. The more widely based FT-SE index, mea-

suring 100 leading shares, closed 17.7 points higher at 1,979.2. The number of transactions, however, Iell from 270,517 to 239,397. Drug-related issues remainted at the fore, with Glaxo particularly in demand following a satellite presentation to analysts and investors

on both sides of the Atlantic, Imperial Chemi-cal Industries rose sharply, although its annual pretax profit at £1.02 billion fell short of the most optimistic forecasts. Barclays's annual results were considered disappointing and further unsettled a banking sector already depressed by South American debt worries. National Westminster became the first British clearing bank to top the £1 billion mark when it announced its annual

figures Tuesday, while Lloyds's results were largely as expected. Milan

Milan stocks continued their downward trend last week amid growing political uncertainty. Prime Minister Bettino Crazi, who has presided over the longest-surviving government in postwar Italy, is scheduled to step down this week under an agreement reached

last July between the five governing parties.

The Comit Index closed at 684.92 points, down 0.4 percent from the previous week despite buoyant sessions at the start of the week. A total of 144 million shares changed hands, a fall of nearly 30 percent. Among the leading losers were Fiat, which lost 2.19 percent, and Montedison, which shed

1.2 percent, other blue chips, however, gained ground, especially Fernuzzi, despite a refusal by the British government to allow its bid to take over British Sugar.

Mr. Craxi, a Socialist, has pushed through

The Paris stock exchange experienced some of its strongest trading in recent years last week with the CAC index finishing at 429.1, against 419.7 the previous Priday.

The surge came despite figures showing that unemployment rose from 10.7 percent to 10.9 percent in January and that prices in January

But questions remain over future trends, as investors ponder the capacity of central banks to stem the fall of the dollar and wait to see if other developing countries follow Brazil's lead and suspend their debt payments.

The worrying economic news emerged on Wednesday but left the stock market unmoved, as certain analysts thought the government may have been unnecessarily gloomy. With a fail in day-to-day interest rates on

Thursday, investors came to hope that cheaper credit in general lay ahead and the index rose nearly 5 points on Friday.

Singapore

The bulls returned to the Singapore stock market last week after a brief panse, sendings, the Straits Times industrial index souring to another new high for this year.

At the close Friday, the index stood at 1,066.22 and was only narrowly away from its highest-ever level of 1,071.17 points registered

three years ago. Investors and speculators attributed the bullish run to a steady flow of good corporate performances since late last year and an indication that confidence had slowly returned to the market. Foreign investors also contributed

to the good performance, they said. Tokyo

Tokyo stocks soared to new peaks last week, as surplus funds poured in after the Japanese government pledged at the Paris meeting of six leading industrialized nations to stimulate do-

mestic demand and cut its discount rate to a record low of 2.5 percent.

The Nikkei Average of 225 selected issues closed after half-day trading Saturday at 20,766.6 yea, breaking a record set only

Thursday.
The TSE index of all common stocks listed on the first section also rose to a record high of 1,793.17, and the daily average value of shares traded broke through 1,300 billion yea.

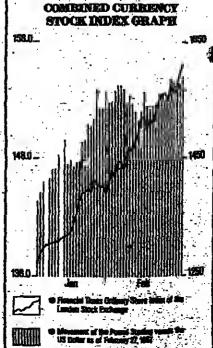
The market turned bullish Tuesday as insti-

tutional and corporate investors sought counters closely related to fiscal spending is-sues, anticipating a government economic package aimed at boosting domestic demand.

Zurich

Trading on the Zurich exchange capped a mediocre session last week with a disappoint-ing decline in prices on Friday. The decline came despite good results announced on Thursday by Union Bank of Switzerland. The Credit Smisse index fell to 530.1 from

534.9 a week earlier. The food group Hero was the only issue to show strong gains, after announcing that net profit rose 99 percent last year.



SOURCE SCHURCH & PARTNER AS tough fiscal and economic reforms since taking office in August 1983. : ZURICH • AMSTERDAM

Over the Long Run, Some Are Cheaters

By Richard Hoffer Los Angeles Times Service

TOS ANGELES — Several years ago in Hawaii, a man began a migrathon, took a break to go home and cat breakfast, re-entered the more well along the course and at the finish died of a heart attack. As cincionary tales go, that has been regarded as the strongest possible.

Sunday, Los Angeles Marathon organizers were to have more than 24 casterns positioned along the course to serve as video checkpoints, lest a ranger think to take a short cut, a taxi or any other conveyance, then die of a heart attack. Moreover the top finishers would provide a urinalysis first the race to assure — well, organizers were not sure what. They were past trying to stay one stride ahead of a group so competitive that fair play no longer could be taken for granted. And still they would cheat.

It may be important to note that this phenomenon is not new. They cheated well before Rosie Ruiz introduced the New York subway as a mode of marathon transportation. In the first modern Olympic Games, for instance, Spiricon Belokas covered some of the marathon distance in a carriage. His punishment — he was stripped of his shirt and ostracized — evidently was not a sufficient deterrent for subseinsent offenders. In 1904, New Yorker Fred Lorz "ran" a 3-hour, 13-mute marathon and was photographed with Alice Roosevelt, the president's daughter. But his gold medal was held up when it was discovered that he had hitched a ride in a car for 11 miles.

And so on Yet the incidence of marathon cheating of at least And so on. Yet the incidence of marathon cheating, or at least detection, is way up lately. In last fall's New York Marathon, which

timted the same vigilance as the Los Angeles run, no fewer than 24 runners were charged with So far, we cheating and disqualified. There may be comfort in the haven't found fact that that works out to 1 in anyone who 1,000, but organizers remain heffled that anyone — even that 1 in 1,000 — would cheat, purposely maimed when usually all that is at stake a competitor.'

are bragging rights.

Neil Finn, who promotes the America's Finest City half-marathon in San Diego, recently had to disqualify an age-group finisher for cheating. "I don't get it," he said. "We don't even offer prize money." For some, running is still for fun. But interviews with marathon organizers suggest that more and more are running a lie. All too many runners are popping out of portable toilers midway through the race, far too refreshed. All too many are hopping aboard buses, sneaking in at the halfway point, short-cutting loops in the course.

"So far, we haven't found anyone who purposely maimed a compet-itor," said Alvin Criss of The Athletics Congress, the U.S. running federation. "But don't be surprised if we do."

He thinks that they have found almost everything short of that although, he is quick to add that "people in the first 10 are largely mable to cheat. They're under so much scrutiny." Instead, it's the age-group competitors, people in the middle of the pack. Somehow, their times increase an improbable 15 minutes a year.

Or, sometimes just as bad, decrease, said Criss, citing a "man who could run a marathon in 2:11 and now he's doing it in 2:32. Now what might you make of that?" Though mable to prove it to legal satisfaction, Criss has reason to believe the man was pacing a woman who had a chance to finish in the prize money and, moreover, that he was doing it for pay.

The things you hear! There's a story from a New Jersey marathon in which a young boy's mother carried the child in a bicycle basket in parts of the race. In another race, a young girl was disqualified because her brother was pacing her and her father was yelling at her. She was in tears. The girl was 9 years old.

Then there are the grown men and women who, with nothing to gain, pollute race results with their blatant cheating. At the San Francisco Marathon, director Scott Thomason disqualified 8 of the top 100 in 1985 and 10 of the top 100 last year, including the top two in age-group competition. They inevitably are not cheating for the prize money," [Thomason said. "I have yet to encounter anybody bogus who did it for

the money. It doesn't seem to matter in these cases."

It doesn't figure, either. In New York, one of those disqualified was a 44-year-old millionaire, a man whose campaign of deception was hardly spontaneous. Allan Steinfeld, the New York City race coordinator and technical director for the Los Angeles Marathon, said that the man had been lowering his personal best in marathons from 10 to 15 minutes in each of the last three years. Unbelievable. He not only failed to appear on video checkpoints in the 1986 race, he didn't on the 1985 tapes.

"What you have to remember is that these are real people," Criss said. "Also, taking into consideration that there are three reasons to run: for fitness, for money, to prove something deep and abiding. Any time you have the last two, you're talking the Seven Deadly Sins."

Georgetown Vanquishes Providence

LANDOVER, Maryland -Georgetown University is ready. The season began amid uncertainty because of the team's youth, but on Saturday the Hoyas won their eighth consecutive game in com-manding fashion, 90-79 over Provi-

Georgetown tied with Pittsburgh and Syracuse for the Big East championship, and will be top seeded in the conference tournament, which begins this week. On Saturday, the Hoyas were led by the talented senior Reggie Wil-

COLLEGE BASKETBALL

liams, who in his final home arena appearance finished with 24 points before leaving to a rousing chant of "Reg-gie! Reg-gie! Reg-gic!" with g seconds remaining.
The victory raised the Hoyas' re-

cord to 23-4, 12-4 in the Big East. The Friars fell to 19-7 and 9-6 in

The Hoyas opened a 52-38 lead less than two minutes into the sec-ond half with a 7-0 surge. It began on the half's first play with an al-ley-oop dunk by the stender, 6-foot-7 (2.02-meter) Williams. Georgetown appeared headed for an easy victory. But the Friars rallied to 56-50

five minutes later, after Ernic Lewis, a senior forward, converted two successive 3-pointers and Jacek Duda, the senior center, scored a lay-in with 13:12 remaining.

What has made the Hoyas so interesting this season, however, has been their ability to surprise.
Composed largely of sophonores
and freshmen, they have often received heroic performances from unlikely sources. Saturday it was Anthony Allen, a 6-foot-7 freshman, who stepped forward.

Allen had appeared in only 17 of the Hoyas' previous games, averaging 11.5 minutes, 2.1 rebounds and points. Yet after coming into the game early in the second half, he played much better than that.

First, Allen rebounded a miss by Lewis, then blocked a drive by Lewis. Minutes later, he thwarted the driving Lewis again, and by the time he scored an easy lay-in with 7:14 left the Hoyas had mounted a 15-3 run that gave them a 71-53 margin, their largest of the game.
Allen fouled out with 1:54 re-

maining, finishing with nine points. Playmaker Bill Donovan led Providence with 21 points. The Associated Press and United

Press International also reported: . New York, Willie Glass hit a turnaround jump shot with six seconds left to give St. John's its upset. the Big East, will be seeded second in the tournament behind George-Nebraska 83, Kansas 81, OT: In in the tournament behind George-Nebraska 83, Kansas 81, OT: In town, which twice defeated the Lincoln, Nebraska Derrick Vick's Baltimore, Howard improved to

. First Round

Sun Bell Conference

Alc.-Birminghom 13, Jocksonville 86
W. Kentucky 19, N.C. Charlotte 93, 201
Sunshine State Conference
First Rousd
Flo. Southern 73, Eckard 79

Saturday's Results

Buffalo St. 70, Albany, N.Y. 47 Potsdam St. 93, Brockport St. 47

Bucknell 72 Lehigh 76

Sucknell 72, Lengh 72 Colgate 73, New Hampshire 67 Columbia 71, Harvard 73 Cornell 83, Darrimouth 85 Georgetown 90, Providence 79 Howard U. 69, Morgan 31, 45

Penn 78, Yole 74
Princeton 72, Brown 70
St. John's 76, Pittibursh 74
Syractise 87, Boston Coll. 63
SOUTH
Alabama 86, Florida 85, OT

Duke 45, Clemen 37 Florido St. 177, S. Mississippi 102 Grambling 26, Miss. Valley St. 22

ing St. Miss. Valley St. 85



OILERS FOILED - Edmontoo's Mike Krushelnyski, 26, dumped Washington's Garry Galley during Friday's game at Landover, Maryland, but the scoreline showed the Oilers going down. The Capitals won, 5-2, by limiting the Oilers to 17 shots and holding Wayne Gretzky, the NHL scoring leader, without a shot or a point.

kaly scored 18 points for Syracuse. which ended the season with a 24-5 record, 12-4 in the Big East.

Purchie 87, Ohio State 73: In West Lafayette, Indiana, Troy Lewis scored 31 points as Purdue pulled even with Indiana in first place in the Big Ten. Purdue is 23-3 overall and 14-2 in the conference. lowa 95, Michigan 85: In Iowa City. Jeff Moe scored 22 points. with five 3-pointers, for Iowa.

Alahama 86, Florida 85, OT: In Tuscaloosa, Alahama, Derrick McKey scored 30 points and got the winning tip-in at the end of overtime for Alahama, the Southeastern Conference regular-season champions. Florida ended second.

Duke 65, Clemson 59: In Durham, North Carolina, senior guard Tommy Amaker, playing on a sprained right ankle, sank a jump shot with 75 seconds left to break a tie and begin an eight-point run that beat Clemsoo, He set a Duke record with his 134th straight start. Missouri 85, Iowa State 77: In Columbia. Missouri, Derrick Chie-

vous's 26 points helped Missouri clinch the regular-seasoo Big Eight St. Joha's 76, Pittsburgh 74: In championship, its sixth in 12 years. lew York, Willie Glass hit a turn- Kansas State 90, Oklahoma 89: In Norman, Oklahoma, Mitch Richmond made two haskers in the

Texas Christian 85, Rice 69: In Houston, Carl Lott scored 12 of his 17 points in the second half to lead Texas Christian, the Southwest

Conference champion.
Texas-El Paso 74, Wyoming 72:
In El Paso, Texas, Mike Richmond scored 16 points and the Miners won their lifth consecutive Western Athletic Conference title. Reggie Fox's 3-point goal pulled Wyoming to within 72-71 with 2:43 left, but Richmond sank two free throws to ensure victory.

UCLA 99, Louisville 86: In Los Angeles, Reggie Miller scored 33 of his career-high 42 points in the secood half for the Bruins, 21-6 and winners of 18 of their last 20 games.

Army 98, Fordium 94, OT: In East Rutherford, New Jersey, Kevin Houston scored a school-record 53 points and Army made six free throws in the final minute of overtime to win a first-round game of the Metro Atlantic Athletic Conference tournament. Houston, a senior guard who leads the nation in scoring and free-throw shooting. made 6 shots from 3-point range and 19 of 22 foul shots to become Army's all-time leading scorer with 2.297 points.

Pennsylvania 78, Yale 74: In New Haven, Connecticut, Perry Bromwell scored 30 points as Penn won the lvy League. Howard 69, Morgan State 65: In

Panthers during the regular season. lay-up at the overtime buzzer gave
Syracuse 87, Boston College 63: Nebraska the victory. Danny ManIn Syracuse, New York, Rony Sciuing of Kansas scored 32 points.

Capital City Tourna

For 2 Dramatic Record Leaps, The World Was Not Watching

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - They were two of the most dramatic performances in the history of the U.S. national indoor track and field championships, yet few people saw the world records broken.

They occurred in the morning and afternoon phases Friday of the USA-Mobil meet before, perhaps, 200 people at Madison Square Garden. First, shortly before noon, there was the redoubtable Heike Drechsler of East Germany. After wrapping tape around the soles of her shoes because she was afraid of slipping, she nearly sailed out of the landing pit as she set a world indoor long-jump record for women: 24 feet 4 inch (7.32 meters), breaking her own 13-month-old mark.

Then, with many spectators having left for an early dinner in mid-afternoon, Michael Conley, a 24year-old who had never set even U.S. regional records in college, set a world mark of 58 feet 314 inches in the triple jump. He did it, he said, because he had to to beat Oleg Protsenko, the Soviet star.

Drechsler had hrough) shoes more suited to a ruhberized surface. When she took the track for ber warm-ups, she discovered she couldn's get a grip on the wooden runway. So she wrapped tape around the soles of her running shoes, then took off.

She fouled on her first jump, and it frightened her: She went so far she nearly landed out of the sand pit. On the next leap, though, she roared down the runway, took off and didn't stop until she became the first woman in history to clear 24 feet indoors.

In fact, she broke by almost a foot the meet record she had set last year, and shattered her world mark hy 11/4 inches. The second-place finisher, Galina Chistyakova of the Soviet Union, was almost two feet behind.

Drechsler was in such good form that she fouled on four of her six jumps. Her other official jump was good for 23-74. On two of the fouls. she said, she eclipsed 7,5 meters, or better than the jumps that counted. "No springs were installed in the

She cooceded that, yes, "the pit could have been longer." The rela-

because they both were early risers.

she said through an interpered for the University of Arkansas, hardly ever thought about records - until Friday. He was following Protsenko, who had just

Yogi Confused by a Real Live One

Los Angeles Times Service

LOS ANGELES — Catfish Hunter, the pitcher recently elected to major league baseball's Hall of Fame, told The Sporting News magazine that in the twilight of his career with the New York Yankees

he and Yori Berra, then a coach, used to eat hreakfast together

"One morning," said Hunter, "we're sitting at the table in the coffee shop and Yogi whispers, 'Don't look now, Fish, but there's someone

famous at the table behind you. I said, 'Yeah, Yogi, who is it?'
"He said, 'Well, I'm not sure. See, he's one of two hrothers, but one

of them is dead. I can't remember which one died, so I can't figure out

which that one is - the one that's alive or the one that's dead."

set a U.S. record of 57-74. The Soviet athlete also had been the world-record holder for some time. having set the latest mark, 57-11%, a month ago. Conley's personal best had been 57-1. "I had to make up my mind

whether I would settle for second place or set a world record," said Conley. "I never set a world or American record, but I had to do it." Fellow competitor Al Joyner.

who was best man at Conley's wedding, explained later that he had told Conley to keep his knees up as long as possible in the jumping phase. "I didn't want nobody else to win our American championship. said Joyner, who was to finish third.

"When I went down the runway I was thinking record," Conley said. "But when I got near the pit I was thinking win. And how did he know he had the

"My toes were almost coming ou) of the pit," he said.

■ 'Double' Eludes Conley

Later, Conley failed to win an unprecedented "triple double," the long and triple jump titles for three consecutive years, when he finished sixth in the long jump, The Associat-

Sergei Buhka of the Soviet Union, the world indoor and outdoor record holder in the pole vault, and Billy Olsoo of the United States, the former world indoor record holder, each failed to clear B

Bubka came in - and went out - at 18-94, missing all three at-tempts at that height. Olson came Heike Drechsler of East Germany nearly sailed out — and wen) ou) — at 18-14. of the landing pit as she set

missing three times. Earl Bell, the only American to clear 19 feet this season, won at 18-94, on his final try. He then missed twice at a personal indoor best of tively short pit might have inhibit-19-3 and passed on his final attempt. Cornelia Oschkenat of East Germany, missed the world indoor best

hy one-bundredth of a second in the women's 55-meter high hurdles, winning in 7.36. Bulgaria's Yordanka Donkova, the world outdoor record holder in the 100-meter hurdles, finished second in 7.49, with Jackie Joyner-Kersee third in 7.64. University of Pittsburgh junior Lee McRae continued to dominate quadruple Olympic gold medalist Carl Lewis in the men's sprints.

McRae led all the way in winning in 6.14, with Mark Witherspoon second in 6.16 and Lewis third in 6.19. Greg Foster rallied to win the 55meter hurdles in 6.99. Stephane Car-

istan of France was second in 7.01. Foster and Joyner-Kersee won the meo's and women's overall ti-tles in the 1987 Mobil Indoor Track and Field Grand Prix competition. organizers announced Saturday.

Prix meets this season, finished with 105 points, well ahead of race walker Tim Lewis, the runner-up with 92 points. Joyner-Kersee had 90 points to 64 for second-place finisher Maryanne Torrellas, a race walker

SCOREBOARD

Basketball

U.S. College Results

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Columbia \$1, Darfmouth 74 Coperition 9, Correll 49
Moryland 117, Md. E. Shore 51
Page 75, Brown 72, OT
Princelon 67, Yole 44
SQUITHWEST

Kansas St. 10, Oktohoma 89
TOURNAMENTS Coorde Washington 94, Rutgers 25
Big South Conference

ell 79, N.C.-Asheville 74 Complete 77, No. City Tourne Secutionals WYU 72 St. Mary's Ma. 47 Corolinas Confere High Point 82 Pleitfer 60

Elon 45, Catawba 43 CIAA Tournament Semifinols

1 Union 77. Winston-Sciem 78, OT

51, 81, Johnson C. Smith 76 Dixis Conference

NHL Standings

MY Islanders
-MY Rousers
-Mashington

Colgory Winnipes Las Appeles

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27 17 5 77 200 201 26 26 7 65 216 207 21 28 8 42 247 245 27 28 8 62 216 227 23 30 10 50 229 226 24 32 5 53 212 214

24 37 0 54 205 211 23 27 6 52 215 225 CAMPBELL CONFERENCE

Sent Pol Division | 227 | 221 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227 | 227

Friday's Result

N.C. Wesleyon 79, Ciris. Newport 76
Mason-Dixon Conference
Semitinals
Randolph-Mason 67, Langwood 62
MI. SI. Mary's. Md. 66. Liberty 64 MAC North Divis

Elizabethtown 19. King's, Pa. 92. OT

Mid-East Conference
Semifinats
St. Michael's 44. LeMayne 50 la. Textile 83. Gannon 79, 20T

Secred Heart 102, Lowell 84
Mew Jersey Athletic Conference
Championship

Championism
Stockton St. 85. Wm. Paterson 77
Obio Abbetic Conference
Semifloois
Wittenberg 37. Capital 49
Wittenberg 38. Capital 49 Procky Maustingum 57
Rocky Maustola Coaler

Fori Lewis 77, 8. Colorado 51 orn St., Colo. 78, N. Mex. His Southern Conference First Round Morshall 7s. Aspalachian St. 61 Furmon 25. Citadel 78 W. Carolina 73. Tenn.-Chattaneoga 72. OT

Broten (17), MocLetton 1231, Bello

St. Louis 2 9 7 8-3
R.Y. Istanders 2 8 1 0-3
R.Y. Istanders (20), Cavallini (12), Reeds (77), O.
Sutter (11), Bassy 1331, Makelo (77), Shots ea
godl: St. Louis (on Smith) 12-9-6-)—28; New
York (on Millen) 13-4-7-1-25.

Quebec 5 1 5—9
Hartford 1 1 5—9
Turgeon (12), MacDermid (5); Eagles (11).
Shors an goal: Quebec fon Liut) 16-6-19—32;
Hartford fon Gosselin) 7-10-4—21.

Value 3 (23), Fersus (71), Learnon (18), P.
Value 3 (23), Fersus (21); Lemay 2 (9), Tomi 2
(hinocok 2 (9), Dooust (2); Lemay 2 (9), Tomi 2
(13), Hodsson (8), Sundstraft (19), Sobre or
133), Hodsson (8), Sundstraft (19), Sundstraf

Montreal Kordic (3), Corbanneou 2 (17); Johnson 120), Wolcarin (2), Shots on soal; New Jersey (on Roy) 6-9-5-29; Montreal Ion Billington) on Roy 16-9-5-29; Montreal Ion Billington)

2 9 7 8-3

Hockey

Chicago

VOICOUVET

New Jersey

Kentucky 44, Mississippi 63 Atemphis St. 74, Virginia Tech e5 Atlanti, Fie. 115, Coppin St. 76 Nt. Curolina St. 86, Woke Farest 76, OT Teamescae 89, Georgio 68 Vanderbill 64, Atlasiasippi St. Si

W L Pct. G0 42 15 .737 --31 25 .554 101/2

Selling (2), Borr (11), O'Connell (A), Lomb (21; Kisio 129), Shots et soot; New York (on Stefan) 9-11-22; Detroit (on Yorkicabrouck) 7-3-7-2. Los Arandes 31 26 .544 11 16 40 .286 2517 14 42 .250 2717 Broten 117), MacLettan 1231, Bellows 119), Hartsburg 110), MacLettan (24), Brocke (8); Pholir (2), Bourne 191, Donne 1241, Stadts on gool: Los Anseles Ion Beaupre) 11-7-12—30; Minnesota Ion Jensen) 12-13-11—34. 35 21 425 2h2 36 23 410 5 27 25 537 7½ 27 30 .474 11 23 34 .404 15 WESTERN CONFERENCE

Midwest Division 33 26 467 — 32 24 571 412 36 25 545 6 24 34 414 1372 Dalles Utah PRELL CONFERENCE

Nort's Division

28 26 9 65 297 210

27 28 7 61 227 228

34 27 10 55 228 247

23 28 11 57 208 230

24 33 6 54 219 247

Mortison (9), Presiev (24); Simeson 125.

Wolson (9), Presiev (24); Simeson 125.

Sol Ante Service

4 1 4-9

Greebec 1 1 5-2

Hartford (12), MacDermid (5); Eggles (11). 36 23 A10 812 Pertland Seattle Golden State Phoenix 26 23 .610 8½ 27 27 .500 15 28 31 .475 16½ 22 35 .386 21½ 10 44 .185 32

Sea Antonio 22 17 32 22—76
Sea Antonio 22 23 34 32—123
Robertson 14-17 2-2 30, Greenwood 11-15 24
Zi; Blockmon 6-13 4-4 16, Tarplet 8-13 0-6 14,
Aguir re 5-12 4-5 14, Rebounds: Dollos 45 (Torplet 91; Son Antonio 43 (Greenwood 121, Assists: Dollos 22 (Horper 81; Son Antonio 39 (Greenwood 6).

MIDWEST Bowline Green 54, Ohio U. SI Iowa 95, Michigan 85 Michigan 81, 71, Minnesota 67 Michigan 81, 71, Minnesota 67 Altouri 51, 71, Minneson at Altouri 55, Ione 51, 71 Nebrusku 53, Kansus 51, OT Notre Danie 72, Alarquette 40 Purdus 51, Otto 51, 73 South Carolina 65, Cinchnott 63

SOUTHWEST Abiliene Christian 78, W. Texas St. 69 Baylor 51, Texas A&M 48 N. Texas St. 47, Texas-Artington 83 Texas Christian 85. Rice 69 FAR WEST

FAR WEST
Celorado 55. Oktonomo 51. 53
Fullerton 51. 72. Lono Beach 51. 47
Idoho 51. 79. Weber 51. 58
Membros 51. 59. Mostron 58
Nev. Roso 76. Idoho 61
New Mexico 50. All Force 73
Son Diego 51. 75. Utoh 62
Stonderd 97. Artboro 51. 72. OT
LCT 4. 72. Londonille 57. UCLA 77, Lautsville 86 Washington St. 79, Oragon 65

Championship Boptist, S.C. 44, Compbell 62 Casifornia Collegiate Albeif Champiouskii

National Basketball Association Standings

Passakk 25 27 25 28—185 Ellis 13-19 13-13 40, McDoniel 10-71 6-10 34; Davis 14-25 7-7 25, Pinckney 6-8 2-4 14. Rebounds: Seotte 41 (McDoniel 7); Phoenix 42 Pinckney 8-1 Austres: Seotte 21 (McDoniel 7); Phoenix 25 (Mumohries 0).

2 2 2 2 2-14 2 2 2 2 2-11 Bentemin 7-14 5-12 20. Cope 7-73 4-4 18; Thorse 11-20 4-6 26. Theus 8-13 6-9 22. Re-bounds: Socramento SF (Thompson III); Los Angeles 68 (Cope IV). Assists: Socramento 22

Chicago 37 25 27 27-167 Jordon 1)-25 15-17 37, Cokiey 6-15 4-7 28; Cummings 11-16 1-1 22. Pressey 7-12 5-7 21. Rebounds: Milwoukee 42 (Sikmo 13); Chico-go 60 (Ookley 15). Assists: Milwoukee 20 [Commings Presery, Slisma, Lucus 41: Chi-cago 22 (Corzine 7).

MIAC Tournement Missouri Velley Conference
First Rocad Wineis SL 70, Indiana SL 55 Wichife St. 73. Creighton 70

Northeast Eight Championship

Semifinals Lynchburg 54, Bridgewater, Va. 52 Rouncke 78, Emery & Henry 49

PSAC Tournament

Fort Lewis &L. Western St., Colo. 69 Southern Conference Marshall 77, Furmum 44 SIAC Tournament

Championship ima A&A 109, Clark, Ga. 84 SUNYAC TOURNOMER SUM Bell

World Cup Skiing

MEN'S DOWNHILL 1.67 Seconds.
2. Marc Girordelli, Luxembours, 1:54.64.
2. Michael Mair, Italy, 1:54.64.
4. Karl Aspler, Switzerland, 1:54.67.
5. Rob Bavd, Cenada, 1:55.64.
6. Nudotf Haper, Austria, 1:55.11
7. Douglas Levils, U.S. 1:55.30
8. Danald Stevens, Canada, 1:55.35.
9. Hirayuki Alhara, Japan, 1:55.33.

MEN'S SUPER-GIANT SLALOM

MEN'S SUPER-GIANT SLALOM [Af Formel]

1. Marc Girardelli, Luxembours, 1:27.14,

2. Pirmin Zurbriggen, Switzerland, 1:28.48,

3. Leanhard Stock, Austria, 1:28.51,

4. Karl Aloiser, Switzerland, 1:27.14,

5. Gerhord Pfaffenbicher, Austria, 1:27.22, 5. Gerhord Pidfienbichier, Austria, 1:29.2.
6. Igor Cloolio, Noiy, 1:29.23.
7. Felix Beiczyk, Comodo, 1:29.36.
8. Domiet Mahrer, Switzertond, 1:29.38.
9. Alberto Tombo, Italy,1:29.45.
10. Rudolf Huber, Austria, 1:29.53.
OVERALL STANOINGS
1. Pirmin Zurbriegen, Switzerland, 29.6015.

points.

2. Morkus Wasmeler, West Germany, 174.

3. Joel Gespoz, Switzerland, 145.

4. Mart: Girordelli, Luxembours, 135.

5. Ingemor Stermank, Sweden, 134.

6. Richard Promotion, Italy, 118.

7. Bolan Krizal, Yusostavia, 85.

8. Karl Alpiger, Switzerland, 82.

9. Peter Müller, Switzerland, 80.

10. Michael Mair, Italy, 74.

WOMEN'S SLALOM
(At Zwiesel West Germany)
Corinne Schmidhauser, Switzer 2. Erika Hess, Switzerland, 1:33,48. L. Raswitha Steiner, Austria, 1:34.05. L. Comilla Misson, Sweden, 1:34.05. S. Anita Wachter, Austria, 1:34.01. 6. Karin Buder, Austria, 1:35.23. 7. Paoletta Magani-Sforza, Italy, 1:35.54. 8. Ida Ledstoetter, Austria, 1:35.67.

R. 100 Logstoetter, Austria, 1:35.67.
9. Mateia Svel, Yugoslavia, 1:35.68.
10. Brighte Godeni, Switzerland, 1:36.1
FINAL OVERALL STANOINGS Marfa Walliser, Switzerland, 239 po
 Vreni Schneider, Switzerland, 230.
 Brigitte Certil, Switzerland, 174. Erika Hess, Switzerland, 156. 5. Yamara McKlaney, United States, 127. 4. Mateja Svet, Yugoslavia, 126. 7. Catherine Guitfet, France, 118. Michato Figini, Switzerland, 115,
 Corinne Schmighouser, Switzerland, 112,
 Bionox Fernandez-Ochea, Spain, 102.

Tennis

(A1 Key Biscoyne, Florida)

AEN Third Reved Milestov Mecir 191, Czechoslovekia, set. Jimmy Aries, U.S., 6-3, 6-4, 6-4; Kevin Curren,

U.S., det. Christian Bergstrom, Sweden, 6-4, 6-3, 6-1; Yonnick Noch (4), France, det. Uil Stantund, Sweden, 1-6, 6-4, 6-4, 2-4, 6-3; Slobedon Zivoj inovic, Yugoslovia, def. Olego Perez. Spain, 42 44 14 42 Marts Wittender (5), Sweden, det. Jekeb Hio-sek, Czechoslovekia, 6-1, 6-2, 6-4; 77m Mayotte 112), U.S.-dei. Agran Krickstein, U.S.-3-6, 6-3, 6-

4 4-3; Johan Krick, U.S. def. Wally Masur, Australia, 6-4, 6-2, 4-4, 6-4; Sielan Edbere (2), Sweden, def. Mike DePaimer, U.S., 4-2, 6-7 (7-WOMEN

Tiche Rosed 3: Zino Garrison 17). U.S., def. Barbara Patter.
Mary Joe Fernandez, U.S., def. Susan U.S., 3-6.6), 6-4; Hetena Susava (6). Czecho-Sloane, U.S., 6-1; Natholie Tauziat, slovakia.def. Mercedes Paz, Argenting. 6-1.6

BASEBALL American Largue
CLEVELAND—Stende Cormen Costillo
and Oils Nixon, outfletders, and Fronk Willa,
pitcher, in one-year contracts and announced
that Dove Clark, outfletder, has agreed to

Perms.
MILWAUKEE—Signed Robin Youni. out-MILWAUKEE—Signed Room Youth, outReider, to a multivear controct.

NEW YORK—Signed Henry Cotto, Keltin
Husbers and Don Possque, outheiders, and Allonso Pulido, plicher, to one-year controcts.

OAKLAND—Signed Rick Roofriques, form
Dozier, Tim Birisso, and Eric Plunk, pifchers,
and Roy Johnson, putfielder, to one-year contracts.

a world indoor long-jump

record of 24 feet 14 inch.

"If there had been more specia

tors." said the 22-year-old,

would have jumped longer."

She is also the world's outdoor

record holder at 24-51/2, a mark, she

Conley, though, who had com-

said, she could surpass indoors.

ed her, she said.

And the crowd?

Irocts.
SEATTLE—Signed Mark Huismann, pitcher; Mike Kingery, buttleffer; Ray Quinanes, shortstop, and Harold Reynolds, second base-

Mational League
HOUSTON—Signed Ty Gainey, outlisider:
Rotael Manialvo, pilcher: Jim Pankavits,
SECOND basemon, and Billy Notcher, penter
fielder, to ane-year contracts.
LOSANGELES—Signed Tim Scott, aitcher,
to a ane-year contract.
MONTREAL—Signed Bryn Smim, pitcher,
to a ane-year contract. noun incat ... - signed by the smillin, percher, to a one-year controct.

NEW YORK—Stoned Kevin Elster, short-soo, and chartle Corbell, pitcher, to ane-year controcts. Signed Chris Green, pitchey. to a caninact with Tidewater of the international

contract with Tidewater of the International League.

PITTSBURGH—Signed Sid Bream, first baseman, and Doug Drabek and Mike Ble-locki, pitchers, to ane-year contracts.

SAN FRANCISCO—Signed Mark Grant, pitcher, to a one-year contract.

BASKETBALL

Notional Besketball Association

MILWAUKEE—Acquired Maryin Webster, contar after the New York Kritchs foiled to

center, after the New York Knicks falled to match an NBA offer sheel the Milwaukee Bucks had slaned him to two weeks ago. Placed Oudley Bradley, guard, on the injured

NEW JERSEY—Signed Roy Williams guard, to a contract for the rest of the season.
WASHINGTON—Actiented Frank Johnson, guard, from the intured list. Requisited FOOTBALL

National Football League
ATLANTA—Named Felker Ward to the board of directors. Announced the resignation of Tom. Broots, director of college scayling. CHICAGO—Signed Clay Picketing, wide receiver; Jim Poop, light end. and Brieni

India
SAN FRANCISCO—Acquired Ketih
Browner, linepacker, Jrom Tomaa Bay in ex-

France, daf. Kolhy Rinoldi 181, U.S., 57, 64, 6-J: Silke Meler, West Germany, def. Martanne Werdel, U.S., 1-6, 6-2, 6-3; Gabriela Sabatini.

110). Arpantino, del. Louro Gildemeister, Peru, è-l. s-2; Lisa Bonder, U.S., del. Catarino Lindevist (14), Sweden, é-4. é-). Martino Navratiova III, U.S., def. Holle Clotti, U.S., è-1, 6-9; Kathrin Kell, U.S., def. Robin Wille (14), U.S.0-a, 7-4 (7-1), 4-3; Steff. Graf (3), West Germany, def. Sarah Gamer, England, 6-), 6-0; Betting Burge 1121, Manaco. England,4-1,6-0: Bertlina Burse 1121, Monoco, def, Hu Na, U.S.,7-5,7-5; Hono Mondillkova (4), Czechoslovakia, def, Svettano Parkhomenko, Soviet Union, 7-5, 6-4; Stephanie Rate, U.S.,

def. Comille Benjamin, 11.5., 64, 64. Chris Everi Lloyd 121, U.S., 64, Vicki Net-son-Dunbar, U.S., 60, 60; Claudia Kande-Kilach 191, Wesi Germany, dof. Katerina Maleeva. Bulgaria, 7-6 17-21, 6-3; Lori McNell 1131, U.S., det. Pascale Paradis, France, 8-2-6-3; Zina Garrison 17), U.S., def. Barbara Patter.

Transition

change for a sixih-round drall choice in 1988. Signed Wayne Copiers and Rennie Benn, wide receivers; Grey LaFleur, Hghl and; John Small linebacker, and Mark Cochron, Tom Long, Gary Smith and Eric Stokes, linemen.

Long Gary Smith Law En all Control of the openits.

SEATTLE—Signed Mont Johnson, detersive bock; Gerold Toylor and Filtpo Mokofisi.
Ilnebackers; Grant Feasel, offensive lineman, and Tom McCarthy, pusier.

HOCKEY HOCKEY
National League Hockey
LEAGUE—Fines the Boston Bruins \$2,000 LEAGUE—Fined the Boston Bruins \$2,000 for "verbol abuse" by General Manager Harry Sinden on referee Karry Fraser in the officials locker room between periods of a Feb. 16 game applies Manitreal. Fined Bryon Trailler, New York islanders torward. 31,000 for an orticle he wrole criticizing league officiating.

European Soccer

ENGLISH FINST OIVISION

noormysoam Porest II. Cheheo 1 Queens Pork Rangers J. Manchester City 0 Sheffield Wednesdov 0. Walterd 1 Wimbledon 3. Newcostle 1 Polens Stampings: Everton, Liverpeol 55; Arsenial 54; Luton 90; Norwich 40; Tottenhorm.⁶ Nottingham Forest 47: Coventry 43: Wimbi

Notflingham Forest 47: Coventry 43: Wimble-don 42: Wotford 40: Gueens Park Romers 39; Manchester United, Wesl Ham 38: Chelses 36: Shoffleid Wednesday 35; Oxtord 34; Man-chester City 29: Southamoton 28: Leicester 27: Charilon. Asian Villa 26; Newcasile 22. FRENCH FIRST OIVISION Morselle 1, Rennés 0

Bordeoux 2, Nontes 0 Noncy 0, Lille 1 Paris-SG 0, Nice 3 Le Havre 1, Toulon Monoco (), Bresi) Lene (), Metz () Toulouse 2 SI, Etlenne ()

Toulouse, Auxorre, Monoco 28: Nontes, Nice 27: Brest 26: Metz, Ports Saint Germain 25: Lille, Lens. Laval 23; Le Havre 21; Se Ellionne. Rocing Club Paris 20; Sochaux 19; Noncy, Toulon 17; Remnes 15. ITALIAN FIRST OLVISION

Ascoli 2. Algionto Brescia I, Romo I Como I, Avellino 2 Empoli Z Torino 0 Inter 1, AC Milan 2 Juventus 1, Florentia

Nopoli 1, Fiorenino V Nopoli 1, Samodorio 1 Varona 3, Udinese 1 Paints Standinos: Napoli 31; Juvenius 27; Roma, Internazionale, AC Allon 26; Verona 23; Sampdorio 70; Torica 16: Coma, Avellina, Empel 17; Fiorentino le: Briscia, Asenii 14; Alakanta 13; Udinese a. WEST GERMAN FIRST OIVISION

Einfrachi Frenklurt 1, FC Cologne 2 VIL Bachum 0, Noremburg 1 Werder Bremen 2, SV Hamburg 1 Bor Moenchingssoch is, Kristersteutern 1 Homburg 2, VIL. Suhthart 1 Woldhaf Monnheim 2, Scholke o Boyern Munich 3, Fortung Dusseldort o Boyer Leverkusen vs. Bor Dorfmund, ppd Rious-Weiss Berlin vs. Bayer Verdingen, opd Points Standings: Bayern Munich 27, Harm-burg 26; Kalsenslautern 24; Bayer Leverku-sen, Werder Bremen 22; Statiaari 21; Bayus-sia Dortmand, FC Calagne 20; Bayer Lierdinom 19; Nuremberg 18; Waldhal Mont

heim, Scholke, Borusalo M

Managemen 1 3 1—5
Managemen 131, Proprieta 1131, Gariner 1331,
Afficer 1131, Ridley 1271; Anderson (27),
Christian (18), Ridley 1271; Anderson (27),
Kraspiterski (13), Shots on you: Edimenton
(an) Pacific 1 49-4—17; Washington (on Fuhr)

Chieffey (4) Shotson goal: Buffalo ton Chieffey (4) Shotson goal: Buffalo ton Clark 5.39-25; Boston (on Clourier) 7-11-

1 2 1-4 12: Colgory (on Bertmann)

EASTERN CONFERENCE

2 1 2-5

71. Middleton
2 1 2 1-5

72. Middleton
2 1 2 1-5

73. Middleton
2 1 3 1-5

74. Middleton
2 1 3 1-5

75. Middleton
2 1 3 1-5

76. Middleton
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76. Middleton
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77. Middleton
2 1 3 1-5

78. Middleton
2 2 2 3 4 2-17

** Wilkins 16-21 5-8 25. Williss 10-17 4-5 24;

** Vandewephe 7-16-5-6-10, Duckworth 7-12-6-6-10,
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** Vandewephe 7-16-5-6-10, Duckworth 7-12-6-6-10,
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** Vandewephe 7-16-5-6-10, Hellon 11); Allonia 47

** William 16-21 5-8 25. Willi

Philip. Phormocy 75, NYU 73 Corofinas Conference

TOURNAMENTS Big South

Dominguez Hitts St. 70, Col Poly-SLO 55

LA Lekers

(Theus 9); Los Angeles 24 (Drew 7).

N 25 25 4-12 tesafts
29 17 32 29—76
Coffeder 9-11 6-6 24, Vincent 7-13 on 17 E-w29 24 34 32—123
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By Jeremy Gerard New York Times Service

NEW YORK — For more than half his 52 years, the Nigerian writer Wole Soyinka has been admired as a poet, essavist, memoirist and an untiring —and fiercely tested -- social critic. But when in December, he accepted the Nobel Prize in Literature, he addressed the Nobel Foundatioo as a playwright. For Soyinka, in the tradition of political dramatists from Sophocles to George Bernard Shaw, has created a body of theatrical work that embraces poetry, social and political criticism and, of course, memory.

Few of his works employ all of those elements as audaciously as his 1975 play, "Death and the King's Horseman," which is just opening in New York. Set in a Nigerian village during the years of British colonial rule, the play draws on such varied literary devices as poeoc imagery and revuestyle political satire to tell the story of a culture whose religious foundations are being destroyed by exasperatingly smug outsiders.

The play opens with a profusion of chatter as villagers gather in the marketplace to hawk their wares and to plan the rites associated with the recent death of the king. Within that background, however, the words are profuse and epic in dimension; in its language and its mise-en-scène, the play reveals a grilly present against the background of a culture gasping to preserve itself.

Soyinka began his Nobel lecture, which was dedicated to the imprisoned South African freedom fighter Nelson Mandela, by recalling this scene in London, in 1958: A young actor refused, despite his colleagues' frantic importuning, to perform his role as a camp guard complicitous in the murder of 11 prisoners during the Mau Mau uprising against British colonial rule in Kenya.

The theater was the Royal Court, that crucible under George Devine in which a generation of angry playwrights was forged and where Soyinka was a staff script reader. The hrutal theater piece was an improvisation in the style of the Living Theater and the reluctant - and ultimately embit-

course, Sovinka.

Unlike his colleagues together with whom he shared, unquestionably, the same political attitude towards the event which was being represented," Soyinka said, "he found the mode of presentation at war with the ugliness he tried to convey, creating an intense disquiet about his very presence on that stage, in that place, before an audience whom be considered collectively responsible for the dehumanizing actuality."

Beginning his speech with a story nearly 30 years old says a great deal about the writer today. In 1958, Soyinka could not know that his works would be read and performed throughout the world. He certainly did not foresee the ensuing decade, during which he would be imprisoned twice for political activism in his native Nigeria - the second time, beginning in 1967, for 22 months, most of it in solitary confinement.

"We must bear in mind that at the time of presentation, and to the major part of that audience." Soyinka told his colleagues, "every death of a freedom fighter was a notch on e gun, the death of a fiend, an animal, a besulal mutant, not the martyrdom of a patriot.

"We know also, however, that such efforts can provoke changes. that an actualization of the statistical, journalistic footnote can arouse revulsion in the complacent mind, leading to the beginning of a commitment to redress."

Soyinka's outspokenness and unrelenting belief in the power of art to transform remain the deepest-held beliefs of a writer not known for pulling his punches. Whether arguing for the artistic freedom of his countrymen, or for the declaration of Kiswahili as the universal African language - or defending his decision as head of an international theater organization to cancel a presentation by one of his constituents - Sovinka is and always has been a man

arrogant in his passions. There is no question at all that I think the Nobel Prize is for my drama," Soyinka said one recent morning, during a cooversation in the offices of the Lincoln Center Theater before a rehearsal for struggle to live under colonial rule "Death and the King's Horse- and what he recalls as the roiling man." "And I think the prize is a determination of his Yoruha



"I grew up in a very strong theatrical tradition."

literary tradition on which my work is based, by the outside world and by the African world

"I never considered myself a prose writer. My development as a writer is in the theater. I grew up in a very strong theatrical tradition - what you would call the traveling theater, the folk opera, we had always. I think I came to the theater through that love of the medium and only later realized its potential in political terms, as an instrument of social change, as an interpretation of experience - of collective communal experience, historical experience and political experi-

Soyinka was born July 13, 1934, in Abeokuta, near Ibadan in the Nigerian southwest. He was the son of Christians, but it was his Yoruba ancestry that haunted him; in the tension between the

recognition of the whole African ghosts to be heard, Soyinka

first time. Here, for example, he recalls the presence of the ogboni, or village elders (of which his paternal grandfather was one):

and wise, a tanned pouch of Egba history, of its mysteries, memories and insights, or thudded through on warriors' feet, defiant and ran- ism and prolific in his literary cous, broad and compact with unspoken violence. We were afraid hints and whispers, we heard that they sent out child kidnappers whose haul was essential to some of their rites and ceremonies.

forged a literary identity and a cosmology combining the Chris-tian ritual he personally rejected and the Yoruba mythology to which he turned.

These elements dominate his poetry and prose, as well as his plays. In his acclaimed 1981 memoir. "Ake: The Years of Childhood." Sovinka re-created his youth, oot through recollection but as if observing it for the

"The oghoni slid through Ake like ancient wraiths, silent, dark

. . . There was no formal teach-

ing in such matters, but we came to know that in the ogboni reposed the real power of the king and land, oot that power which seemed to be manifested in the prostration of men and women at the feet of the king, but the real power, both supernatural and cabalistic, the intriguing, mid-night power which could make even the king wake up one morning and find that his house posts had been eaten through during his sleep. We looked on them with a mixture of fear and fascination."

Soyinka's other autobiographical effort to date is "The Man Died." An equally unconventional memoir, it is an account of his longer prison ordeal, when, in 1967, he was accused of running guns for the Biafrans (though he never was formally charged, oor was evidence submitted in support of the move). Only after sustained protest by the international literary community was he released nearly two years later.

"I'm not really interested in writing my biography, as such," Soyinka said, "When I set out to write 'Ake,' it was not so much to write an autobiography as to capture - you know, from time to time, you recollect certain passages from childhood, a certain atmosphere of which you were a part and then you see it disap-pear, you suddenly go to a place and you know the smells, which used to be enough. What is it you see today? Very often you don't like what has replaced it.

"To recapture takes quite a while. You have to weit, not only to enter that particular ambience. but to enter through the perception with which you experienced it - in this case, as a child. It was very difficult"

His work, Sovinka said, reflects the divided nature of an essentially private man who has nonetheless chosen a boldly public life. He has been, since the mid-1960s, an international figure, outspoken on behalf of African nationaloutput.

But this is a time, he said, when them. Among other furtive he seeks to step farther from the spotlight. "I want to get back to my town and my typewriter, just get back to work. The only responsibilities I have now are the responsibilities I had before.

LANGUAGE

Critics Absorbed in Self-Absorption

By William Safire

WASHINGTON—The lingo of looking inward is in, especially among reviewers.

In the movie "Nothing in Common," a girl in a

singles bar looks longingly at a handsome adman, played by Tom Hanks, and asks, "Are you involved with anybody?" He volleys the reply: "Does selfinvolved count?"

The New York Times film critic (formerly movie reviewer) Walter Goodman observes of the interestingly conflicted character: "He's simultaneously outer-directed and self-absorbed."

Vincent Canby of The Times, also steeped in cinema syntax, wrote in 1981 that Federico Fellini's gifts were "entangled with his self-absorbed excesses." and Janet Maslin wrote in Newsweek in 1976 that Jeanne Moreau's directorial debut was "a sweetly self-absurbed look at four Parisian actresses." In The Washington Post last year, the critic David Remnick opined, "Rocky IV" may be the most narcissistic film since, well, 'Rocky III.' Stallone . . . is far too dense and self-involved.

The art crioc Michael Brenson borrowed a couple of the most popular examples of inwardese in hailing Leon Golub's work at the New Museum of Contemporary Art in 1984 as "introspective without being selfabsorbed "

And an actress who was herself involved with Woody Allen complained to the Ladies Home Journal that the writer-director-star was 'very much of a womanizer, very self-involved."

This is oot to suggest that only reviewers use inwardese. A media moralizer, castigating the young corruppies of Wall Street, wrote: "These are the insiders with nothing inside, status-worshiping members of a flossed generation, whose self-absorption is complete." Both self-involved and self-absorbed first appeared in the 1840s. In 1842, Alfred, Lord Tennyson wrote in "The Day-Dream" of "the pensive mind . . . all too dearly self-involved."

Sigmund Freud's early work on what he called narcissism, taking the word from the poet Samuel Taylor Coleridge's evocation of the myth of the youth who died of longing for his own reflection in the water, pulled the psychology crowd into the field. More recently Erik Erikson, the identity-crisis man, used "generativity versus self-absorption" to describe the

seventh of his eight stages of man. "Self-absorption involves narcissism," explains the Washington psychotherapist Stephen H. Shere, "while generativity is the acting out of one's responsibilities to the world, such as feeding the starving." Narcissism, within bounds, is not bad: an infant is wholly narcissistic, but, "in secondary narcissism," he says, "we are aware of being separate and learn to invest in

And so, movie reviewers, look inside yourselves before wallowing in trendy inwardese. Is everyone selfinvolved, self-absorbed and narcissistic, in ascendi order of intensity, or might a few characters and directors be merely ruminative, meditative, pensive or just thoughtful or preoccupied?

A NEW department is being created here. We call it the Poetic Allusion Watch (PAW). "The space agency will spend \$9.5 billion for oext

vear's space show," complained a New York Times ditorial. "Instead of reaching to stretch man's grasp.

resonance than the usual muttering is to Robert Browning's 1855 "Andrea del Sarto"— "Ah, but a man's reach should exceed his grasp, / Or what's heaven for?"

Many writers try to enliven and enrich their copy with poetic allusions. Readers who do not catch the allusions are not misled; they just go along not missing what they do not recoming with poetic allusions. Readers who do not catch the allusions are not misled; they just go along not missing what they do not recognize. A reader who does catch the allusion thinks, "How and When the allusion thinks, "How apt! What a good writer to choose a turn of phrase that only a few of me well educated types are familiar with. God, those years in that dreary English class are finally paying off." Thus both reader and writer are served.

The problem, as I see it, is that too many allusions go unnoticed. As a result, writers get discouraged and readers go unenriched. This has caused the allusion rate to fall; prose is losing its poetry. Where can the reader turn for a fast survey of editorials and Op-Ed commentaries that are studded with the echoes of house for writers whose best allusions have gone unnoticed?

Right here. I am aware that the Nitpickers' League will insist that a poetic allusion is an allusion often to mythology, made within a poem, and that what is being referred to here is a hidden reference to poetry,

Another example to prime the thinking pump: Norman Podhoretz entitled an article about anti-Semitism in Commentary magazine "The Hate That Dare Not Speak Its Name." This was a play on the phrase "the love that dare not speak its name." from Oscar Wilde's from the tire! 1894 poem "Two Loves," the same phrase that Wilde used a year later as a emphemism for homosexuality in the rolling. [w.l.* used a year later as a cuphemism for homosexuality in his trial for sodomy.

When you spot an especially sensitive and subtle poetic affusion in some piece of copy, perhaps inserted. gertainty in by a hack speechwriter or group journalist with ayearning to send a message to the movers and shakers via this intellectual fortune cookie, circle the allusion. Then cite the poem (no other type of literary allusions, please; that was in another country, and besides, the wench is dead) and send it to me at PAW, The New York Times Washington Bureau, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C. 20036, USA.

Arthur O'Shaughnessy in his 1874 collection "Music, and Moonlight": Movers and shakers, of course, is from an ode by

We are the music-makers, And we are the dreamers of dreams . . . Yet we are the movers and shakers Of the world for ever, it seems.

All of us can make a mistake, even in making poetic illusions, as I did recently in remarking here that the First Folio of Shakespeare was no longer considered the final word on the text of the Bard but " 'tis enough,-'twill do," Edward R. Curtin of New York City, a PAW founding member, points ont: "Well, 'tis not so deep as a Klong, nor so wide as a Gotcher but us enough, 'twill serve"

New York Times Service

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